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A PARTIALLY ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHY OF COMMERCIALLY EXPLOITED SCALLOPS (PECTINIDAE, RAPHNESQUE 1815)

prepared by

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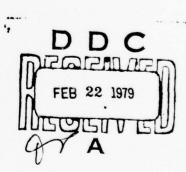
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PREPARATION OF THIS DOCUMENT

On several occasions during the last few years, FAO has received requests for bibliographic information on scallops. Unfortunately, no comprehensive work was available for reference in meeting these requests. Accordingly, when it became known that Mr. Kopinski of the Marine Resources Research Unit of Portsmouth Polytechnic (U.K.) was undertaking such a compilation, FAO agreed to publish the work in order that it could be given a wide distribution to other interested marine laboratories.

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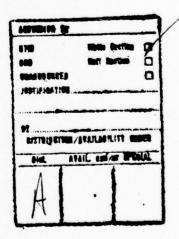
Ropinski, W., A partially annotated bibliography of commercially exploited scallops . 1978 (Pectinidae, Rafinesque 1815). FAO Fish.Circ., (716):158 p.

FAO Fisheries Circular (FAO Fish.Circ.)

A vehicle for distribution of short or ephemeral notes, lists, etc., including provisional versions of documents to be issued later in other series.

CONTENTS

	Page
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	v
INTRODUCTION	vii
BIBLIOGRAPHY	1
ADDENDUM I	91
ADDENDUM II	99
AUTHOR INDEX	111
SUBJECT INDEX	127
TAXONOMIC INDEX	147
INDEX OF SYNONYMS	155



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Edward Kopinski

INTRODUCTION

The bibliography was originally compiled as a reference source for various projects involving the analysis of scallop exploitation, undertaken by members of the Marine Resources Research Unit at Portsmouth Polytechnic, England.

Most titles are listed in alphabetical order of first author's name in both the main body of the bibliography and the addenda, and in chronological order under each author. An author index is provided which allows for exceptions to this rule. The abbreviations of periodical titles are based on those used in the World List of Aquatic Sciences and Fisheries Serial Titles (FAO Fisheries Technical Paper, No. 147). Reference titles in the Roman alphabet are given in the original followed by an English translation. For non-Roman alphabets a transliterated title is given.

Although it is hoped that the bibliography approaches completeness, undoubtedly references will have been inadvertently missed, and information on any omissions or corrections would be gratefully received for inclusion in a supplement. A number of references were taken from bibliographies and were not available for checking in their original form; the correctness of these citations cannot then be guaranteed. These items are marked with an asterisk.

A PARTIALLY ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHY OF COMMERCIALLY EXPLOITED SCALLOPS (PECTINIDAE, RAFINESOUE 1815)

1

2

Abbott, R.T. (1968) New York, Golden Press, 280 p. Seashells of North America

Describes the morphology, size ranges and distribution of molluses, including all the commercial scallop species, found off North American coasts.

Abbott, R.T. (1974) New York, Van Nostrand, 541 p. (rev.ed.) American seashells

Describes the morphology (for identification purposes), size ranges and distribution of molluscs found off the N. American coasts including: Patinopeeten caurinus (Gould), giant Pacific scallop; Chlamus islandicus (Muller), Iceland scallop; Placopeeten magellanicus (Gmelin), Atlantic deep sea scallop; Aequipeeten irradians (Lamarck), Atlantic Bay scallop; Aequipeeten gibbus (Linne), Calico scallop. A. irradians subspecies (A. irradians and A. i. concentricus) are also included.

Abe, S. and T. Kaneda (1975) 3
Bull.Jap.Soc.Sci.Fish., 41(4):467-72
Studies on the effect of marine products on cholesterol metabolism in rats. X. Isolation of B-homobetaine from oyster and betaine contents in oyster and scallop

Describes the experimental procedure involved in the isolation and analysis of B-homobetaine from the Pacific oyster Ostrea giass and the scallop Patinopeaten yessoensis.

Able, K.W. (1973) 4
Copeia, 1973(4):787-94
A new cyclopterid fish, Liraris inavilinus
associated with the sea scallop,
Placopecter magellaricus, in the Western
North Atlantic, with notes on the Liparis
liparis complex

Examination of 6000 specimens collected from sea scallops with which it has commensal relationship, has shown a new species of cyclopterid fish, Liparie inquilinus. References to L. atlantique and L. liparie in scallops have apparently been in error. New species found from Southern Gulf of St. Lawrence to Cape Hatteras, North Carolina.

Ackman, R.G. and H.J. Hinglev (1968) 5 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 25(2):267-84 The occurrence and retention of dimethyl-B-propiothetin in some filter feeding organisms

Determinations of dimethyl-B-propiothetin (DMPT) levels are reported for 10 filter-feeding organisms, 1 browsing mollusc, 1 carnivorous mollusc, and 1 crustacean. Placopecten magellanicus is the browsing mollusc used in these determinations.

6

Alexander, R.McN. (1966) J.Exp.Biol., 44:119-30 Rubber-like properties of the inner ligament of Pectinidae

Describes experiments carried out to determine the rubber-like properties of the inner-ligament of Pectinidae using Pecten maximus and Chlamys opercularis as examples. The results are discussed and comparisons are made with other proteins which show long-range elasticity.

Allen, D.M. and T.J. Costello (1972) 7
NOAA Tech.Rep.NMFS(Spec.Sci.Rep.-Fish.Ser.),
(656):19 p.

The calico scallop, Argopecten gibbus

This report summarises the available information on the biology of, and fishery for the calico scallop Argopecten gibbus. Reports on distribution, environmental factors influencing distribution and growth, areas of abundance, determination of maturation and spawning times, possible causes of mass mortality, and the development of the fishery and its future prospects.

Allen, E.J. (1899) 8

J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 5(4):365-542

On the fauna and bottom-deposits near the thirty-fathom line from the Eddystone grounds to Start Point

Provides data on the distribution near 30 fathom line from Eddystone ground to Start Point of Pecten maximus and P. opercularis. Observations are made on the attachment of P. opercularis spat to hydroids, the associated bottom deposits and the depths at which both species were found.

Allen, J.A. (1953) 9
J.Anim.Ecol., 22:240-60
Observations on the epifauna of the deepwater muds of the Clyde Sea area, with special reference to Chlamys septemradiata (Muller)

C. opercularis and P. maximus mentioned with reference to the distribution and morphology of C. septemradiata.

Allen, J.A. (1962) 10
In The fauna of the Clyde Sea area, edited by
H.T. Powell. Oban, Scottish Marine Biological
Association, 88 p.
Mollusca

Lists locations, habitats, breeding times and brief notes on the fisheries of Mollusca found in the Firth of Clyde including: the scallop P. maximus (L.) and the queen Chlamys (Aequipecten) opercularis (L.).

Allen, J.A. (1965) 11 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 22(4):977-97 Records of Mollusca from the Northwest Atlantic obtained by Canadian fishery research vessels, 1946-1961

Gives the N.W. Atlantic distribution of C. islandicus (Muller) and Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin). Map shows localities from which C. islandicus was collected. New records extend range of living C. islandicus to 250 fath.

Amirthalingham, C. (1928) 12 J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 15(2):605-41 On lunar periodicity in reproduction of Pecten opercularis near Plymouth in 1927-1928

Reports on the effects of the lunar phase of the moon on the reproductive cycle of *Pecten opercularis* in 1927-1928. Information on gonad changes and condition during development, hermaphroditism, the length of the breeding season, and gut content analysis during development of gonad is included. A discussion on suggested reasons for lunar periodicity is also included.

Ansell, A.D. (1974)

Mar.Biol., 25:85-99

Seasonal changes in biochemical composition of the bivalve, Chlamys septemradiata, from the Clyde Sea area

The characteristics of the seasonal cycles of *P. maximus* and *C. septemradiata* are compared in the discussion.

Anthony, R. (1906) 14
Bull.Mus.Oceanogr.Monaco, (85):1-11
Contribution à l'étude du mode de vie et de la locomotion du Pecten (Contribution to the study of life habits and locomotion of Pecten)

Investigates the living habit of the following pectinids: Pecten various (L.), P. opercularis (L.) and P. maximus (L.).

Aomori-ken Suisan Zoshoku 15 Senta (1972)* Fish Cult., (95):88-89 Etude de la coquille Saint-Jacques (A study of the scallop Saint-Jacques) (in Japanese) Aomori-ken Suisan Zoshoku
Senta (1972)*
Fish.Cult., (98):74 and 108
Elevage de la coquille Saint-Jacques (The rearing of the scallop Saint-Jacques) (in Japanese)

Arai, K. (1960)

Bull. Fac. Fish. Hokkaido Univ., (17):91-98

Acid soluble nucleotides in muscle of marine invertebrates. Degradation of adenylic acid in the muscles of scallop and abalone (in Japanese with English abstract)

Describes the rates of degradation of AMP, IMP, AdR and HxR added in crude enzyme of the muscle extract of the scallop Pecten yessoensis and the abalone Haliotis discus hannai studied by ion-exchange chromatographic analysis. The paper also considers the pathway of degradation of ATP in the muscle of the scallop and the abalone.

Aravindakshan, I. (1955) 18 Ph.D. Thesis, Liverpool University, 79 p. Studies on the biology of the queen scallop Chlamys opercularis

Describes investigations carried out on the breeding of *C. opercularis* with particular reference to the development of the gonad and the seasonal histological changes in the gonad. The rate of growth and the possible factors affecting the formation of annual rings are also investigated. Regional growth comparisons of *C. opercularis* are made.

Audouin, J. (1951)*
Nantes, I.S.T.P.M. Serie B, No. 47
Chlamys varia, biologie et pêche (Chlamys varia, biology and fishery)

Audouin, J. and R. Letaconnoux (1953) 20
Ann. Biol., 8:180
Scallop

Baird, F.T. (1953) 21
Res.Bull.Maine Dep.Sea Shore Fish., (14):8-17
Observations on the early life history of the giant scallop (P. magellanicus)

Baird, F.T. (1954)

Res. Bull. Maine Dep. Sea Shore Fish., (16):3 p.

Meat yield of Maine scallops (P.

magellanicus)

Reports dealing with conservation of scallop resources of Maine, U.S.A., with suggestions for increasing yield by modifying fishing gear. Meat yields from scallops of different ages and sizes determined so that optimal size of caught scallop can be determined. Table showing results of meat yield determinations included. Suggestions for increased scallop production, and conservation measures are provided.

Baird, F.T. (1954a) 23 Fish.Circ.Maine Dep.Sea Shore Fish., (14):8 p. Migration of the deep sea scallop (Pecten magellanicus)

Describes a study carried out to determine the possible movement and migratory activity of the scallop *P. magellanicus* (*Placopecten magellanicus* (Gmelin)) using tagging techniques. The results of the tagging operations are discussed.

Baird, F.T. (1956) 24
Bull.Fish.Maine Dep.Sea Shore Fish.(Educ.
Ser.), Unit 2:5 p.
The sea scallop (Placopecten magellanicus)

Baird, R.H. (1952) Fish.News, (2064):9 The English Channel escallop beds

Survey undertaken to determine, so far as possible, the limits and densities of escallop (Pecten maximus) beds off the French and English coasts as a first step towards a revival of the industry in England. Comparisons made with the commercial bed off the coast of Devon.

Baird, R.H. (1955)

J.Cons.Perm.Int.Explor.Mer, 20(3):290-4

A preliminary report on a new type of commercial escallop dredge

The article describes a new type of scallop dredge showing an efficiency of the order of three times that of a standard scallop dredge. The results of trials carried out and other advantages of the dredge are discussed.

30

Baird, R.H. (1958) 27

Proc. Malacol. Soc. Lond., 33(2):67-71
On the swimming behaviour of escallops
(Feater maximue L.)

The behaviour of *Pecten maximus*, under natural conditions, to the approach of, and collection by, a diver is described. The results of experiments, with scallops in aquaria, to determine the swimming movement and recessing ability of scallops are also included.

Baird, R.H. (1960) 28

Rep.Challenger Soc., 3(12):25

Escallops and starfish

Describes the reactions of scallops (Pecten maximus) to mussel and starfish extract in both simulated natural conditions and natural conditions.

Baird, R.H. (1959)

79 Modern fishing gear of the world, edited by H. Kristjonsson. London, Fishing News (Books), pp. 222-4

Factors affecting the efficiency of dredges

The various factors affecting the efficiency of dredges, i.e. diving plates, warp depth ratios, towing speed, type of ground being dredged, are discussed. Results of a preliminary attempt to measure the efficiency of a traditional scallop dredge are included.

Baird, R.H. (1966)

J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 46(1):33-47

Notes on a scallop (Peaten maximus)
population in Holyhead harbour

Reports on the results of sampling of a discrete unfished population of scallops (Pecter maximue) at Holyhead, by diving, to indicate whether an influx into the area of scallops at any age or size other than by spat settlement had occurred. Discusses the selectivity of sampling dredges, growth rates in Holyhead harbour, and the length frequency distribution of the age groups.

Baird, R.H. and F.A. Gibson (1956) 31

J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 35(3):555-62

Underwater observations on scallop Peeten
maximus (L.) beds

Samples of scallops at Port Erin were collected by diving and dredging to determine the length-frequency and age-frequency

distribution of the population. The advantages and disadvantages of the two sampling methods and the results of each are discussed. Movement, distribution and spawning periods are also investigated.

Barber, V.C. and P.N. Dilly (1969) 32 Z.Zellforsch.Mikrosk.Anat., 94:462-78 Some aspects of the fine structure of the statocysts of the molluscs Pecten and Pterotrachea

Describes morphology of statocysts of the molluscs *Pecten* and *Pterotrachea* with the aid of diagrams and electron micrographs. Two different ciliary arrangements are described and the possible importance of cilia and microvilli in the tranduction process is discussed.

Barber, V.C. and M. Land (1966) 33 J. Physiol., Lond., 185:1-2 The physical properties of a biological reflector: the argentea of the eye of Pecten

Barber, V.C., E.M. Evans and 34 M.F. Land (1967) Z.Zellforsch.Mikrosk.Anat., 76:295-312 The fine structure of the eye of the mollusc Pecten maximus

Describes the fine structure of the two light sensitive layers forming the distal and proximal retinae in *P. maximus*. The functions of the argentea (the reflecting layer below the proximal retina) and the pigment cell layer are explained.

Bauer, V. (1913) 35 Zool. Jahro. (Alla. Zool. Physiol. Tiere), 133:127-49

Zur Kenntnis der Lebensweise von Featen jacobaeus L.: im besonderen über die Funktion der Augen (On the knowledge of the habits of Peaten jacobaeus L.: in particular on the function of the eye)

Provides a physiological analysis of the function of the eye in Pecten jacobaeus L.

Bayliss, L.E., E. Boyland and 36 A.D. Ritchie (1930) Proc.R.Soc.Lond.(B Biol.Sci.), 106:363-76 The adductor mechanism of Pecten

Provides the results of experiments carried out to determine the reasons for contracture in isolated slow and fast muscle in *Pecten* (*Pecten magellanicus*, *P. maximus* and *P. opercularis*) and the way in which this can be affected by faradic stimulation.

Bazikalova, A.Y. (1934) 37
Izv. AN S.S.S.R. (Otd. Mat. Est. Nauk), (2/3): 289-394

Age and growth rate in Pecten yessoensis Jay (in Russian, English summary)

Describes a new method, using distinct annual growth patterns on the triangular ligament, for the determination of age and rate of growth of bivalve molluscs using Pecten yessoensis as an example. The effect of the spawning season on the growth rate is determined and the growth rates of P. yessoensis in differing environments are compared and discussed.

Bazikalova, A.Y. (1930)* 38 Rybn.Khoz., 9/11:63-7 Some data on biology and fishery for scallop (Pecten yessoensis Jay)

Bazikalova, A.Y. (1950) 39
Izv.Tikhookean.Nauchno-Issled.Inst.Rybn.
Khoz.Okeanogr./Trans.Pac.Res.Inst.Fish.
Oceanogr., 32:161-3
Some data on scallop reproduction (in Russian)

Beatty, S.A. (1935) 40
Prog.Rep.Biol.Board Can.Atl.Coast Stn.,
(14):14-6
The handling of shucked scallops

This paper discusses the effect of faulty handling of scallops on the returns from the Canadian Atlantic coast fishery. The characteristics of scallops, i.e., survival time of shucked meats, with reference to processing are discussed. The following processing methods are described: (a) effects of washing meats in freshwater; (b) testing for determination of freshwater soaking of meats; (c) correct storage and storage temperatures.

Beaumont, A.R. and 41
L1.D. Gruffydd (1974)
J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 54(3):713-9
Studies on the chromosomes of the scallop
Pecter maximus (L.) and related species

Provides the results of studies carried out into the chromosome pairs of Pecten maximus and other related species, including Chlamys islandicus, C. opercularis, C. varia, Placopecten magellanicus during cell division.

Belding, D.L. (1910)

Massachusetts Commission of Fisheries and Game, special report, 150 p.

A report upon the scallop fishery of Massachusetts, including the habits, life history of Peaten irradians, its rate of growth and other factors of economic value

Belloc, G. (1934)*
Nantes, I.S.T.P.M., 1934, pp. 168-70
La pêche des petoncles (The fishery for queens)

Bernard, F.R. (1972)

Can.J.Zool., 50:53-7. Issued also as

Stud.Fish.Res.Board Can., (1618)

Occurrence and function of lip hypertrophy in the Anisomyaria (Mollusca, Bivalvia)

The labial structures of 36 species (including Pecten courinus and P. maximus) in 24 genera in the Anisomyaria were examined to demonstrate that true hypertrophy occurs only in Pectinidae. Spondylidae and Linunidae. The removal of Propeamussidae from the Pectinidae is suggested. The function of enlarged lips is discussed.

Bhatnagar, K.M. (1972) 45
Fish.Leafl.Dep.Agric.Fish.(Eire), (32):
4 p.
East coast queen fishery 1970

Reports on the results of a queen survey undertaken on the east coast of Ireland during November 1970. An analysis of samples taken from fishing boats, subsequently involved in the fishery, during the 1970 fishing season is also provided.

Bigelow, H.B. and W.W. Welsh (1914)

Boon. Circ. U.S. Bur. Fish., (7)

Opportunity for the new sea scallop fishery off the middle Atlantic coast

Biraud, M. and A. Biraud (1958) 47
Fenn ar Bed (Nouv. Ser.), 13(3):24-32
Les coquilles Saint-Jacques de la rade de
Brest (Scallops off the coast of Brest)

Provides information on the morphology, habitat, locomotion, reproduction, growth and enemies of *Peaten maximus*. Reports on the state of the fishery for *P. maximus* off Brest describing the type of boats and equipment used, fishing methods employed and the salaries of the fishermen. Details of the landings of scallops from 1949-1956 are provided with the values from 1952-56. Accounts of the wholesale and retail trade, primary processing and secondary utilization of scallops are also reported.

Bizio (1866)*

C.R. Hebd. Séances Acad. Sci., Paris, 62:675-8

Sur l'existence du glycogène dans les animaux invertébrés (On the existence of glycogen in invertebrate animals)

The first record of the presence of glycogen in lamellibranchs (Pecten jacobaeus).

Blamberg, D.L. and D.C. O'Meara (1973) 49
Poultry Sci., 12(3):1203-5
Dehydrated scallop viscera, a potential component of poultry rations

Presents an account of analyses performed to determine the proximate composition and amino acid composition of scallop viscera (60% of non-shell protein). The potential value of dehydrated scallop viscera as an ingredient in poultry ration feeds is discussed.

Blaney, D. (1873) 50 Proc.Boston Soc.Nat.Hist., 32:23-42 List of shell-bearing Mollusca of Frenchman's Bay, Maine

Lists 127 species and 5 varieties of shell-bearing Mollusca collected during the summer seasons between 1901 and 1904 by dredging, shore collection, and stomach examination of haddock caught in Frenchman's Bay. Pecten (Placopecten) magellanicus (Gmelin) and P. (Chlamys) islandicus (Muller) are included. The distribution of adult and young specimens

and their sizes is included for P. (Placopecten) magellanicus while the distribution of empty valves is provided for P. (Chlamys) islandicus.

Borden, M.A. (1928) 51
Manuscr.Rep.Ser.Fish.Res.Board Can.,
(350):35 p.
A contribution to the study of the giant
scallop, Placopecten grandis (S.)

Boss, K.J. and A.S. Merrill (1965) 52 Proc. Malacol. Soc. Lond., 36:349-55 Degree of host specificity in two species of Odostomia (Pyramidellidae: Gastropoda)

Provides the results of experiments carried out to determine the degree of host specificity in two species of *Odostomia* using original and selected hosts (including *Placopecten magellanicus* (original) and *Aequipecten irradians* (selected). Relationships between the ectoparasites and the original and selected hosts are reported.

Bourne, N. (1965) 53 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 22(2):3:3-33 A comparison of catches by 3 and 4 inch rings on offshore scallop drags

Provides comparisons of the catches of two offshore scallop drags, with 4" (102 mm) and 3" (76 mm) inside diameter rings used over Georges Bank in 1959 and 1961. It is determined whether delaying the capture of 5 yr. old scallops for a year would increase the annual yield of meats. The effect of increased linkage on catches was also measured.

Bourne, N. (1960) 54
Circ. Fish. Res. Board Can. (Gen. Ser.),
(33):2 p.
Outlook for the Georges Bank scallop
fishery

Provides a history of the Georges Bank scallop fishery since the early 1930's up to 1960. Looks at the present day fishery and the effects of fluctuations in abundance on the fishery and possible reasons for the fluctuations. Landing predictions and a note on future research plans are also included.

Bourne, N. (1965) 55 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 22(5):1137-49 Paralytic shellfish poison in sea scallops (Placopecten magellanicus Gmelin)

This paper provides results of bioassays, for paralytic shellfish poisoning, carried out in sea scallops (*Placopecten magellanicus*) from Georges Bank, southern Gulf of St. Lawrence and Bay of Fundy.

Bourne, N. (1966) 50
Res.Bull.ICNAF, (3):15-25. Issued also as
Stud.Fish.Res.Board Can., (1176):10 p.
Relative fishing efficiency and selection
of three types of scallop drags

Fishing efficiency and selection and five sets of scallop drags (offshore); 3 ft (0.81 m) tumbler; 4 ft (1.22 m) tumbler, 4 inch (102 mm) mesh-trawl net, and 5 inch (127 mm) mesh trawl net, were compared in the Gulf of St. Lawrence (4T) and on Georges Bank (5Z).

Bourne, N. (1969) 5
Tech.Rep.Fish.Res.Board Can., (104):60 p.
Scallop resources of British Columbia

A detailed account of the life history of Pecten (Patinopecten) caurinus Gould considered to be the only potentially commercial scallop species in British Columbia is presented. The results of surveys carried out in 1934, 1960, 1961, 1966, and 1967 to determine the availability of commercial quantities of the scallop are presented and compared with U.S. surveys undertaken outside British Columbia waters. The types of dredges used in the surveys are described and their efficiencies compared. The survey results and the possibility of a Canadian scallop fishery in the Gulf of Alaska are discussed and a general assessment made.

Bourne, N. (1964) 58
Bull.Fish.Res.Board Can., (145):60 p.
Scallops and the offshore fishery of the
Maritimes

A general account of the biology of the sea scallop (Placopecten magellanicus) and the Iceland scallop (Chlamys islandicus) is provided and the development of the offshore fishery for both is described. The types of boats and gear used and their operation within the fishery is also reported. The

nature of some of the problems encountered in the fishery, and the necessity for further research are discussed.

Bourne, N. and E.G. Bligh (1965) 59 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 22(3):861-4 Orange-red meats in sea scallops

Provides the results of a study carried out to assess the intensity of pigmentation, the distribution and abundance of the colour, and the compounds causing the colouration in orange-red scallop meats from grounds in the N.W. Atlantic. The relationships between sex and colour, size and colour and the effect of the areas where found are also reported. Analyses of the meats were carried out to determine whether water, fat, protein content or taste differed from that of white meats.

Bourne, N., E.I. Lord and
A.R. McIver (1965)

Manuser.Rep.Ser.(Biol.)Fish.Res.Board Com.,
(807):52 p.
Gulf of St. Lawrence scallop survey - 1961

Detailed report of Gulf of St. Lawrence scallop survey, 1961.

Bourne, N. and A. McIver (1962) 61 Circ.Fish.Res.Board Can.(Gen.Ser.), (35):4 p. Gulf of St. Lawrence scallop exploration -

Provides results of a survey of 40 areas carried out to search for commercial stocks of sea scallops (*Placopecten magellanicus*) in the southern Gulf of St. Lawrence in July and August 1961. Survey methods, dragging procedure and areas having commercial beds are described. An assessment of the present and future potential of the fishery is also presented.

Bourne, N. and T. Rowell (1966) 62

Manuscr. Rep. Ser. (Biol.) Fish. Res. Board Can.,
(888):14 p.

A comparison of two types of odometers

Bourne, N. and T.W. Rowell (1965) 63

Manuser.Rep.Ser.(Biol.)Fish.Res.Board Can.,
(808):9 p.

Gulf of St. Lawrence scallop survey - 1963

Bourne, N. and T.W. Rowell (1965) 66 Manuscr. Rep. Ser. (Biol.) Fish. Res. Board Can., (809):20 p. Gulf of St. Lawerence scallop survey - 1964

Bowers, A.B. (1967) 65
Annu. Rep. Proc. Challenger Soc., 3(19):48
A sample fleet analysis of the Manx scallop fishery

From the detailed records of three commercial vessels engaged in the Manx scallop *Peaten* maximus fishery catch per unit effort data is presented for the years 1958, 1961 and 1966. An analysis of the figures follows.

Brand, A.R. and D. Roberts (1973) 66

J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol., 13(1):29-43

The cardiac responses of the scallop Pecten
maximus (L.) to respiratory stress

Reports on the heart activity of *Pecten maximus* (L.) recorded during various forms of experimentally induced respiratory stress. The results are compared with previous work on other bivalve species from different geographical areas and habitats, and the mechanisms controlling cardiac and respiratory regulations are discussed.

Brannen, R.E. (1940) 67
Manuscr. Rep. Ser. (Biol.) Fish. Res. Board Can., (374)

The growth rate and age group distribution of the giant scallop in the Bay of Fundy, 1940

Brannen, R.E. (1952) 68
Manuscr.Rep.Ser.(Biol.)Fish.Res.Board Can.,
(473A and B)

A. Preliminary report of the scallop investigation at Digby, Nova Scotia, summer of 1939

B. Report of the scallop investigation conducted by the Fisheries Research Board of Canada during the summer of 1939

Bree, S., D.B. Johnson and 69 H.P. Coughlan (1974) Comp. Biochem. Physiol., (B Comp. Biochem.), 49(4):547-60

Characterisation of aribonuclease from the hepatopancreas of the queen scallop, Chlamys opercularis

Describes the procedures involved in the isolation and purification of a ribonuclease

from the hepatopancreas of *Chlamys* opercularis. The properties of the enzyme are analysed and discussed.

Brienne, H. (1954) 70 Sci. Pêche, 1(15):9-11 Le vanneau (Chlamys opercularis L.) en Manche orientale (The queen scallop, Chlamys opercularis L., in the eastern English Channel)

Describes the morphology, the means of locomotion, the reproduction process, and reports on commercial yields of \mathcal{C} . opercularis obtained from the eastern English Channel. A map showing the distribution of \mathcal{C} . opercularis in the eastern English Channel is also included.

Brockerhoff, H. (1966) 71 Comp. Biochem. Physiol., 19:1-12. Issued also as Stud. Fish. Res. Board Can., (1080): 12 p.

Fatty acid distribution patterns of animal depot fats

Triglyceride analyses are presented in diagrams showing the distribution of fatty acids between the different positions of the tryglyceride. Fats of terrestrial and marine mammals, birds, fish and invertebrates including the sea scallop (*Placopecten magellanicus* Gmelin) are investigated.

Brockerhoff, H. et al. (1968) 72 Lipide, 3:24-9. Issued also as Stud. Fich. Res. Board Can., (1226):5 p. Positional distribution of fatty acids in depot triglycerides of aquatic animals

Stereospecific triglyceride analyses performed on fats of aquatic invertebrates (one being *Placopecten magellanicus* Gmelin), freshwater fish, marine fish, marine birds, Amphibia, seals, a whale and a marine turtle.

Brun, E. (1968) 73
Astarte, (32):1-3
Extreme population density of the starfish
Asterias rubens L. on a bed of Iceland
scallop, Chlamys islandica (O.F. Muller)

Short note based on observations made and material collected from four dives made in June-September 1967 in Balsfjord, Nr. Tromso, N. Norway where an extremely

dense belt of Asterias rubens was found. Size and densities, in various parts of the belt, are given. Gonad condition of the starfish are described. The effect of the starfish on the scallop (Chlamys islandicus) bed, over which they were travelling, is reported.

Bryan, G.W. (1971) 74
Proc.R.Soc.Lond., (B Biol.Sci.), 177:389-410
The effects of heavy metals (other than mercury) on marine and estuarine organisms

Refers to the accumulation of heavy metals in the renal organs of Chlamys opercularis.

Bryan, G.W. (1973) 7
J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 53(1):145-66
The occurrence and seasonal variation of trace metals in the scallops Pecten maximus (L.) and Chlamus opercularis (L.)

Compares the concentration of eleven trace metals in the tissues of *P. maximus* (L.) and *C. opercularis* (L.) collected from the same area of the English Channel. Observations were made as to the seasonal changes in concentration of the individual metals in the scallops, the causes of these changes (their implications being discussed). The results obtained for the two pectinids are compared with those in the literature for other species from the family Pectinidae.

Bucquoy, E., P. Dautzenberg and 76 G. Dollfus (1889) Bull. Hydrogr. ICES, (189):61-112 Les mollusques marins du Roussillon II (3); Pelecypodes (Marine molluscs of Roussillon II, (3). Pelecypods)

Provides a historical account of pelecypode nomenclature and includes *Pecten jacobaeus* (*P. maximus*), *P. opercularis* and *P. various*. Morphological descriptions of each species, their habitat and distribution are included. The origin of the species is discussed.

Buddenbrock, W. von (1911) 77
Sitzungsber. Heidelb. Akad. Wiss., 28:1-24
Untersuchungen Über die Schwimmbewegungen und die Statocysten der Gattung Peaten
(Investigations concerning the ciliary movement and the statocysts of the genus Peaten)

Buddenbrock, W. von (1915) 78 2001.Jahrb.(Aug. Zool. Physiol. Tiere), 35:301-56

Die Statocysten von *Pecten*, ihre Histologie und Physiologie (The statocysts of *Pecten*, their histology and physiology)

Describes the anatomy and histology, and provides physiological analysis of the statocyst of Peaten, Including Peaten maximus, P. opercularis, P. varius, P. jacobaeus.

Buddenbrock, W. von and 79
I. Moller-Racke (1953)
Pubbl.Stn.Zool.Napoli, (24):217-45
Uber den Lichtsinn von Peaten (Concerning the light perceptiveness of Peaten)

Physiological investigation carried out on the eyes of four spp. of *Pecten*, *Pecten jacobaeus*, *P. opercularie*, *P. variue*, *P. flexuosus*. Describes the aperture and arrangement of eyes, the effects of new environment and differing light intensities by observation of orientation reactions, and reaction to different types of movement.

Buestel, D., J.C. Dao and
A. Muller-Fuega (1974)
In Colloque sur l'acuaculture, Brest,
22-24 October 1973. Paris, CNEXO, Actes
de Colloques, (1):47-60
Resultats preliminaires de l'experience de
collecte de naissain de coquille St. Jacques
en rade de Brest et Baie de Saint-Brieuc
(Preliminary results of the experiments on
spat collection of Pecten maximus in the
Brest Bay and in the Saint-Brieuc Bay)

Provides results of preliminary experiments on the spat collection of *P. maximus* at different water depths, using various types of spat collectors (based on a Japanese model for *P. yessoensis* spat collection). Comparisons are made between Brest harbour and the bay of Saint-Brieuc (France) with reference to the numbers of spat collected at different depths and different locations within the experimental area.

82

Bullis, H.R., Jr. and 81
R. Cummins, Jr. (1961)
Commer.Fish.Rev., 23(10):1-8
An interim report of the Cape Canaveral calico scallop bed

Interim report on the commercial potential of the Cape Canaveral calico scallop (Argopecten gibbus) bed. Fishing gear and sampling methods are described. Depths of commercial concentration of scallops, catch rates during simulated commercial production trials, size distribution meat yields and fluctuations, and the commercial significance of the bed were investigated. A map showing the extent for possible future commercial development of the bed is discussed.

Bullis, H.R., Jr. and R.M. Ingle (1959) Proc. Gulf Caribb. Fish. Inst., 11:75-8 A new fishery for scallops in Western Florida

Paper provides a history of cruise reports from the Gulf of Mexico in the 1950's which led up to the discovery of extensive gulf scallop (Pecten (Aequipecten) gibbus) grounds. Early commercial exploitation is described with reference to type of boats and gear used, the hours worked by the fisherman and the catch rates recorded. Meat yields and meat size variations. spawning seasons and condition of scallops at different times of year with its consequent effect on the fishing seasons are discussed. Shell size frequency and year class data are reported and discussed, as are questions concerning the taxonomy of P. gibbus. An assessment of the future prospects of the fishery is also included.

Bullis, H.R., Jr. and 83
T.D. Love (1961)
Commer.Fish.Rev., 23(5):1-4
Application of steaming and vacuum to shucking and cleaning scallops

Bullis, H.R., Jr. and 84
J.R. Thompson (1965)
Spec.Sci.Rep.USFWS, (510):130 p.
Collections by the exploratory fishing
vessels OREGON, SILVER BAY, COMBAT and
PELICAN made during 1956-1960 in the southwestern North Atlantic

Table giving location and depths of Pectinidae species included.

Burgess, J. (1973) Fish. News, (3113):9 Gear for queens

Provides information on the location of commercial quantities of queen scallops (Chlamys opercularis) in U.K. waters, the boats employed in the fishery and the types of gear used.

85

Butcher, E.O. (1930)

Biol.Bull.Mar.Biol.Lab., Woods Hole,
59:154-64

The formation, regeneration and
transplantation of eyes of Pecten
(Gibbus borealis)

Caddy, J.F. (1968) 87 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 25(10):2123-41 Underwater observations on scallop (Placopecten magellanicus) behaviour and drag efficiency

Estimates the efficiency of an 8 ft scallop drag from population density measurements and direct observation by scuba divers. The response of scallops to movement, and their swimming action when disturbed, and the effect of size on mobility are described. The effects of the drag on the bottom over which it passes are also described.

Caddy, J.F. (1969) 88
In Observations made by St. Andrews staff during submersible operations 1968, edited by A.V. Tyler. Tech. Rep. Fish. Res. Board Can., (102):4-5
Submarine operations over scallop beds near Richibucto

Describes the working of a system developed for the continuous recording of density changes across a scallop (*Placopecten magellanicus*) population and reports on early trials carried out in the field.

Caddy, J.F. (1970) 89 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 27(3):535-49 A method of surveying scallep populations from a submersible

A system is described for continuously recording density changes across a population of benthic organisms from a submersible tested in the Northumberland

92

Strait over a population of scallops (*Placopecten magellanicus*). Information on the distribution of scallops in the area is also provided

Caddy, J.F. (1970) 90
Tech.Rep.Fish.Res.Board Can., (225):
11 p.

Records of associated fauna in scallop dredge hauls from the Bay of Fundy

This report provides a description and preliminary analysis of data obtained during surveys of scallop grounds in Bay of Fundy 1966-67 (Tech.Rep.Fish.Res.Board Can., (168) already described) and the distribution, abundance, and age composition of Placopecten magellanicus. This report summarises data on the associated fauna and scallop epifauna captured in hauls. Description of methods used, notes on distribution of benthic fauna are given. A summary and conclusions section gives advantages and disadvantages of methods used and ways of interpreting the results obtained by this form of sampling.

Caddy, J.F. (1971) 91
ICES Shellfish Benthos Comm.Pap.
CM 1971/K25:8 p.
Efficiency and selectivity of the Canadian offshore scallop dredge

Using a dredge, modified for use as a camera platform, observations were carried out to determine the efficiency and selectivity of the Canadian offshore scallop dredge over two different types of bottom on Georges Bank and in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Caddy, J.F. (1971)

Redbook ICNAF, 1970(3):147-55

Recent scallop recruitment and apparent reduction in cull size by the Canadian fleet on Georges Bank

With the aid of experimental fishing, bottom photography and meat size analyses a report is presented on the status of the Georges Bank scallop *Placopecten magellanicus* fishery. Recent recruitment to the fishery is also determined and discussed.

Caddy, J.F. (1972) 93
J.Exp.Biol.Ecol., 19:179-90
Progressive loss of byssus attachment
with size in the sea scallop Placopecten
magellanicus

Reports on investigations carried out into the relationship between age and byssal attachment in *Placopecten magellanicus*, and the percentage of a particular population attached by byssal threads. The process of byssal attachment, the effect of temperature on the rate of byssal formation, and the effect of attachment on swimming responses is also described.

Caddy, J.F. (1972a) 94
Redbook ICNAF, 1971(3):79-85
Size selectivity of the Georges Banks
offshore dredge and mortality estimate for
scallops from the northern edge of Georges
in the period June 1970 to 1971

Caddy, J.F. (1973) 95
J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 30(2):173-80
Underwater observations on tracks of dredges and trawls and some effects of dredging on a scallop ground

The tracks of three types of fishing gear in bottom sediments were observed from a submersible in the Gulf of St. Lawrence in order to: a) determine whether inshore and offshore scallop dredge and trawl tracks could be distinguished from each other; b) observe the effects of dredging on the bottom and remaining scallops. Percentage mortality per ton is given; c) determine the relative efficiencies of the offshore and inshore Alberton dredges; d) observe the rate of attraction of predatory fish, after the passing of the dredge, to the disturbed bottom.

Caddy, J.F. (1975)

J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 32(8):1305-28

Spatial model for an exploited shellfish population, and its application to the Georges Bank scallop fishery

Provides a spatial model for an exploited shellfish population and applies it to the Georges Bank scallop (*Placopecten magellanicus*) fishery, which differs from existing fisheries models employing the "unit stock" concept.

(1054):15 p.

Georges Bank scallop survey, August 1966: a preliminary study of the relationship between research vessel catch, depth, and commercial effort

Provides the results of a survey of scallop (Placopecten magellanious) populations on the Georges Bank so that a preliminary examination of the relationship between research vessel catch, commercial fishing effort, depth, and bottom types could be made. Catch statistics, fishing intensity, depths, bottom types and deck procedure are described for the two week cruise. Determinations of the mean weight of scallops caught per tow are made and calculated for each of the extremes of fishing effort, depth, and sediment type, while comparisons are made between the catches of the research vessel and those of commercial dredgers.

Caddy, J.F. and R.A. Chandler (1968) 98 Manuscr. Rep. Ser. Fish. Res. Board Can., (965):36 p. Lurcher scallop survey, March 1967

Reports on a survey carried out in an area to the west of Lurcher shoal to determine the distribution of sea scallops, Placopecten magellanious, and their associated fauna, the various sampling techniques being described and discussed. Scallop abundance is reported and recruitment to the area is analysed. The causes of shock marks on scallop shells are also analysed with reference to the size at injury and the densities of injury within the areas surveyed.

Caddy, J.F., R.A. Chandler and 99 E.I. Lord (1970) Tech. Rep. Fish. Res. Board Can., (168): 9 0. Bay of Fundy scallop surveys 1966 and 1967

with observations on the commercial fishery

A report is presented which summarises the results obtained from three cruises to survey the Bay of Fundy scallop (Placopecten magellanicus) grounds in 1966 and 1967. A descriptive history of the fishery precedes description of the survey methods and equipment used. The data obtained is analysed, particular emphasis being placed

on population parameters and the effects of commercial fishing on the distribution of the scallops and effects of injury on individuals. Caddy, J.F. and E.I. Lord (1969) Redbook ICNAF, 1968(3):89-93 Recent developments in the Georges Bank scallop fishery

This report analyses the past, present and future trends in the Georges Bank scallop fishery. Landing statistics and information on the most productive areas is included.

Caddy, J.F. and E.I. Lord (1971) Fish. Can., 23(5):3-7 High price of scallop landings conceals decline in offshore stocks

Provides a history of the Georges Bank scallop fishery giving details of 1960-1970 landings, and prices, reasons for the decline of the U.S. fishery on Georges Bank, fluctuations in recruitment, relationship between age and meat yield, number of vessels fishing and changes in fishing effort. A discussion on the introduction of conservation measures is also included.

102 Caddy, J.F. and C. Radley-Walters (1972) Manuscr. Rep. Ser. Fish. Res. Board Can., (1202):9 p. Estimating count per pound of scallop meats by volumetric measurement

The report describes a simple volumetric device for the estimation of scallop meat counts rapidly and easily and also reports on its accuracy and methods of use. A discussion of the advantages of the device and of the experiments carried out in the field is also included.

Caddy, J.F. and 103 A. Screedharan (1971) Tech. Rep. Fish. Res. Board Can., (256):10 p. The effects of recent recruitment to the Georges Bank scallop fishery on meat sizes landed by the offshore fleet in the summer of 1970

Reports on a survey carried out on the northern edge of Georges Bank to determine the accuracy of reported recruitment to the fishable population. Meat sizes and mean shell sizes were measured and their relationship analysed. Mean weight comparisons are also reported, between recruitment area scallops and those from other areas. The patterns of distribution of fishing effort over Georges Bank are described.

Cake, E. (1973) 104

Proc.Natl.Shellfish Assoc., 63:1 (abstr.)

Larval cestode infections in several edible bivalve mollusks from the vicinity of St. Teresa, Florida

The results of the examinations of 25 specimens of 3 spp. of edible bivalves, Argopecten irradians concentricus, Macrocallista nimbosa and Spisula solidissima raveneli, for larval cestode parasitic infestation are presented. The location of the parasites in the specimens are recorded as are their stages of development. Determinations are made as to whether the parasites are harmful to man. Some cestodeload and host-size relationships are discussed. Reference is made to unpublished work on the 5 cestode spp. based in the same area.

Cameron, A.M. (1975) 105 West.Fish., 39(6):26, 36 Landings down and value up despite increased costs in eastern fisheries

Presents a review of the Canadian east coast fisheries, including scallop fisheries, and provides employment, landings, value and export statistics for 1974.

Cameron, W.M. (1955)*

Ottawa, Ont., National Researcg Council,
Red. Electrical Engineering Division,
(Pam.ERB-378/6):7 p.

An investigation of scallop-drag operation
with underwater television equipment

Carbonneau, J. (1966) 107 Cah. Inf. Stn. Biol. Mar. Grande-Rivière, (38):1-25

Recensement des petoncles (Placopecten magellanicus) et (Chlamys islandicus) aux Iles-de-la-Madelaine en 1966 (A census of the scallops (Placopecten magellanicus and Chlamys islandicus) around the Iles-de-la-Madelaine in 1966)

Carpenter, J.S. (1967) 108

Commer.Fish.Rev., 29(1):47-53

History of scallop and clam exploration in the Gulf of Mexico

Castagna, M. (1975) 109
Mar.Fish.Rev., 37(1):19-24
Culture of the bay scallop, Argopecten
irradians, in Virginia

The paper reviews the natural history of the bay scallop, Argopecten irradians Lamarck, and presents a review of the development of larval and juvenile culture experiments being carried out by the Virginia Institute of Marine Science.

Castagna, M. and W.P. Duggan (1971) 110 Bull.Am.Malacol.Union, (1971):21 p.
Mariculture experiments with the bay scallop, Araopecten irradians, in waters of the seaside of Virginia

Reports on experiments carried out to test the feasibility of utilizing present mariculture techniques to rear Argopecten irradians. Growth rates, the results of induced spawning, depth and density studies are included.

Castagna, M. and W. Duggan (1971) 111
Proc.Natl.Shellfish Assoc., 61:80-5
Rearing the bay scallop, Aequipecten
irradians

Reports on experimental conditioning and spawning stimulation of the bay scallop, Aequipecten irradians, outside of their normal spawning period. Descriptions of materials and experimental procedure employed are included. Records of larvae, early post-set, and adult scallop mortality are reported. The biological feasibility of rearing bay scallops from egg to market size is discussed.

Castell, C.H. and D.M. Bishop (1969) 112 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 26(9):2299-309 Effect of hematin compounds on the development of rancidity in muscle of cod, flounder, scallops, and lobster

Presents the results of experiments in which haemoglobin, catalase, myoglobin, and inorganic iron were added to blended muscle from cod, flounder, scallop (Placopecten magellanicus), and lobster to determine the effects of these various forms of iron on the oxidation of muscle lipids as indicated by increased malonaldehyde and rancid odours.

Castell, C.H., D.M. Bishop 113
and W.E. Neal (1968)
J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 25(5):921-33
Production of trimethylamine in frozen cod
muscle

Reports on investigations into the production of trimethylamine (TMA) in frozen cod fillets and scallop muscle under conditions where bacterial activity could not take place. The effects of different sub-zero temperatures on TMA formation is described.

Castell, C.H., B. Smith
and W. Neal (1970)
J. Fish. Res. Board Can., 27(4):701-14
Effects of transition metal ions on the extractable protein of fish muscles

This paper describes the ability of trace amounts (1-50 ppm) of 12 transition metal ions to bring about changes in fish muscle proteins as indicated by their decreased extractability in salt solution. Also attempts to determine whether this reaction with the protein affects the capacity of these metal ions to catalyse oxidation of the lipids in the muscle, and whether the metal-induced changes in the protein show any considerable difference when the muscle is taken from different species of fish. Placopecten magellanicus muscle is included.

Castell, C.H. and D.M. Spears (1968)

J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 25(4):639-56

Heavy metal ions and the development of rancidity in blended fish muscle

Reports on experiments carried out to determine the comparative effect of heavy metal ions on the development of oxidative rancidity in the blended muscles of a number of different species of commercial fish and other marine animals (including Placopecten magellanicus).

Chanley, P. and J.D. Andrews (1971) 116
Malacologia, 11:45-119
Aids for identification of bivalve larvae of
Virginia

Provides comparative descriptions of the larvae of 23 spp. of marine bivalves grown in the laboratory, the adults of which inhabit the "mid-north Atlantic" coastal areas of the U.S.A. The various aids to identification are described and utilized. Aeguipecten irradians is one of the 23 spp. described.

Cheng, T.C. (1967)

Adv.Mar.Biol., 5:424 p.

Marine molluscs as hosts for symbiosis with a review of known parasites of commercially important species

Informs on the relationships between the following species of pectinids and their symbiont: Pinnotheres maculatus and Aequipecten irradians. Paranisakis pectinis and Pecten maximus. P. pectinis and A. maximus and also A. gibbus. Odostomia seminuda and A. irradians and also Placopecten magellanicus.

Chestnut, A.F. (1951)

In Survey of marine fisheries of North
Carolina, by H.F. Taylor, et al. Chapel Hill,
University of North Carolina Press,
pp. 141-90
Pecten spp. in North Carolina

Chiasson, L.P. (1950)

Manuscr.Rep.Ser.Fish.Res.Board Can.,
 (395):26 p.

Report of scallop investigations and explorations in the southern Gulf of St. Lawrence 1949

Chiasson, L.P. (1951)

Manuscr.Rep.Ser.Fish.Res.Board Can.,

(423):43 p.

Scallop investigations and explorations
in the southern Gulf of St. Lawrence 1950

Chiasson, L.P. (1952) 121
Manuscr.Rep.Ser.Fish.Res.Board Can., (449)
Scallop investigations in the Gulf of
St. Lawrence and off eastern Cape Breton
Island, 1951 (with an appendix by
L.M. Dickie)

Chipman, W.A. (1954)

Proc.Natl.Shellfish Assoc., 45:136-9

On the rate of water propulsion by the bay scallop

Chipman, W.A. and 123 J.G. Hopkins (1954) Biol.Bull.Mar.Biol.Lab.,Woods Hole, 107:80-91

Water filtration by the bay scallop Pecten irradians as observed with the use of radio-active plankton

Reports on investigations into the water filtration rate of the bay scallop, *Pecten irradians* providing information on the materials and methods used. Comparisons between the average filtration rate of both small and large scallops are made. The results of the investigations are discussed.

Choat, J.H. (1960) 124
Fish. Tech. Rep. Minist. Agric. Fish. (N.Z.),
(2):51 p.

Scallop investigation, Tasman Bay 1959-60

Peaten novaezelandiae. Ecology, economics, environment, collecting and general notes.

Chrysler, M.A. (1920) 125 Biennial Rep. Comm. Sea Shore Fish. State Maine, (2):26

Preliminary report on Maine scallop fishery

Reports on possible causes of depletion of scallop stocks in West Penobscot Bay, Maine, U.S.A. From sample drags made in 1917 proportions of live to dead scallops and starfish to scallops are tabulated. Information on the average diameter of scallops is also provided. Recommendations are made for the conservation and improvement of scallop stocks.

Clarke, A.H., Jr. (1964) 126
Bull. Am. Malacol. Union, (30):10 (abstr.)
Variation and subspecific divisions within
Aequipecten irradians Lamarck

Clarke, A.H., Jr. (1965)

Malacologia, 2:161-88

The scallop superspecies Aequipecten irradians (Lamarck)

The paper provides the results of statistical analysis of intra-population morphological variation in Aequipecten (Plagioctenium) irradians leading to definition of 3 subspecies and one closely related but distinct species within the group. Primary characters used to distinguish the variations are given. The distribution of the four recognised taxa; A. amplicostatus (Dall); A. i. concentricus

(Say); A.i. irradians (Lamarck);
A.i. sablensis, is also provided.
Conclusions are presented regarding
phylogeny of subspecies Plagioctenium
in North America, the relationship
between increased valve compression and
increased north latitude in this and
other groups, and the adaptive value of
white right valves and morphological
diversity in terms of apostatic selection.

Clench, W.J. (1973)

Boston, Houghton Mifflin Co., 330 p.,
(2nd ed.)

A field guide to shells of the Atlantic
and Gulf coasts, and the West Indies

Coe, W.R. (1942) 129
Q.Rev.Biol., 18:154-64
Sexual differentiation in mollusks. 1.
Pelecypods

Reports on functional hermaphoditism in Pecten irradians, P. opercularis, P. maximus and P. latiauritus and provides information on the identification of hermaphroditic individuals.

Coe, W.R. (1945)

Trans.Conn.Acad.Arts Sci., 36:673-700

Development of reproductive system and variations in sexuality in Peaten and other pelecypod mollusks

Provides descriptions of the development of the reproductive areas and the variations in sexuality in some pectinids in detail including the following: Pecten irradians Lamarck and P. magellanicus Gmelin. The sexuality of P. opercularis, P. maximus, P. (Chlamys) varia, P. islandicus and P. jacobaeus are also discussed.

Cohen, C., A.G. Szent-Gyorgi 131 and J. Kendrick-Jones (1971)

J.Mol.Biol., 56:223

Paramyosin and the filaments of molluskan "catch" muscles. 1. Paramyosin: structure and assembly

Describes experimental procedures used and the results obtained, to show how the distinctive aggregates formed by paramyosin precipitated with divalent cations reveal significant structural features of the molecule and its interaction properties. Paramyosin was prepared from the adductor muscles of 6 molluscan spp. which included Aequipecten irradians and Placopecten magellanious.

Cole, A. (1965)

In Sea fisheries: their investigation in the United Kingdom, edited by M. Graham.

London, Edward Arnold, pp. 175-7

Benthos and the shellfish of commerce: escallops

Provides information on the distribution, life history, and fisheries for the scallop Pecten maximus and the queen Chlamus opercularis in United Kingdom coastal waters.

Comely, C.A. (1972) 133 J.Cons.CIEM, 34:365-78

Larval culture of the scallop Pecten maximus

Provides a report on the methods used and the results obtained during experiments carried out to obtain viable eggs from the scallop *Pecten maximus* (L.) by conditioning selected individuals, and by inducing spawning of apparently ripe individuals with the aid of physical and chemical stimulation. A discussion of the results is included.

Comely, C.A. (1974) 134 J.Cons.CIEM, 35:281-95 Seasonal variations in the flesh weights and

Seasonal variations in the flesh weights and the biochemical content of the scallop, Pecten maximus L. in the Clyde Sea area

Coomans, H.E. (1973) 135
Basteria, 37:141-3
Pearl formation in Chlamys varia from
Bretagne

Provides a short account which describes blister pearl formation in a specimen of *Chlamus varia* caused by the drilling of a predatory gastropod. Information on the colour size, and location of the pearl is given.

Cooper, R.A. and N. Marshall (1963) 136
Chesapeake Sci., 4:126-34
Condition of the bay scallop, Aequipecten
irradians, in relation to age and the
environment

Investigates the relationship of the muscle volume to a linear measurement of the shell,

in the formula K = muscle volume/shell measurement N, used to compare the condition of bay scallops, Aequipecten irradians, from different environments in the Niantic River, Connecticut. By regression the K^2 -scallop age relationship was also determined.

Costello, T.J. (1971) 137
Bull.Am.Malacol.Union, (1971):22
Aquaculture of mollusks in the Gulf Coast region

Describes experiments carried out on molluscan aquaculture in the Gulf Coast region which includes a short report on the rearing of Argopecten gibbus. The economic feasibility of rearing A. gibbus is discussed.

Costello, T.J. et al. (1973) 138
Proc.Natl.Shellfish Assoc., 63:72-6
Larval culture of the calico scallop,
Argopecten gibbus

Provides the results of induced spawning experiments with mature calico scallops, Argopecten gibbus, and the rearing of the eggs and larvae. Descriptions of the external morphology of the eggs and the developing larval stage are included.

Cottier, R.F. (1967) 139 Auct. Fich. Newel., 26(6):21 Unit fisheries of Australia: southern scallop fishery

Provides information on the general distribution and commercial concentrations of scallops fished in Victoria and Tasmania i.e. Pecten alba, P. meridionalis, Equichlamus bifrons, Mimachlamus asperrimus. Notes on the types of boats and gear used, numbers of crew and operation, measurement of fishing effort, fishing season, fishing bases, regulations, disposal of catch and annual production for the years 1961-66 are also included.

Cottier, R.F. (1967) 140 Aust.Fish.Newsl., 26(6):23 Tasmanian prospects

Looks at the prospects for the Tasmanian scallop fisheries which are based on Pecten meridionalis and Mimachlarys asperrimus. Cottier, R.F. (1967) 141 Aust.Fish.Newsl., 26(6):23 Unit fisheries of Australia: Queensland scallop fishery

Provides information on the general distribution and commercial concentrations of scallop fished in Queensland i.e. saucer scallop Amusium balloti. Notes on the types of boats and gear used, numbers of crew per boat, measurement of fishing effort, fishing season, fishing bases, regulations, disposal of catch and annual production for the years 1960-65 are also included.

Dodge, H. (1952)

Bull. Am. Mus. Nat. Hist., (100):203 p.

The classes Loricata and Pelycypoda. Pt. 1 of a historical review of the mollusks of Linnaeus

Craig, A.K. and N.P. Psuty (1971) 143 Geogr. Rev., 61:125-32 Paleoecology of shell mounds at Otuma, Peru

Cronly-Dillon, J.R. (1966) 144
Science, Wash., 151(3708):345-6
Spectral sensitivity of the scallop Pecten
maximus

Provides a report on investigations into the spectral sensitivity of the scallop (*Pecten maximus*), the shadow index being used as the index of sensitivity. A discussion on the type of photo-receptors present in the scallop and how they compare with those of invertebrates is included.

Culliney, J.L. (1974)

Biol. Bull. Mar. Biol. Lab., Woods Hole, 147:321-32

Larval development of the giant scallop

Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin)

Observations on the spawning temperatures of *P. magellanicus* from Isle of Shoals, New Hampshire and on those in laboratory conditions are reported. Descriptions of the average sizes of developmental stages, and the effects of different temperatures and salinities on these stages are provided. The effects of different physical substrates on settlement of the pediveligers are also discussed.

Cummins, R., Jr. (1971) 146 Spec.Sci.Rep.NOAA/NMFS(Fish.), (627):22 p. Calico scallops of the southeastern United States, 1959-69

Reports on the development of the North Carolina scallop fishery, based on Argopecten gibbus, and its subsequent expansion to the Florida grounds. Sections dealing with scientific explorations carried out, commercial scallop production, the quality of the scallops, and parasitisation of the scallops are included as is a chronological review of the development of processing machinery. Recent developments described include the construction of factory vessels, improvement of shore facilities and the use of the Remote Underwater Fishery Assessment System (RUFAS) for assessing areas of scallop concentrations.

Cummins, R., Jr. and 147
J.B. Rivers (1970)
Commer.Fish.Rev., 32(3):39-43. Issued also as: Natl.Fisherman, Sept.:20A
Calico scallop fishery of southeastern U.S.: a photo review of recent developments

An initial report on four factory type vessels, equipped with machinery which automatically sorts, shucks and eviscerates scallops (Argopecten gibbus), which began operating in 1969. Descriptions of the processing and handling procedures on board the vessels, and on landing are included, as are production statistics for the equipment.

Cummins, R., Jr., J.B. Rivers 148 and P.J. Struhsaker (1962) Commer. Fish. Rev., 24(1):1-9 Exploratory fishing off the coast of North Carolina. September 1959-July 1960

A report on exploratory fishing off the North Carolina coast in 1959-60 is provided. The types of fishing gear used are described as is the suitability of the bottom types over which fishing took place for bottom gear. Areas where commercial concentrations of hard clams and calico scallops (Pecten gibbus) were found are indicated.

Dakin, W.J. (1909) 149
Proc.Liverp.Biol.Soc., 23:333-468
Peaten the edible scallop

Informs on the following aspects of some pectinid species found in European waters although primarily concerned with the commercial species Pecten maximus, P. opercularis: - taxonomy, distribution, bionomics, shell morphology, general organisation and the mantle, musculature, the foot, the gills, the alimentary canal and digestive gland, the blood system, the sense organs, the excretory system, the reproductive organs, embryology and the economic importance.

Dakin, W.J. (1910) 150 0.J.Microsc.Sci., 55:49-112 The eye of *Pecten*

Dakin, W.J. (1928) 151
Proc.R.Soc.Lond.(B Biol.Sci.), 103:355-65
The eyes of Pecten, Spondylus, Amussium and allied lamellibranchs, with a short discussion of their evolution

Dall, W.H. (1886) 152
Bull.Mus.Comp.Zool., 12(6):171-318
Report on the Mollusca. Part 1. Branchiopodes and pelecypodes

Provides an account of the deep-sea Mollusca from the Caribbean Sea and the Gulf of Mexico and a systematic list of the species caught by dredging during 1877-78 and 1879-1890. Also describes the habitat, distribution and morphology of the species.

Dall, W.H. (1889)

Bull.U.S.Nat.Hist.Mus., (37)

A preliminary catalogue of the shell bearing marine molluscs and branchiopods of the S.E. coast of the U.S.A. with illustrations of many of the species

A catalogue of shell bearing marine Mollusca and branchiopods of S.E. coast of U.S.A. which includes *P. magellanicus* (Gmelin), *P. irradians* (Lamarck var. *dislocatus* Say). Morphological descriptions are provided with the aid of illustrations. The northern and southern most extent of their ranges and their distribution within the ranges are also reported.

Dall, W.H. (1889a) 154
Am.Sci.(Ser.3), 38:445-62
On the hinge of pelecypods and its development, with an attempt toward a better subdivision of the group

Determines the merits of using the hinge of pelecypods as a method of providing a better subdivision of the group.

Dall, W.H. (1914) 155
Nautilus, 27(11):121-2
Notes on some west American Pectens

Presents notes and revisions of the nomenclature of some west American pectinids including *Pecten islandicus* Müller, *P. (Patinopecten) caurinus* Gould and *P. yessoensis* Jay.

Dall, W.H. (1933) 156
Nautilus, 47(1):36-7
Two record sizes of Pecten

Dalmon, J. (1935)

Rev. Trav. Off. Pēches Marit., Nantes,
8:268-81

Mollusques. Note sur la biologie du
petoncle (Chlamys varia L.) (Molluscs.
Note on the biology of the scallop,
Chlamys varia L.)

Dalmon, J. (1938)

C.R. Hebd. Séances Acad. Sci., Paris,
207:181-3

Divers modes de sexualité chez les

mollusques lamellibranches de la famille Pectinidae; changement de sexe et hermaphroditisme transitoire chez Chlamys varia L. (Sexual diversity among molluscan lamellibranches of the family Pectinidae; sex alteration and hermaphroditic transition in Chlamys varia L.)

Describes and discusses sexual variation and hermaphroditism in *Chlamys varia*. Comparisons are made with *Pecten maximus* (L.) and *Chlamys opercularis* (L.).

Davenport, C.B. (1900) 159

Am. Nat., 34:863-77

On the variation of the shell of Pecten irradians Lamarck from Long Island

Davenport, C.B. (1903)

In Mark anniversary volume. New York,
Henry Holt, pp. 121-36

A comparison of the variability of some
Pectens from the east and the west coasts
of the United States

Morphological comparisons are made between P. gibbus L. from Tampa, Florida and P. (Plagioctenium) ventricosus Say, from San Diego, California, with reference to their shell sizes and general proportions, and colour markings. Variabilities in the transverse half-diameter of the shells and the symmetry of single values are also described. This material is presented to test the assertion that an important cause of the differences in variability of two lots of animals from different regions is some sort of disimilarity in the physiographic conditions.

Davenport, C.B. (1903a)

Proc.Am.Acad.Arts Sci., 39:123-59

Quantitative studies in the evolution of Pecten. 3. Comparison of Pecten opercularis from three localities of the British Isles

Presents comparisons of shell proportions, the number of rays on the shell, and the correlation coefficients of queens, *Pecten opercularis*, taken from Eddystone, the Irish Sea and the Firth of Forth. Possible physiographical factors contributing to any variations in the queens from the different areas are described, i.e. latitude, temperature and water density.

Davenport, C.B. and
M.E. Hubbard (1904)

J. Exp. Zool., 1:607-16

Studies in the evolution of Pecten. 4. Ray variability in Pecten varius

Determines the number of rays and the variability in ray frequency in *Pecten varius* as compared with other Pecten subgenera, i.e. P. irradians, P. gibbus, P. ventricosus and P. opercularis.

Davenport, J., L1. D. Gruffydd
and A.R. Beaumont (1975)

J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 55:391-409

An apparatus to supply water of fluctuating salinity and its use in a study of the salinity tolerances of larvae of the scallop Peaten maximus L.

The paper describes and illustrates the apparatus which is designed to deliver water at fluctuating salinities. The data obtained illustrates the reliability of the system. Data on the importance of mixing chamber volume to the useable flow rates possible with the apparatus is also provided. Salinity tolerance data (including the effects of abrupt fluctuations) are presented for the larvae of *P. maximus*.

Davidson, J.K. et al. (1971) 164
Gen. Comp. Endocrinol., 17:388-401
Insulin assays and light microscopical
studies of digestive organs in protostomian
and dentierostomian species and in
coelenterates

Davis, R.K. and 165 N. Marshall (1961) Proc.Natl.Shellfish Assoc., 52:25-9 The feeding of the bay scallop, Aequipecter irradians

Identifies diatoms from stomachs of 99 specimens of *Aequipecten irradians* from three different areas. Four possible feeding practices of the scallop are described.

Dawson, D.M. and
S. Jaeger (1971)

Biochem.Genet., 4:1-9

Heterogeneity of phosphoglucomutase

Placopecten magellanicus. Enzyme analysis, genetic variation, iso-enzymes.

Delaunay, J., F. Crensot and
G. Schapira (1974)

Biochimie, 56:189-91

Characterization of the proteins extracted with KCl from eukaryotic ribosomes

Split proteins of ribosomes obtained from the rabbit, the scallop and the kidney bean after extraction with high KCl concs were examined by 2-dimensional polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. The results obtained are presented and discussed.

de Milstein, C.P. (1966) 168
Nature, Lond., 209:614-5
Tryptic digestion of tropomyosin A,
tropomyosin B and myosin

Denton, E.J. (1970) 169
Phil. Trans. R. Soc. (B), 258:285-313
On the organisation of reflecting surfaces in some marine animals

Dickie, L.M. (1950) 170
Prog.Rep.Fish.Res.Board Can.Atl.Coast Stn.,
(49):14-8
Abundance changes in Digby scallops

Dickie, L.M. (1951) 171
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1946

Dickie, L.M. (1952) 172
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(54):12-8
Changes in Digby scallop landings - how and

Dickie, L.M. (1952a) 173 Manuser.Rep.Fish.Res.Board Can., (449):47-55 Hydrography and the cause of mass mortalities in Gulf of St. Lawrence scallops

Dickie, L.M. (1955) 174
J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 12:797-857
Fluctuations in abundance of the giant
scallop, Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin),
in the Digby area of the Bay of Fundy

Provides an analysis of the recorded fluctuations of landings in the Digby scallop fishery since 1920. The different methods used to assess the abundance of stocks are described and discussed, i.e. changes in commercial catches, special "census fishing" techniques combined with marking tests to determine efficiency of fishing gear, submarine photographic surveys and a preliminary marking programme. The reasons for fluctuations in abundance are discussed with relation to water temperature and the circulation of water masses.

Dickie, L.M. (1958) 175 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 15(6):1189-211 Effects of high temperature on survival of the giant scallop

Provides the results of experiments carried out to determine the effects of high temperature on giant scallop (Placopecten

magellanicus) mortalities. The effects of both sudden high and low temperature changes are also investigated.

Dickie, L.M. (1958a) 176
Prog.Rep.Fish.Res.Board Can.Atl.Coast Stn.,
(70):31-3
Recent trends in the scallop fishery of

Analyses the reasons for the greatly increased landings of scallops in eastern Canada during recent years. Trends and scallop research programmes for future years are discussed.

eastern Canada

Dickie, L.M. and 177
L.P. Chiasson (1955)
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Offshore and Newfoundland scallop
explorations

Provides the results of scallop explorations carried out in 1953 off Nova Scotia and Newfoundland. The methods and gear used in the explorations are described. The locations of the most productive scallop fishing grounds are indicated as are non-commercial and potentially viable grounds.

Dickie, L.M. and 178 C.D. MacInnes (1958) Manuscr.Rep.Ser.(Biol.)Fish.Res.Board Can., (650):62 p. Gulf of St. Lawrence scallop explorations -1957

Dickie, L.M. and 179
J.C. Medcof (1963)
J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 20(2):451-82
Causes of mass mortalities of scallops
(Placopecten magellanicus) in the southwestern Gulf of St. Lawrence

Discusses the causes of mass mortalities of scallop populations in the southwest Gulf of St. Lawrence in nine of the years since 1928. Increased water temperatures, concentrations of starfish and sudden temperature fluctuations are related to the times of mass mortalities.

180

182

Dickie, L.M. and
J.C. Medcof (1956)
Can.Fisherman, 43(9):7-9
Environment and the scallop fishery

Reports on larval development, settlement, survival and growth of adults and the effects of different environments on the various Canadian offshore commercial stocks of scallops (*Placopecten magellanicus*).

Dix, T.G. and M.J. Sjardin (1975) 181 Aust.J.Mar.Freshwat.Res., 26:109-12 Larvae of the commercial scallop, Pecten meridionalis from Tasmania, Australia

Morphological descriptions of the fertilised eggs and early larval stages of *P. meridionalis*, reared in the laboratory, are provided, with the aid of photomicrographs. Correlations between shell length and width during shell growth are analysed. A discussion of the results, which includes comparisons between *P. meridionalis* and some European, American and Japanese scallop species is also included.

Dodd, J.R. (1969)
Nature, Lond., 224(5219):617-8
Effect of light on rate of growth of bivalves

Provides the results of experiments carried out to determine the effects of light and dark on the rate of growth of bivalves molluscs including Aequipecten irradians.

Dogiel, J. (1877) 183 *Arch.Mikrosk.Anat.*, 14:59-64 Muskeln u. Nerven Herz. Moll.

Provides descriptions and figures of large cells in the auricle wall of *Pecten maximus*

Doherty, R.M. et al. (1963) 184

Commer.Fish.Rev., 25(7):11-6

Sea scallop industry of Canada

Outlines the background of growth of the Canadian sea scallop industry and assesses the implications of such growth for the U.S. industry centred at New Bedford, Mass.

Doherty, R.M. et al. (1964) 185 Fish. Ind. Res., 2(3):57-79 Economic study of sea scallop production in the United States and Canada

The report presents an assessment of the competitive position of the sea scallop industries of the United States of America and Canada by description and analysis of the industries and of the social and economic milieux in which they operate. Special attention is given to the forces directly affecting production and revenue. The major scallop producing areas of New Bedford (U.S.A.) and Nova Scotia (Canada) provide the major areas for comparison in the report.

Dow, R.L. (1956)

Fish.Circ.Maine Dep.Sea Shore Fish.,

(19):7 p.

The Maine sea scallop fishery

Describes: 1) the commercial history of the sea scallop (Placopecten magellanicus) fishery; 2) the three types of scallop fishery with landings and values of each; 3) biological research carried out between 1949-53; 4) management recommendations; 5) economic factors and their effect on the fishery; 6) fishing efficiency based on dragging experiments; 7) demand and abundance; 8) production trends; 9) possible causes of scallop mass mortalities. A short statement on the future development of the inshore fishery is also provided.

Dow, R.L. (1962) 187 Commer.Fish.Rev., 24(10):1-4 A method of predicting fluctuations in the sea scallop populations of Maine

Dow, R.L. (1964) 188

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A comparison among selected marine species of an association between sea water temperature and relative abundance

Dow, R.L. (1969)

In Encyclopedia of marine resources, edited by F.E. Firth. New York, Van Nostrand, pp. 616-23
Sea scallop fishery

Dow, R.L. (1971)

Natl. Pisherman, June: 17B

Sea temperature key to scallop production long-term figures show close tie in with
landings

Dow, R.L. and F.T. Baird (1960) 191 Spec. Sci. Rep. U.S. Fish Wildl. Serv. (Fish.), (367):9 p. Scallop resources of the United States

Passamaquoddy area

Provides a report of the life history, range and distribution, spawning time, larval and juvenile development, growth and growing areas of the sea scallop *Placopecten magellanicus* of the Passamaquoddy area of Maine. A description of the scallop fishery includes a history of commercial activity. Information on the composition of the catch and comparisons with other scallop areas are made. The effects of oceanographic changes on sea scallops are also reported.

Doyle, J. (1967)*

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The mantle mucin of Pecten maximus (L.)

Drew, G.A. (1906) 193 Univ. Maine Stud., (6):3-71 The habits, anatomy, and embryology of the giant scallop (Peater tenuicostatus Michels)

Drew, G.A. (1907) 194 Biol.Bull.Mar.Biol.Lab., Woods Hole, 12(4):225-59

The circulatory and nervous systems of the giant scallop (Pecten tenuicostatus Mighels), with remarks on the possible ancestry of the Lamellibranchiata, and on a method for making series of anatomical drawings

Dreyer, W.A. and 195
W.A. Castle (1941)
Ecology, 22:425-7
Occurrence of the bay scallop, Pecten
irradians

Provides the results of collections made of locations on Long Island to determine the occurrence of the bay scallop, *Pecten irradians*, after the extensive reduction of eel-grass, *Zostera marina*, by an epidemic attack of a mycetozoan parasite in 1930's.

Drummond, S.B. (1969) 196
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gibbus in the area off Cape Kennedy,
Florida 1960-66

Duclerc, J. and 197
Y. Fauvel (1968)
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Le gisement naturel de pagelines
(Vanneaux) Chlamus opercularis (L.) dans
la region d'Agde-Valras en Languedoc.
Son exploitation (Natural beds of Chlamus opercularis in the region of Agde-Valras in Languedoc. Its exploitation)

Reports on the location of a commercial bed of queens (C. opercularis) between the ports of Agde and Valras (Mediterranean coast of France), on the type of boats and gear used in the fishery, the catch rates attainable, and the problems involved in marketing the live queens. The biological anatomy of C. opercularis is described and the results of investigations into the retention of bacteria in the water by the queens are also presented. Recommendations for management of the fishery are made.

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Growth and survival of the bay scallop

Argopecten irradians, at various locations
in the water column and at various
densities

Dyer, W.J. and 199
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Comparative quality of fresh and of frozen and thawed scallop meats and post-thaw keeping quality during storage at 50C

Cooked scallop meats, prepared from fresh meat which had been stored at different temperatures after thawing meats frozen in prerigor and postrigor state, were examined for changes in physical and organoleptic characteristics. The results of the examination are presented.

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yessoensis in different seasons (in Russian)

Edwards, E. (1971) 201
Resour.Dev.Note,Eire, (3):3 p.
Kish queen survey July 1971

Reports of a survey carried out on the Kish Bank to assess the present condition of the beds of queen scallops (Chlamys opercularis) and the resource available, to carry out biological observations of the catch, and to locate new stocks outside the areas normally worked in the southern Irish Sea. Age composition, gonad and muscle condition and size range figures for the captured queens are provided.

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Spat of the scallop (Pecten maximus L.) from off Port Erin, Isle of Man

Provides descriptions of fauna and flora associated with the spat of *Pecten maximus* found off Port Erin between August 1961 and January 1962. Detailed morphological descriptions of the developing spat are included and comparisons are made with *Chlamys opercularis*. Information on the spawning seasons of *P. maximus* is also provided.

Eidemiller, A. (1970) 203 Q.J.Fla.Acad.Sci., 32:266-74 Entry behaviour of the crab Pinnotheres maculatus Say

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Reports on experiments carried out in the laboratory to determine the cadmium uptake of various marine organisms, including the bay scallop, Aequipecten irradians.

Elmhirst, R. (1945) 205 Trans. Buteshire Nat. Hist. Soc., 13:113-6 Clam fishing in the Firth of Clyde

The morphology, habitat, life history, food and feeding habit, and swimming action of *Pecten maximus* and *P. opercularis* are described. The gear employed in the Firth of Clyde (Scotland) fishery is also described while landings of values, for both species, for particular years between 1890-1943 are reported.

Engle, J.B. (1966) 206 Proc.Natl.Shellfish Assoc., 56:13-21 The molluscan shellfish industry current status and trends

Includes a short account of the scallop industry in the U.S.A. Reports on the variations in scallop production figures since 1950. The three commercial scallop species fished in the United States are listed (namely the calico scallop Argopecten gibtus, the bay scallop Aequipecten irradians and the sea scallop Placopecten magellanicus). The distribution of the sea scallop in inshore and offshore waters is reported. A short discussion on the importation of scallops is included.

Evans, J.W. (1969) 207 Am. Zool., 9:775-82, Borers in the shell of the sea scallop Placopecten magellanicus

Provides the results of examinations carried out to determine the species of marine boring organisms that attack the shells of *Placopecten magellanicus*, and the effect of these attacks on the scallops. The effect of temperature on the growth rate of the boring organisms is also investigated.

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Fairbridge, W.S. (1953) 209
Aust.J.Mar.Freshwat.Res., 4(1):1-39
A population study of the Tasmanian
"commercial scallop", Notovola meridionalis
(Tate) (Lamellibranchiata, Pectinidae)

The paper provides a history of the Tasmanian scallop fishery, based on

Notovola meridionalis, up to 1949, and methods employed in the fishery. Investigations into the age structure, growth and size composition of the scallop populations and the condition of the stock in the D'Entrecasteaux channel are reported.

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Etat de la population des coquilles SaintJacques en rade de Brest en 1952 (The state of the scallop population in Brest Haven

Presents tables showing length/frequency, growth in length, and growth in length of various age groups of *Pecten maximus*, during 1952.

in 1952)

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Les crevettes et les coquilles St. Jacques de la Baie de St. Briene (compte rendu de la mission du ROSELYS) (The prawns and scallops of the Bay of St. Briene. Mission report of the ROSELYS)

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In Municipal waste disposal by shipbourne incineration and sea disposal of residues, edited by M.W. First. Harvard, Harvard University, School of Public Health, 608 p. Section 3. Composition of incinerator residues and analyses of marine organisms

Provides accounts of physical and chemical analyses of samples taken from municipal

incinerators in the Great Boston area. Marine organisms, including *P. magellanicus* exposed to various concentrations of incinerator residue were analysed for trace metal content. Tabulated results are provided.

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Fischer, W. (ed.) (1973) 219 Rome, FAO, vol. 2:pag.var. FAO species identification sheets for fishery purposes. Mediterranean and Black Sea (fishing area 37)

Includes descriptions of the taxonomy, geographic distribution, fisheries and vernacular names of *Proteopecten glaber* (L.), *Pecten jacobaeus* (L.) and *Chlamys varia* (L.).

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Résultats scientifiques des campagnes de la CALYPSO 31. Campagne au large des côtes atlantiques de l'Amerique du Sud (1961-1962). Première partie (suite). 9

Mollusques lamellibranches: Pectinidae (Results of the scientific cruises of the CALYPSO 31. Cruise off the Atlantic coast of South America (1961-1962). First part (cont'd). 9. Molluscs lamellibranches: Pectinidae)

Presents a history of the nomenclature of ten species of Pectinidae, found in Brazilian waters, including Pecten zic zac and Chlamys (Chlamys) tehyelchus.

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Fisheries for 1917-18. Hobart, Tasmania
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The existence of large beds of scallops around the coast of the Isle of Man

Forde, A., W.J.G. Donnelly 225 and D.B. Johnson (1973) Comp. Biochem. Physiol. (B Comp. Biochem.), 46(4):861-5 Some enzymes of the queen scallop Chlamys opercularis

Presents the results of arylsulphatase, β -glucuronidase, β -galatosidase and peroxidase examination in the tissues of *Chlamys* operaularis.

Frair, W. (1962)

Bull. Serol. Mus., (28):8 (abstr.)

Serological studies of scallop blood

Fuji, A. and M. Hashizume (1975) 227 Bull.Fac.Fish.Hokkaido Univ., 25(1):7-19 Energy budget for a Japanese common scallop, Patinopecten yessoensis (Jay), in Mutsu Bay

An energy flow diagram for *Patinopecten* yessoensis (Jay) for a period of one year, using estimates of animal growth, and observations on defaecation and respiration rates, is outlined.

Fullarton, J.H. (1889) 228

Annu.Rep.Fish.Board Scotl., (8):341-51

On the habits of Pecten and on the clambeds of the Firth of Forth

This paper provides information on the morphology, life cycle, distribution and fishery for scallops (Pecten maximus, P. opercularis and P. varius) in the Firth of Forth. Landings and their values and average earnings statistics are also presented. The dangers of overfishing and the adoption of conservation measures are discussed.

Fullarton, J.H. (1890) 229 Annu. Rep. Fish. Board Scotl., (8)Pt.3:290-9 On the development of the common scallop (Pecten opercularis L.)

A morphological and physiological account of the sexual development, spawning (both natural and artificially induced), ovum and embryo development (up to veliger with developing shell, clear vesicles and lobate process) in Chlamys opercularis (L.).

Furukawa, A. (1965) 230 Bol. Estud. Pesca, 5(1):18-30
Técnicas de cultura de peixas, crustáceos e moluscos marinos em águas razas ou inferiores, particularmente de cultura artificial (Techniques in rearing marine fish, crustaceans and molluscs in interior, or shallow waters, specially of artificial cultivation)

Gagne, R. (1975) 231
Rapp.Annu.Dir.Rech.Dir.Gen.Pêches Marit.
(Que.Prov.), (1974):281-6
Exploration des populations de petoncles
d'Islande (Chlamys islandica) aux Ilesde-la-Madeleine en 1974 (Study of
populations of Chlamys islandica at Ilesde-la-Madeleine in 1974)

Reports on the distribution and concentrations of *Chlamys islandica* and *Placopecten magellanicus* on different bottom types at Iles-de-la-Madeleine in 1974. The possibility of the region supporting a commercial fishery is discussed.

Ganong, W.F. (1887)

Bull. Nat. Hist. Soc. New Brunswick,

(6):17-61

The marine Mollusca of New Brunswick

Provides a general account of the marine molluscan fisheries of New Brunswick and distribution of species including the scallops *Pecten islandicus* (Muller, Chemnitz), *P. tenuicostatus* (Mighels and Adams) and *P. magellanicus* (Lam.).

Ganong, W.F. (1889)

Bull.Nat.Hist.Soc.New Brunswick,

(8):3-116

The economic Mollusca of Acadia

Reports on the distribution, habits and

economics of commercial molluscan species of Acadia. The scallop species included are P. tenuicostatus (Mighels and Adams), P. magellanicus (Lam.), P. islandicus (Muller, Chemnitz), P. irradians (Lamarck) and P. concentricus Say).

Gardner, G.R., P.P. Yevich and
P.F. Rogerson (1975)*

In Proceedings of the 1975 Conference on the Prevention and Control of Oil Pollution, San Francisco, CA (U.S.A.). 25 Mar. 1975, pp. 473-7 Morphological anomalies in adult oyster, scallop and Atlantic silversides exposed to waste motor oil

Demonstrates the effect of motor oil, in varying concentrations, on Atlantic silverside (Menidia nenidia), oyster (Crassostrea virginica), and bay scallop (Aequipecten imadians). The variations in sensitivity of each of the three species are compared.

Gates, J.M., G.C. Mattiessen 235 and C.A. Griscom (1974) Mar. Tech. Rep. Ser. Univ. R. I., (18):77 p. Aquaculture in New England

Analyses supply and demand of Aequipecten irradians in relation to the market for sea scallops (Placopecten magellanicus). Also provides an analysis of price elasticity (-2.48), cross price elasticity with sea scallops (+2.06), and estimates of income elasticity from Purcell and Raunikar (1968). The methods employed in the rearing of A. irradians larvae in the laboratory are also included.

Gibson, F.A. (1953) 236 J.Cons.CIEM, 19(2):204-8 Tagging of scallops (Pecten maximus L.) in Ireland

A successful method of tagging escallops (Pecter maximus) giving satisfactory recaptures is described.

Gibson, F.A. (1956)

Sci. Proc. R. Dublin Soc., 27(8):253-71
Escallops in Irish waters (P. maximus)

Reports on the examination of scallops (*Pecten maximus*) captured at a number of points along the south and west coasts of Ireland from 1946-1953. The results of studies on shell-flesh ratios, growth rates,

age composition, spawning, commercial exploitation, size selection of dredges, and tagging experiments are presented.

Gibson, F.A. (1957)

Sea Inland Fish.Rep.Eire, 1957:60-5,
Issued also as: Fish.Leafl.Fish.Div.Eire,
(4a):5 p.
Escallop fishing around Ireland

Gibson, F.A. (1959) 239 J.Cons.CIEM, 24(2):366-71 Notes on the escallop (Pecten maximus L.) in three closely associated bays in the west of Ireland

Meat condition, gonad development, growth rates and size distribution of *Pecten maximus* are determined and analysed from three bays on the north coast of Galway Bay. A relationship between the penultimate size of scallops caught and the gap between the teeth of a traditional type scallop dredge is described.

Gillespie, G.J. (1963) 240 Annu. Rev. Fish. Counc. Can., 18:34-9 The scallop fishery

Gilmour, T.H.J. (1964) 241

J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 44:485

The structure, ciliation and function of the lip apparatus of Linia and Pecten (Lamellibranchi)

Investigates the suggestion that the lips of Linia liaus, L. exeavata and P. maximus have been hypertrophied to retain particulate material being carried from the ctenidia to the mouth, while at the same time allowing the escape of water currents.

Golikov, A.N. and
O.A. Scarlato (1970)

Helgol.Wiss.Meersunters., 20:498-513

Abundance, dynamics, and production
properties of populations of edible
bivalves Mizuhopecten yessoensis and
Spisula sachalinensis related to the
problem of organisation of controllable
submarine farms at the western shores of
the sea of Japan

Provides data on the quantitative distribution, size/weight population

245

structure, size/age relationships, net and average population growth production figures, and seasonal variations of *Mizuhopecten yessoensis* and *Spisula sachalinensis*.
Factors affecting the abundance and artificial increase in abundance are described. The hydrological conditions and biotic background of southern Primorje are also described and their suitability for the spawning and planktonic stages of both species is discussed.

Golikov, A.N. and 243
O.A. Scarlato (1967)
Tr. Zool. Inst., 42:5-154
Molluscs of the Possiet Bay (Sea of Japan)
and their ecology (in Russian)

Describes the ecology, growth rates, environmental salinities and temperatures, and distribution in Possiet Bay (Sea of Japan) of *Patinopecten yessoensis* (Jay).

Gorman, A.L.F. and 244
J.S. McReynolds (1969)
Science, Wash., 165:309-10
Hyperpolarizing and depolarizing receptor
potentials in the scallop eye

Describes intracellularly recorded depolarizing and hyperpolarizing responses to light from different cells in the retina of the scallop A. irradians. Morphological and physiological descriptions of the eye are also provided.

Gould, S.G. (1971)
Palaeontology, 14(1):61-94
Muscular mechanics and the ontogeny of swimming in scallops

The differing ability of scallops (including Placopecten magellanicus and Amusium balloti) to swim during their development is described. Particular reference is made to the mechanics of swimming during isometric growth. Changes in shell shape, muscle size and muscle position during growth are recorded.

Graham, H.W. (1963) 246
Redbook ICNAF, 1963, Pt. 2:104-25
United States research report, 1962

The reasons for the increases in catches of sea scallops (*Placopecten magellanicus*) since 1959 on the Georges Bank fishing

grounds are reported. Both Canadian and United States fishing effort data and landing statistics obtained from the fishery are provided.

Grant, J.F. (1971) 247
Tasm.Fish.Res., 5(2):14-20
Scallop survey - North West Coast,
Tasmania 23 February - 3 March 1971

Grant, J.F. (1971a) 248
Tasm.Fish.Res., 5(2):21-4
Scallop survey - D'Entrecasteaux channel,
Tasmania 11-14 May 1971

Grant, J.F. and 249 K.R. Alexander (1973) Tasm.Fish.Res., 7(2):1-11 The scallop resources of Bass Strait below latitude 39°12' South, 1972/73

Reports on a survey carried out in 1972 and 1973 to determine the distribution, abundance and size composition of the commercial scallop (Pecten meridionalis), the doughboy scallop (Chlamps asterrimus) and the queen scallop (Equichlamps bifrons) in Bass Strait below latitude 39012' south and in depths of less than 40 fathoms. The methods and gear used are described. Length/frequency histograms for the species are provided as are maps showing the areas of capture and tables showing bottom types and species caught at each location.

Grau, G. (1952) 250
Nautilus, Philad., 66:17-9
A new sub-species of Pecten (Plagioctenium)
aibbus (Linné)

Provides a description of a new subspecies of Pecten (Plagioctenium) gibbus named Pecten (Plagioctenium gibbus carolinensis) collected off Port Royal, South Carolina.

Great Britain, Ministry of 251
Agriculture and Fisheries (1938)
Publ. Minist. Agric. Fish. Food G.B.,
(F.G. 14034)
The escallop (Pecten maximus); the queen
(Pecten (Aequipecten) opercularis)

Provides information on P. maximus and P. opercularis under the following

headings: Names - various names used in different parts of U.K.; Notes on identification; Distribution; Natural history and habits; Economic uses; Methods of fishing; Pests and destructive agencies; Statistical - weights and values of British landings 1913-1932.

Great Britain, Ministry of 252
Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (1957)
Lab.Leafl.Minist.Agric.Fish.Food G.B., (15)
The Baird sledge dredge and its handling

Great Britain, Ministry of 253
Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (1965)
Lab. Leafl. (New Ser.) Minist. Agric. Fish. Food
G.B., (5):6 p.
Notes on escallops, and details of the Baird

sledge dredge and its handling

Great Britain, Ministry of 252 Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (1969)* Lab. Leafl. (New Ser.) Minist. Agric. Fish. Food G.B., Scallops (P. maximus) in England and Wales

Groninger, H.S. and 255
K.R. Brandt (1970)
J.Milk Food Technol., 33:232-6
Some observations on the quality of the weathervance scallop (Platinopecten caurinus)

Describes a study carried out to determine the major chemical and physical changes that take place when weathervance scallop meats are stored at $32^{\rm oF}$ for varying time periods and suggests methods to control the undesirable undesirable changes that may take place. The pH, salt solubility, content of adenine nucleotides, phosphorylated sugars, and glycogen were determined on the stored meats.

Gruffydd, L.D. (1966) 256
Rep.Mar.Biol.Stn.Port Erin, (78):35-41
Report on the 1965 search for scallop
(Pecten maximus) beds in the north Irish
Sea

Provides the results of a search carried out over areas around the Isle of Man not previously fished, and compared with one established scallop (*Pecten maximus*) ground. The distribution of year classes in each sample and the average meat weight at each

age were determined and compared with established beds. Conservation measures on established beds are discussed.

Gruffydd, L.D. (1967) 257
Rep. Challenger Soc., 3(19):47-8 (abstr.)
Recent changes in the Manx scallop
fishery

P. maximus - effect of population decrease on the Manx (U.K.) fishing industry.

Gruffydd, L.D. (1972) 258 J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 52:449-55 Mortality of scallops on a Manx scallop bed due to fishing

Reports on the effect of Manx dredges on scallop (Pecten maximus) mortality.

Dredge efficiency and possible modifications for improved efficiency and minimal scallop damage are discussed.

Gruffydd, L.D. (1974) 259

J. Cons. CIEM, 35(3):300-2

The influence of certain environmental factors on the maximum length of the scallop, Pecten maximus L.

Gruffydd, L.D. (1974a) 260 J.Cons.CIEM, 35(2):209-10 An estimate of natural mortality in an unfished population of the scallop Pecten maximus

From samples of scallops (Pecten maximus) taken from thirty of the most productive stations in unfished beds in the north Irish Sea, recruitment and natural mortality estimates are made. An explanation of the total mortality coefficient used is provided.

Gruffydd, L.D. and 261
A.R. Beaumont (1970)
Helgol.Wiss.Meeresunters., 20:486-97
Determination of the optimum concentration of eggs and spermatozoa for the production of normal larvae in Pecten maximus (Mollusca, Lamellibranchia)

Describes experiments carried out, under laboratory conditions, to determine the optimum concentration of ripe gametes for the production of normal *Pecten maximus* larvae. Descriptions of the methods employed in the stimulation of gamete production and egg incubation are included.

Gruffydd, L. D. and 262
A.R. Beaumont (1972)
Mar.Biol., 15(4):350-5
A method for rearing Pecten maximus larvae
in the laboratory

The paper describes a successful technique that has been developed to rear the larvae of *Pecten maximus* (L.) from fertilization to early spat. By storing mature adults at low temperatures until required for spawning, larvae can be produced throughout the year. The temperature, salinity, feeding and egg density requirements in the tanks are reported. The use of antibiotics for the control of bacterial populations in the tanks, and the sterilisation of utensils is described.

Gruffydd, L.D., D.J.W. Lane 263 and A.R. Beaumont (1975) J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 55(2):463-76 The glands of the larval foot in Pecten maximus L. and possible homologues in other bivalves

Describes five identified glands in foot of *P. maximus* and compares the system with those in *Ostrea edulis* and *Mytilus edulis*. The glands are divided into three groups and the function of each group is also described.

Gruvel, A. (1926) 264
Paris, Société d'Editions géographiques,
maritimes et coloniales, 236 p.
Les pêches maritimes en Algérie (The marine
fisheries of Algeria)

Gutsell, J.S. (1928) 265
Rep.U.S. Comm. Fish., 1928, Append.5:173-97
Scallop industry of North Carolina

Provides an account of scallop fishery of North Carolina under the following headings: Reasons for importance of scallop fishery; Historical account - medieval-1918; Extent and value of present day fishery - number employed in fishery, \$ value of boats and equipment; Natural history of the scallop; Food value - chemical analysis of adductor muscle; Distribution of scallop grounds; Apparatus and methods for taking scallop;

Preparation for market - shucking, preparation auction procedures; Marketing - main consumption areas, problems of over production; Prices and wages - wholesale prices, fishermen earnings; Legal regulation of the fishery - closed seasons, licenses; Conservation - active and regulatory conservation, new inlets; Summary.

Gutsell, J.S. (1930) 266
Bull. U.S. Bur. Fish., 46:569-632
Natural history of the bay scallop
(Pecten irradians)

Haas, F. (1926) 267 Tierwelt Nord-und Ostsee, 9:1-96 Lamellibranchia

Provides information on the biological characteristics, systematics, and distribution of Pecten maximus, Chlamys islandicus and C. opercularis.

Haines, K.C. (1973) 268
Aquaculture, 1(4):433
A rapid technique for recording sizes of juvenile pelecypod molluscs

Describes a rapid technique for recording the valve size of bay scallops, Argopecten irradians, using an ordinary photocopier. The advantages of the method are discussed.

Hancock, D.A. and
A.C. Simpson (1962)

In The exploitation of natural animal populations, edited by E.D. Le Cren and
M.W. Holdgate. Oxford, Blackwell, pp.29-50
Parameters of marine invertebrate populations

Yield estimates in exploited populations of *P. maximus*.

Harbison, G.R. (1971) 270
Ph.D. Thesis, Florida State University, 150 p.
Issued also as: *Dies. Abstr. Int.*, 32B:6197
The adenosine deaminases of the bay scallop and several other bivalve molluscs

Describes the methods used to purify the adenosine deaminase from the digestive diverticulam of the bay scallop (Argopecten irradians) and provides results of the

following enzyme studies made: electrophoresis of the purified enzyme; estimation
of molecular weight; spectral properties of
the enzyme; determination of isoelectric
point; stability of enzyme at differing pH;
effect of substrates on the reaction velocity
and the effect of pH on these reactions.
Similar experiments carried out on other
bivalve molluscs for comparison are also
reported.

Harbison, G.R. and J.R. Fisher (1973) 271 Comp. Biochem. Physiol. (B Comp. Biochem.), 46(2):283-93

Comparative studies on the adenosine deaminases of several bivalved molluscs

Compares the enzyme of the bay scallop Argopecten irradians with digestive diverticular adenosine deaminases from Alrina serrata, Modiclus squamosus and Macrocallista rimbosa.

Hardy, R. and J.G.M. Smith (1970) 272 Torry Advis. Note, (46):1-10. Issued also as: Fish. News, (2985):7-8

Catching and processing scallops and queens

Provides descriptions of the morphology of Chlamys opercularis and Pecten maximus and information on the fishery, handling, processing and freezing methods, and waste disposal in the United Kingdom. The composition of the contents of the shell are also analysed.

Harrison, A.J. (1961)*

B.Sc. (Hons.) Thesis, University of Tasmania Annual reproductive cycles in the Tasmanian commercial scallop Notovola meridionalis

Harrison, A.J. (1965) 274

Aust. Fish. Newsl., 24(6):9, 11, 13

Tasmania scallop fishery and its future

Provides a history of the scallop fishery of Tasmania. Presents and discusses catch per unit effort data from the fishery. Future trends are also discussed.

Hart, J.L. (1965) 275

Redbook ICNAF, 1965(2):20-35. Issued also as: Stud. Fish. Res. Board Can., (1024):15 p.

Reports on researches in the ICNAF area in 1964. B. Subareas 4 and 5

Hart, J.L. (1966) 276

Redbook ICNAF, 1966(2):13-24

Reports on researches in the ICNAF area in 1965. 1. Canadian research report, 1965. B. Subareas 4 and 5

Reports on landings, areas fished, fishing effort and research programmes carried out in 1965 into the scallop (*Placopecten magellanicus*) populations of the Atlantic coast.

Hartline, H.K. (1938) 277

J.Cell.Comp.Physiol., 11:465-78

The discharge of impulses in the optic nerve of Pecten in response to illumination of the eye

Describes the physiology of the eye of Pecten (Pecten irradians) with relation to discharge of impulses in the optic nerve, during illumination of the eye, as detected by oscillographic recordings.

Hartnoll, R.G. (1967) 278
Helgol.Wiss.Meeresunters., 15:523-33
An investigation of the movement of the scallop Peaten maximus

Reports on investigations into the movement of *Peaten maximus* in an experimental area off Dunnyneill Island (Strangford Lough, Ireland)

Hasegawa, Y. and
Y. Kuwatani (1974)
In Proceedings of the first U.S.-Japan
Meeting on Aquaculture, Tokyo, Japan,
18-19 Oct. 1971. NOAA Tech.Rep.NMFS Circ.,
(388):3-6

Present status of major marine cultivation and propagation in Hokkaido and some problems of the research activities

Reports on the present status of major marine cultivation and propogation in Hokkaido and some problems of research on the productivity of scallops (Pecter yessoensis) and other organisms.

Havinga, B. (1934)*

In Handbuch Seefischerei Nordeuropas, Krebse und Weichtiere, 3(2):131-3. Issued also as: Transl. Minist. Agric. Fish. Food G.B., (322):24 p.

Kammuscheln (The scallop)

Describes the geographical distribution, structure and function of organs, habitat, swimming habit, propagation, and exploitation of *Pecten maximus* and *P. opercularis*.

Hayashi, K. and M. Yamada (1975) 281
Bull.Fac.Fish.Hokkaido Univ., 26(2):182-91.
Issued also as: Transl.Ser.Fish.Mar.Serv.
Can., (313)

Studies on the lipids of shell-fish. 5. On the component fatty acids in the giant ezo scallop (in Japanese)

Presents studies on the characteristics and the fatty acid compositions of the neutral lipids obtained from the adductor muscles and soft parts of the removed adductor muscle, or digestive diverticula of the giant ezo scallop Patinopeaten yessoensis.

Haynes, E.B. (1966) 282
Res.Bull.ICNAF, (3):32-48
Length-weight relation of the sea scallop,
Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin)

Haynes, E. (1969) 283
In Minutes of Second Alaskan Shellfish
Conference. Other fisheries. Scallops. Inf.
Leafl.Alaska Dep.Fish Game, (135)
Biology of the Pacific coast sea scallops. 88.

Haynes, E. (1969a) 284

Proc.Natl.Shellfish Assoc., 60:14 (abstr.)

Age and growth of giant Pacific sea scallops in the Gulf of Alaska

Reports on the relationship between age and growth in the giant Pacific sea scallop, Patinopecten caurinue. Reasons for differences in growth due to location are discussed.

Haynes, E.B. and C.R. Hitz (1971) 285 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 28(9):1335-41 Age and growth of the giant Pacific sea scallop, Patinopecten caurinus, from the Strait of Georgia and outer Washington coast

Reports on investigations into the growth rate, comparative sizes of scallops (Patinopecten caurinus), and scallop populations from an inshore and offshore area off the Pacific coast of North America.

Haynes, E.B. and J.C. McMullen (1970)

Proc.Natl.Shellfish Assoc., 60:50-3

Relation between meat weight and shell height of the giant Pacific sea scallop, Patinopecten caurinus, from the Gulf of

Equations are presented in which meat weight/shell height relationships are calculated and computed for *Patinopecten caurinus* for two areas in the Gulf of Alaska.

Haynes, E.B. and G.C. Powell (1968) 287
Inf.Leafl.Alaska Dep.Fish Game, (125):20 p.
A preliminary report on the Alaska sea
scallop - exploration, biology and
commercial processing

Between January 6-9 1968 a survey was carried out to the northern edge of Long Island Bank, Alaska to obtain information on the biology of the Alaska sea scallop (Patinopecten caurinus). Particulars on the biology of the scallop were prepared under the following headings: Size distribution - 90% exceeded 5". <3% between 3-42"; Relation between weight of scallop and shucked meat - average of 11.5% meat obtained from scallops; Relation of meat vield to height and age - lowest meat yield from smaller scallops; Optimum yield from 6-7 year olds - 4 fold increase on younger scallops; Sexual development -<3" scallops are immature. Spawning times not determined. Also included in the report is a review of the explorations for sea scallops in Gulf of Alaska, information on incidental catches of king crab in the scallop dredge, comparison of commercial prepared packs of east coast and Kodiak scallops, and a short discussion on the future of the Alaskan sea scallop fishery.

Heincke, F. (1896)*
Wiss.Meeresunt., 1:121
Die mollusken Helgolands (Heligoland molluscs)

Hennick, D.P. (1970) 289 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 27(11):2112-9 Reproductive cycle, size at maturity, and sexual composition of commercially harvested weathervane scallops (Patinopecten caurinus) in Alaska

Comparisons are made between the growth of scallops, *Patinopecten caurinus*, off Yakutat and Kodiak Islands, Alaska.

Hennick, D.P. (1971) 290 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 28(4):608-9 A hermaphroditic specimen of weathervane scallop, Patinopecten caurinus, in Alaska

Provides a morphological description of a rare hermaphroditic specimen of *Patinopecten* caurinus.

Hertlein, L.G. (1969) 291
In Treatise on invertebrate paleontology, edited by R.C. Moore. Lawrence, University of Kansas and Zoological Society of America, 348 p.
Family Pectinidae Rafinesque, 1815

Hertling, H. von (1934) 292

Natur Volk, 64(a):355-62

Kamm-muscheln bei Helgoland (Scallops around Heligoland)

Provides morphological descriptions and size ranges of *Pecten maximus*, *Chlamys opercularis*, *P. jacobaeus*, and *C. varia* off the coast of Heligoland. An account of the swimming action of these pectinids is also provided.

Hess, E. (1934)

Prog.Rep.Fish.Biol.Board Atl.Coast Stn.,

(12):7

Canning scallops

Describes the results of experiments carried out to overcome shredding and darkening of scallop muscles, during canning, due to heat sterilization. Hickson, S.J. (1880) Q.J.Microsc.Sci., 20:443-5 The eye of Pecten

Reports on studies carried out to determine the variations between the anatomies of the eye of *P. maximus*, *P. jacobaeus*, and *P. opercularis*.

294

Hiltz, D.F. (1970) 295 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 27(3):604-6 Occurrence of trigonelline (N-methyl nicotonic acid) in the adductor muscle of a lamellibranch, the sea scallop (Placopecten magellanicus)

With the use of chromatographic runs and absorption spectrum analysis the occurrence of trigonelline in the adductor muscle of Placopecten magellanicus is determined.

Hiltz, D.F. and W.J. Dyer (1970) 296

J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 27(1):83-92

Principle acid-soluble nucleotides in adductor muscle of the scallop (Placopecten magellanicus) and their degradation during postmortem storage in ice

Reports on experiments carried out to identify the principle mucleotides in the adductor muscle of *Placopecten magellanicus* immediately post mortem and to any changes taking place during storage in ice. The possibility of using one of the degradation products as an index of quality is assessed. Degradation processes in the muscle of *P. magellanicus* are compared with those of *Pecten yessoensis*.

Hilts, D.F. and W.J. Dyer (1971) 297 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 28(6):869-74 Octopine in post mortem adductor muscle of the sea scallop (Placopecten magellanicus)

Reports on studies into the rate and extent of octopine formation in post mortem *Placopecten magellanicus* muscle, its association with other major post mortem biochemical changes and of its limitations as an index of quality. Brief comparisons are made with *Pecten maximus*.

Hiltz, D.F. and W.J. Dyer (1973) 298
J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 30(1):45-52
Hexose monophosphate accumulation and related metabolic changes in unfrozen and thawed adductor muscle of the sea scallop (Placopecten magellanicus)

Hiltz, D.F. and T.E. Lightle (1970) 299 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 27(10):1898-900 β -glucuronidase and arylsulphatase in some marine invertebrates of the Canadian Atlantic coast

Presents a survey of the distribution of β -glucuronidase and arylsulphatase in various marine invertebrates (including *Placopecten magellanicus*) of the Canadian east coast, with a view to the possible use of presently unexploited species, or rejected portions of commercial species, as starting materials for the preparation of enzyme concentrates.

Hiltz, D.F., L.J. Bishop and
W.J. Dyer (1974)

J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 31(7):1181-7

Accelerated nucleotide degradation and glycolysis during warming to and subsequent storage at -5°C of prerigor, quick-frozen adductor muscle of the sea scallop (Placopecten magellanicus)

Describes the resulting accumulation of ADP, AMP, FDP, HMP, and octopine during slow warming of prerigor, quick-frozen meat from *P. magellanicus*. Comparisons of freezing point and rates of metabolic activity are made with fish muscle and unfrozen iced scallop muscle. The effects of current commercial distribution marketing practices on the optimal quality of prerigor quick-frozen scallop meats are discussed.

Hippe, E. (1971) 301
Comp.Biochem.Physiol.(B Comp.Biochem.),
40:301-8
Vitamin B₁₂ content in liver tissue and in

Hoff, J.G. (1968) 302
Trans.Am.Fish.Soc., 97:278
Occurrence of Liparis atlanticus in
Aequipecten irradians in Buzzards Bay
Massachussetts

serum from various animal species

Holme, N.A. (1961) 303 J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 41:397-461 The bottom fauna of the English Channel

Holme, N.A. (1966) 304 J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 42(2):401-93 The bottom fauna of the English Channel. Part 2

Reports the patterns of distribution of the bottom fauna of the English Channel, including *C. opercularis*, *P. maximus* and *C. varia*. Environmental conditions in the channel, depth distribution of species, animal associations, the nature of different faunistic boundaries, and changes in the density of the benthos since the 1920's are discussed.

Hudson, J.H. (1972) 305

Proc.Natl.Shellfish Assoc., 62:59-61

Marking scallops with quick setting cement

Provides the results of tests carried out
to determine the suitability of a quick
setting calcium carbonate cement, that
adheres to wet surfaces and hardens under-

Hughes, W.D. (1972)

Aust. Fish., 31(7):12-5

Scallop dredging gear and methods

water, as a marking agent for Argopecten

aibbus.

The article describes in detail the gear and methods used for the dredging of scallops in Australia. The locations of fisheries based on *Pecten alba* and *Amusium balloti* are included.

Hunt, O.D. (1923) 307

J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 13:560-99

The food of the bottom fauna of the Plymouth fishing grounds

By the use of stomach content analyses the different foods taken by the bottom fauna of the Plymouth fishing grounds during different seasons are described. The foods taken by *Pecten opercularis* and *Pecten varius* are included.

Huntsman, A.G. (1931)

Prog. Rep. Biol. Board Can. Atl. Biol. Stn.,

(1):5

Preserving scallops

Hutton, R.F. (1964) 309
Trans.Am.Microsc.Soc., 83:439-47
A second list of parasites from marine and coastal animals of Florida

Provides a list of marine parasites and their hosts. The involvement of Aequipecten gibbus (Linn.) in the life cycle of Porrocaecum pestinis (Cobb) is described.

Hyde, I.H. (1903) 310

Di Mark anniversary volume, New York, Henry
Holt, pp. 471-82

The nerve distribution in the eye of Pecten

Provides morphological descriptions and illustrations of the structural elements of the nerve in the eye of *P. irradians*.

Idler, D.R. and P. Wiseman (1971) 311
Comp. Biochem. Physiol. (A Biol. Physiol.), 38:
581-90. Issued also as: Stud. Fish. Res.
Board Can., (1506):9 p.
Identification of 22-cis-cholesta-5, 22-dien38-ol and other scallop sterols by gas-liquid

chromatography and mass spectrometry

Sterols of *Placopecten magellanicus* (Gmelin) isolated by preparative gas-liquid chromatography and identified by analytical gas-liquid chromatography and mass spectrometry are listed.

Idler, D.R. and P. Wiseman (1972) 312 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 29(4):385-98 Molluskan sterols: a review

This paper presents a review of studies on mollusc sterols and summarises the results obtained. The following pectinids are included: Peaten caurinus, Placopecten magellanicus, Pecten yessoensis, Pecten ponticus, Aequipecten grandis (Placopecten magellanicus).

Idler, D.R., G.A. MacKinnon 313 and A.C. Cox (1970) J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 27(7):1329-31 Further studies on scallop sterols in relation to cholesterol in the chick

Reports on the effects of scallop sterols, incorporated into a diet, on the blood cholesterol concentration of chicks.

Idler, D.R., L.M. Safe
and E.F. MacDonald (1971)
Steroids, 18:545-53. Issued also as:
Stud. Fish. Res. Board Can., (1611):8 p.
A new C-30 sterol (Z)-24-propylidenecholest-5-en-38-ol (29-methylisofucosterol)

Reports on the isolation of a new C-30 sterol (Z)-24-propylidenecholest-5-en-3B-ol from *Placopecten magellanicus* (Gmelin) and the structure of the sterol.

Idler, D.R., G.B. Sangalang and A. Kanazawa (1969)

Gen. Comp. Endocrinol., 12:222-30. Issued also as: Stud. Fish. Res. Board Can., (1969):73-81

Steroid desmolase in gonads of a marine invertebrate, Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin)

Describes the search for well established vertebrate steroid enzyme systems in the sea scallop, *Placopecten magellanicus* (Gmelin).

Idler, D.R., T. Tamura 316 and T. Wainai (1964) J. Fish. Res. Board Can., 21(5):1035-42 Seasonal variations in the sterol, fat and unsaponifiable components of scallop muscles

Presents total fats, unsaponifiable material, provitamin D and sterol determinations from monthly samples of male and female sea scallops *Placopecten magellanicus* (Gmelin) over a period of twelve months.

Idler, D.R., P.M. Wiseman 317 and L.M. Safe (1970)
Steroids, 16:451-61. Issued also as:
Stud. Fish. Res. Board Can., (1459):10 p.
A new marine sterol, 22-trans-24norcholesta-5, 22-dien-38-o1

Reports on the discovery of a new C26-sterol, the first naturally occurring sterol that has been identified as a C26-compound, in the scallop, *Placopecten magellanicus* (Gmelin). The possible occurrence of 22-trans-24-norcholesta-5, 22-dien-38-ol, cholesterol and various other sterols in many marine sterol mixtures is discussed.

Idler. D.R. et al. (1970) 318

J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 27(3):601-3

Scallop sterols are hypochloresterolemic relative to cholesterol for the chick

Reports on the differences in blood chloresterol concentration in chicks when diets are supplemented with 5% chloresterol and 5% scallop sterols.

Idler, D.R. et al. (1976) 319
Steroids, 27(2):155-66
Sterols of scallop. Pt. 2. Structure of unknown sterols by combination gas-liquid chromatography and mass spectrometry

Identifies four sterols isolated from Placopecten magellanicus and distinguishes a fifth newly detected sterol.

Igarashi, H., K. Zama and 320 K. Takama (1961) Bull.Fac.Fish.Hokkaido Univ., 12:196-200 Fatty oil from shellfish (in Japanese, English abstr.)

Composition of extracted fatty oil in P. yesscensis.

Iida, A., I. Araki and
K. Murata (1961)
Buil. Fac. Fich. Hokkaido Univ., 12:151-9
Biochemical studies on muscles of sea animals.
1. On adenylic acid in the boiled liquor with the muscle of the scallop, Pecten yessoensis (in Japanese, English abstr.)
Adenylic acid from muscle of P. yessoensis.

Imai, T. (1953)

Venus, Jap. J. Malacol., 25(3/4):159-67

Mass production of molluscs by means of rearing in tanks

Describes the results of experiments to develop a method of producing juveniles of various molluscs, including the scallop, Patinopecten yessoensis, on a commercial scale. Control and induction of spawning in the molluscs by temperature fluctuations, the culture of food organisms for larval and juvenile stage, and the collection of scallop, oyster and abalone spat for rearing are described in detail.

Imai, T. et al. (1971) 323 Tokyo, Koseisha Koseikaku, pp. 187~263 Sentai kanzen yoshoku (Aquaculture of all species in shallow water) Imai, T. (1972) 324
In Progress in fishery and food science,
University of Washington College of
Fisheries 50th Anniversary volume. Issued
Also as: Publ. Fish. Univ. Wash., (5):181-5
Present status and future prospects of
invertebrate mariculture in Japan

Discusses the technical development of invertebrate mariculture in Japan using four particular species including Patinopeaten yessoensis, as examples. The economic feasibility of the artificial growth of seed is also discussed.

Ingersoll, E. (1886) 325

Am. Nat., 20(12):1001-6

The scallop and its fishery

Reports on the fishery for Pecten irradians and P. tenuicostatus along the east coast of the United States.

Describes the life cycle of P. irradians and provides reasons for the scarcity of P. tenuicostatus along the coast.

Fishing and processing methods, and waste product usage are also reported and employment, gear value, and annual catches and values statistics are provided.

Ito, S. (1964)

Suisan Zoyochoku Sôsho, (Fish. Pro ag.
Ser., Tokyo), (7):40 p.
On the scalloping in Okhotsk Sea (in Japanese)

Ivanov, A.V. (ed.) (1955) 327 Moscow, Sovetskaya Nauka, 355 p. Commercial aquatic invertebrates

Ivanov, A.V. and
A.A. Strelkov (1949)
Vladivostok, Primizdat, Ministerstvo
Rybnoi Promyshlenosti SSSR TINRO, 104 p.
Commercial invertebrates of far-eastern
seas: description of structure and atlas
of anatomy

Jackson, R.T. (1890) 329 Mem. Boston Soc. Nat. Hist., 4(8):277-400 Phylogeny of the Pelecypoda, the Aviculidae and their allies

Describes the anatomy and habit of young Pecten irradians (Lam.) through to

maturity comparing the young with the early growth stages of *Chlamye (Pecten) islandicus*, *P. dislocatus* (Say); *P. magellanicus* (Gmelin); and *P. monotimeris* (Con). The anatomy and habit of young *P. magellanicus* Gmelin are also described in detail.

Jacquotte, R. (1961) 330
Rapp.P.-V.Réun.CIESM, 16:439
Affinités du peuplement des fonds de la mer de Méditerranée (Affinities of the bottom population of the Mediterranean Sea)

Jay, J.C. (1856)*

In Narrative of the expedition of an American squadron to the China Sea and Japan in 1852-54, under the command of Commodore M.C. Perry.

Washington, 2:289-97

Report on the shells collected by the Japan expedition with a list of Japan shells

Provides a morphological description of *P. yessoensis* and information on its distribution.

Jeffreys, J.G. (1863)
London, vol. 2:465 p.
British conchology

Provides morphological descriptions and information on the habitat of British molluscs including Pecten maximus (L), P. various (L), and P. opercularis (L).

Jhingran, V.G. and 333
V. Gopalakrishnan (1974)
FAO Fish. Tech. Pap., (130):83 p.
Catalogue of cultivated aquatic organisms

Provides information on the distribution and biological characters of *Pecten laquaetus* (Sowerby) and *Pecten yessoensis* and reports that artificial culture of scallop spp. is carried on in the Bay of Peter the Great off Vladivostok.

Johannessen, O.H. (1973) 334
Astarte, 6(1):15-20
Age determination in Chlamys islandicus (MUller)

Determines the correlation between seasonal growth lines in the ligament and growth rings on the shell of the Iceland scallop Chlamps islandicus and discusses the advantages in using ligament lines rather than those produced on the shell.

Jones, N.S. (1940) 33 Proc.Trans.Liverp.Biol.Soc., 53:1-34 The distribution of the marine fauna and bottom deposits off Port Erin

Reports on the distribution of the marine fauna, (including Pecten maximus, Chlamys opercularis and C. varia) and describes the bottom deposits of the area off Port Erin, Isle of Man. Comparisons are made between the grounds off Port Erin and those off Plymouth and other areas.

Jones, N.S. (1951) 336 J.Anim.Ecol., 20:132-44 The bottom fauna off the south of the Isle of Man

Reports on the bottom fauna (including Pecten maximus and Chlamys opercularis) found within a 15 mile (25 km.) radius of Port St. Mary, Isle of Man between July 1946 and April 1950. Sampling gear, types of bottom deposit and hydrographical conditions are described. Comparisons between the Isle of Man fauna and that off Plymouth and other areas are made as are biomass estimates.

Jørgensen, C.B. (1946) 337
Medd. Dan. Fisk. - Havunders. (Plankt.), 4(1):
277-311
Lamellibranchia (larvae)

Pectinidae. Provides morphological descriptions of the egg, larval and young bottom stages of lamellibranchs (including Peaten (Chlamys) opercularis (L)) found in the northern part of the Sound (Denmark).

Jutting, T. van Benthem (1943) 338

Fauna Ned., 12:477 p.

Mollusca (1). C. Lamellibranchia (in Dutch)

Describes the distribution, physiology, size ranges, and spawning seasons of the Lamellibranchia distributed along the Dutch boast. Featen maximus, P. opercularis, P. varius are included.

Figures showing the external morphology are also provided.

Kakiuchi, M. and Y. Tsuji (1973) 339 Sci.Rep.Hokkaido Fish.Exp.Stn., (16):55-67 An annual change of the liberation number of the conchospores and growth of the conchocelis of Porphyra yezoensis Ueda, in the shell of Patinopecten yesoensis (Jay) (in Japanese with English summary)

Reports on investigations into the liberation of conchospores from the conchocelis of *Porphyra yezoensis* in the same season for 5 years and observations on the vertical growth of the conchocelis of the same species in the shell of *Patinopecten yessoensis*.

Kan-No, H. and T. Hayashi (1974) 340 NOAA Tech.Rep.,NMFS Circ., (388):23-5
The present status of shellfish culture in Japan

This report describes the changes, and the reasons for the changes, in the types of shellfish product between the years 1964-1974 in Japan. *Patinopecten yessoensis* is one of the species included. Shellfish production and value figures are provided.

Keen, A.M. (1937)
Stanford, California, Stanford University
Press, 87 p.
An abridged check list and bibliography of
west North American marine Mollusca

Kegel, W. (1951) 342 Abh. Senkenb. Naturforsch. Ges., (485):81-6 Diskordanz der schalen bei Pectiniden und Pteriiden (Discordance in the shells of the Pectinidae and Pteriidae)

Kellogg, J.L. (1915) 343 *J.Morphol.*, 26(4):625-701 Ciliary mechanisms of lamellibranchs with descriptions of anatomy

Distribution and physiology of Pecten irradians and P. tenuicostatus are included.

Kellogg, J.L. (1910) 344
In Shell-fish industries. New York, Henry
Holt and Co., Chapter 22:333-51
The scallops

This paper provides information on the life history, swimming habit, relationship to eelgrass and the enemies of *Peaten irradiane* and *P. tenuicostatus*. A discussion on the conservation of the scallop stocks is included.

Kelly, R.E. and R.V. Rice (1967) 345 Science, Wash., 155:208-10 Abductin: a rubber-like protein from the internal triangular hinge ligament of Pecten

Kendrick-Jones, J., W. Lehman and A.G. Szent-Györgyi (1970) J. Mol. Biol., 54:313-26 Regulation in molluscan muscles

Investigates the factors which regulate contraction in molluscan muscles, the smooth and striated muscle of Aequipecten irradians being used in the investigation.

Kendrick-Jones, J. et al. (1968) 347 Science, Wash., 163:1196-8 Paramyosin: molecular length and assembly

Describes the preparation of paramyosin isolated from individual muscle types of *P. irradians* and *Mercenaria mercenaria*. The staining patterns of the paramyosin paracrystals in the electron microscope are described and discussed.

Kim, Y.S. (1969) 348
Bull. Fac. Fish. Hokkaido Univ., 20:60-3
An observation on the opening (of)
bivalve mollusks (sic) by (the) starfish
Asterias amurensis (in Japanese)

Provides determinations of the time required for Asterias amurensis to open several different species of bivalve mollusc (including Patinopecten yessoensis) recorded using Kymograph records.

Particular features of the recordings are discussed.

Kinloch, J. (1951) 349

Trade News, 4(1):6-7

Digby scallops

Reports on the state of the Canadian scallop fishery based on the digby scallop *Placopecten magellanicus*, and provides details of the size of the scallop fleet, the average catches per vessel during the fishing season, descriptions of the boats and gear used in the fishery, and the processing methods used on board the boats. Plans for expansion of the fishery are explained.

Kinoshita, T. (1936) 350

Pamph. Hokka'do Fish. Exp. Stn., (1):62 p.

Hotate-gai no Chishiki (Biology of the scallop)

Kinoshita, T. (1939) 351 Ten-Day Rep. Hokkaido Fish. Exp. Stn., (438):1-9 Study on the diseased scallops produced in water off Shari-machi, Shari-gun (in Japanese)

Kinoshita, T. and Y. Hirano (1935) 352 2001.Mag., Tokyo, 47:1-8
On the food of the scallop, Pecten (Patinopecten) yessoensis Jay in Hokkaido (in Japanese)

Kinoshita, T. and S. Shibuya (1945) 353 Mon. Rep. Hokkaido Fiah. Exp. Stn., (1):467-70 A period of spat collection as a method of artificial breeding of the scallop (in Japanese)

Kinoshita, T. and S. Shibuya (1949) 354 Hoppô shuppansha, 106 p. Hotate-gai no Zôshaku ni Kansuru Kenjyû (Studies on the propagation of the scallop)

Kinoshita, T., S. Shibuya 355 and Z. Shimizu (1943) Bull.Jap.Soc.Sci.Fish., 11:168-70 Induction of spawning of the scallop, Pecten (Patinopecten) yessoensis (Jay) (in Japanese)

Kirby-Smith, W.W. (1970) 356
Ph.D. Thesis, Duke University, Durham, N.C.,
139 p. Issued also as: Diss.Abstr.Int.,
31B:6345

Growth of the scallops, Argopecten irradians concentrious (Say) and Argopecten gibbus (Linné) as influenced by food and temperature

Correlations between chlorophyll a and the concentration of organic carbon and temperature are determined as are correlations between growth rate, temperature and chlorophyll a concentration. Empirically determined equations describe oxygen consumption and filtration rates in relation to temperature and body weight. A linear growth model is also developed relating chlorophyll a concentrations to optimum growth rates. Comparisons are made between the growth, metabolic and filtration rates

in both scallops. The maintenance of recruitment off the North Carolina shelf are discussed.

Kirby-Smith, W.W. (1972) 357 J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol., 8(1):7-18 Growth of the bay scallop: the influence of experimental water currents

Reports on investigations into the effect of controlled water currents on the growth of the bay scallop Aequipecten irradians concentricus (Say) from North Carolina. The data obtained is discussed with reference to the ecology of natural populations of bay scallops and to some of the problems involved in the aquaculture of the species.

Kirby-Smith, W.W. and
R.T. Barber (1973)

Aquaculture, 3:135-45

Suspension-feeding aquaculture systems:
effects of phytoplankton concentration and temperature on growth of the bay scallop

The growth rate of bay scallops (Argopecten irradians) is studied in relation to temperature and phytoplankton concentration. The effects of increased and decreased phytoplankton concentrations, relative to natural levels are described. A mathematical model of scallop growth rate as a function of phytoplankton concentration is proposed as a tool for comparing the functioning of different suspension feeders in aquaculture systems.

Kita, M. and Y. Toyama (1960) 359 J.Chem.Soc.Jap.(Pure Chem.Sect.), 81: 485-9

Sterols of twenty-five species of marine invertebrates in Japanese waters

Korringa, P. (1947) 360
Ecol. Monogr., 17:347-81
Relation between the moon and periodicity in the breeding of marine mammals

From the authors own investigations on the European oyster (Ostrea edulis), and from the results of other investigations on different species of marine animals, results are presented and discussed on the relationship between the moon and periodicity in the breeding of marine

animals. Concise descriptions and discussions concerning the investigations of Amirthalingham (1928) on P. opercularis and Tang (1941) on P. maximus are provided.

Kritchevsky, D. et al. (1967)

J. Food Sci., 32(1):64-6

The sterols of seafood

Presents an analysis of the sterol composition of nine varieties of seafood, including the scallop, by gas-liquid chromatography.

Kruczynski, W.L. (1971) 362 Diss. Abstr. Int., 32B:3078

The relationship of the pea crab, Pinnotheres maculatus Say, with the scallops Argopecten irradians concentricus (Say) and Argopecten gibbus (Linné)

Compares the distribution and abundance of *P. maculatus* with *A. irradians concentricus* and *A. gibsus* with which the crab is commensal. Samples were taken from Bogue Sound, North Carolina. The effect of the presence of the crab within a scallop, on the scallop's growth rate, is discussed.

Kruczynski, W.L. (1972) 363
Chesapeake Sci., 13:218-20
The effect of the pea crab, Pinnotheres
maculatus Say, on the growth of the bay
scallop Argopeaten irradians concentricus Say

Bay scallops, Argopecten irradians concentricus Say, collected from shallow water grass beds in Bogue Sound, North Carolina were opened and inspected for the presence of crabs. The effects of the presence of crabs on the growth of scallops is determined.

Kruczynski, W.L. (1973) 364 Biol. Bull. Mar. Biol. Lab., Woods Hole, 145:482-91 Distribution and abundance of Pinnotheres maculatus Say, in Bogue Sound, North Carolina

Reports on the distribution and abundance of the larval stages and adult pea crab, Pinnotheres maculatus Say, a symbiont found in the mantle of many bivalve molluscs including Argopecten irradians concentricus Say, its most common host. Scallop distribution and abundance in Bogue Sound is also reported. The ways in which crab distribution may be controlled are discussed.

Kupper, M. (1915)

Jena, Gustav Fischer, 312 p.

Entwicklungsgeschichtliche und neurohistologische Beitrage zur Kenntnis der Schorgane am Mantelrande de Pecten-Arten (Ontogenetic and neuro-histological contributions to the knowledge of the eye of the mantle margin of Pecten)

Species studied include Pecten opercularia, P. varius, and P. jacobaeus.

Kusakina, A.A. (1973) 366
Ehkologiya, 4:89-93
Sopryazhennye urovin teploustoichvosti
al'dolazy i kholinesterazy myschechykh
gomogenatov blizkikh vidov vodnykh
zhirotnykh (Linked thermal stability
levels of the aldolase and cholinesterase
of muscle homogenates of similar species

of aquatic animals)

Investigates the correctness of the laws governing the thermal stability of various protein preparations as proposed by B.P. Ushakov. Special reference made to the thermal stability of the aldolases and cholinesterases of 6 pairs of similar aquatic animals, one of which is *Chlamye islandicus*. Confirmation of the Ushakov rule is provided by the data obtained. The linkage of thermal stability levels of proteins in speciation is discussed.

Kuznetzov, A.P., E.D. Korner 367
and N.A. Kholm (1966)
Tr.Inst.Okeanol., 81:179-87
Material to the ecology and the aminoacid composition of proteins in the
commercial bivalve mollusc Pecten maximus
in the region of Plymouth (in Russian
with English summary)

Reports on studies into the ecology and amino-acid composition of *Peaten maximus* from shallow water grounds in the western English Channel. The ability of *P. maximus* to sustain a commercial fishery is discussed, while amino acid composition is determined and compared with other suspension feeding species.

Lamy, E.D. (1929-30) 368 In Faune et flore méditerranéenne, Paris, pag.var. Mollusca

Consists of separate identification sheets for molluscal types found in the Mediterranean, providing morphological descriptions (with plates) and geographical distributions for each type. Includes the following pectinids: Chlamys (Aequipecten) opercularis (Linné), Pecten jacobaeus (Linné), P. (Chlamys) varius (Linné).

Lancashire and Western Sea Fisheries
Joint Committee (1973)

Jt. Comm. Rep. Lancs West Sea Fish., 1972
(quarter ending Dec. 31):3

Queens

Land, M. (1964) 370 J. Physiol., Lond., 175:9-10 The eye of the scallop; a concave reflector

Land, M. (1965) 371 J. Physiol., Lond., 179:138-53 Image formation by a concave reflector in the eye of the scallop Peaten maximus

Land, M. (1966) 372 J. Exp. Biol., 45:83-99 Activity in the optic nerve of Pecten maximus in response to changes in light intensity

Activity in the optic nerve of *Peaten maximus* in response to changes in light intensity and to pattern movement in the optical environment

Examines the responses of the proximal and distal retinae of *P. maximus* to non-directional stimuli and investigates the nature of the activity in the optic nerve in response to patterned stimuli. An attempt is made to rationalise the latter in terms of the effect of the image on single retinal cells. The findings are discussed in relation to the behaviour of *P. maximus*.

Land, M. (1966a) 373

J. Exp. Biol., 45:433-47

A multilayer interference reflector in the eye of scallop, Pecten maximus

Lawrence, K. (1966) 374
Rep. Am. Malac. Union Pac. Div., (1966):19-21
Commercial scalloping (abstr.)

Describes the fishing method employed on a New Bedford commercial scallop dredger fishing for *Placopecten magellanicus*. Cost of new scallop dredger and annual operating expenses are described.

Lear, D.W. and G.G. Pesch (1975) 375

Annapolis Field Office Tech. Rep. U.S.
Environ. Protect. Agency, (15):212 p.

Effects of ocean disposal activities on mid-continental shelf environment off Delaware and Maryland

Provides the results of hydrographic observations made over a twelve month period on two mid-temperate, mid-continental shelf ocean dump sites. The distribution in bottom sediments and the accumulation in marine organisms (including *Placopecten magellanicus*) of toxic materials is reported and discussed.

Le Blanc, J.A. (1966) 376
Ottawa, Department of Fisheries, 6 p.,
(M.S. unpubl.rep.)
Report on scallop fishing trip aboard
dragger MARIA D

Lebour, M. (1938) 377

J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 23:119-44

Notes on the breeding of some

lamellibranchs from Plymouth, and their
larvae

Provides notes on the breeding seasons of Chlamys varia, C. opercularis and other lamellibranchs.

Lecomte, J. (1952) 378

Vie Milieu, 3(1):57-60

Reactions de fruite des pectens en presence des asterides (Reactions of edible pectens in the presence of starfish)

Lee, P.C., J.R. Fisher and 379
P.F. Ma (1973)
Comp.Biochem.Physiol.(B Comp.Biochem.),
46(3):483-6
Immunochemical studies of adenosine
deaminases from several vertebrates and a
mollusc

Presents measured cross-reactivities of adenosine deaminases from 9 higher mammals, one marsupial, bird, amphibian, fish and mollusc. Antisera were prepared against the purified enzyme from bovine intestine and scallop digestive diverticula.

Lee, T. (1973)

Resour. Rec. Pap. Fish. Dev. Div. Ir. Sea Fish.

Board, (23):1-13

Scallop and queen scallop survey along the east and south-east coasts of Ireland, Aug. '72

Lee, T. (1973a)

Resour.Rec.Pap.Fish.Dev.Div.Ir.Sea Pish.

Board, (25):1-13

Scallop survey along the west coast of Ireland - September 1972

Reports on the methods used and the results obtained during a survey carried out in August 1972, to locate beds of queens (Chlamys opercularis) and scallops (Pecten maximus) along the east and south-east coasts of Ireland. Age and size composition of the stocks were determined.

Le Gall, J. (1952) 382 Bull. Inf. Doc. Off. Sci. Tech. Pêches Marit., (73) La coquille Saint-Jacques en rade de Brest (Scallops in Brest Haven)

Léger, L. and O. Duboscq (1925) 383

Arch. Zool. Exp. Gen., 56:88-94

Pseudoklossia pectinis n.sp. et l'origine des adeleidées (Pseudoklossia pectinis n.sp. and the origin of the Adeleidae)

The parasite *P. pectinis* reported from Nephridia of scallop, *Pecten maximus*, is described.

Leibson, N.L. and O.T. Movchan (1975) 384
Mar.Biol., 31(2):175-81
Cambial zones in gills of Bivalvia

Reports on the localisation and intensity of cell division in the gills of nine species

of Bivalvia and on an investigation into DNA synthesis in the gills of two species of mussels and *Misuhopecten yessoensis* using radioautographical techniques.

Leim, A.H. (1932)

Prog.Rep.Biol.Board Can.Atl.Biol.Stn.,
(5):10-1

Successful shipment of frozen fish

Describes shipment of frozen scallops.

Le Pennec, M. (1974) 386

Cah. Biol. Mar., (4):475-83

Morphogenèse de la coquille de Pecten
maximus (L.) elevé au laboratoire
(Shell morphogenesis of Pecten maximus
(L.) reared in the laboratory)

Provides a detailed study of the morphogenesis of the shell and hinge of Pecten maximus reared in the laboratory.

Specific discrimination of a three day old prodissoconch of P. maximus was achieved.

Letaconnoux, R. and J. Audouin (1956) 387
Rev. Trav. Inst. Peches Marit. Nantes,
20(2):133-55
Contribution à l'étude du pétoncle
(Chlamus varia L.) (Contribution to the
study of the scallop, Chlamus varia L.)

Presents an examination of the hydrology of the coastal waters of Brittany, in the La Rochelle region, and describes investigations carried out on variegated scallop (Chlamye varia) stocks in the region. Determinations of the age and size composition of the stocks are made along with growth and natural mortality calculations. The spawning cycle and hermaphroditism in the stocks are also described. Tagging techniques used for determination of the population within the area are reported.

Lever, W.J. (1969) 388 M.sh. Can., 22(5):17-9 Inshore scallop fishery of Northumberland Strait

A review article concerning the inshore scallop fishery of Northumberland Strait, based on *Placopecten magellanicus*. Descriptions of the size of the fishery, gear employed, fishing methods, average size of catch, processing, and the state of the scallop stocks are presented.

Levine, R. et al. (1973) 389
Paper presented to the 13th Annual Meeting of the American Society for Cell Biology, Miami, Florida, 14-17 November 1973. J. Cell Biol., 59(2):192a (abstr.)

Paramyosin content and the structure of invertebrate muscle

Describes the procedures employed in the determination of paramyosin content and structure in invertebrate muscle. Striated adductor muscle of *Aequipecten* spp. was included in the experimental material.

Lew, I.J. (1971a) 390
In Report and proceedings of the National
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the Australian National University, Canberra,
Pt. 1, Report: 37-44
Scallop fishery

Reports on the discussions involved in ten syndicate meetings concerning fishery management, regulations and their effect, gear development and efficiency, effects of licence limitation, marketing, surveying and monitoring of scallop fisheries, fishing methods, abundance of stocks, quality control for domestic markets and the need for management of Pecten alba meridionalis.

Lew, I.J. (1971b) 391
In Report and proceedings of the National
Fisheries Seminar, Dec. 6-10, 1971, held at
the Australian National University, Canberra,
Pt. 2, Proceedings:61-3
A national policy for the scallop fishery

The author comments on the present legislation concerning the Australian scallop industry. The subjects discussed include the imposition of minimum size limits for scallops and scallop dredges, the effects of restricted fishing hours, a policy of free movement for fishing boats and men, and the role of the investor in the fishing industry.

Licciardello, J.J. et al. (1959) 392

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Storage characteristics of some irradiated foods held at various temperatures above freezing. 2. Studies with pork sausage and scallops

Linck, R.W. (1970)

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139:429

A biochemical comparison of ciliary and
flagellar axonemes from the bay scallop
Aequipecten irradians

Linck, R.W. (1973) 394 J.Cell.Sci., 12:345-67 Comparative isolation of cilia and flagella from the lamellibranch molluse, Aequipecten irradians

Linck, R.W. (1973a) 395

J.Cell Sci., 12:951-81
Chemical and structural differences between cilia and flagella from the lamellibranch molluse, Aequipecten irradians

Loosanoff, V.L. and 396
H.C. Davis (1963)
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Rearing of bivalve mollusks

Loosanoff, V.L., H.C. Davis
and P.E. Chanley (1966)
Malacologia, 4:351-435
Dimensions and shapes of larvae of some
marine bivalve molluscs

Lopez-Benito, M. (1956) 398 J.Cons.CIEM, 140(3):36-7 Chemical content of scallops (Pecten jacobaeus)

Reports on studies into the chemical content of *Pecten jacobaeus* sampled fortnightly.

Lovell, M.S. (1867) 399 London, Reeve and Co., 207 p. The edible Mollusca of Great Britain and Ireland with recipes for cooking them

Describes external morphology of *Pecten opercularis*, *P. maximus* and *P. jacobaeus*, and provides information on general distribution, prices paid for scallops during 1860's, common name variations for the individual species, empty shell usage, decorative applications in heraldry, architecture and on coinage.

Lowy, (1954)

J. Physiol., Lond., 124:100-5

Contraction and relaxation in the adductor muscles of Pecten maximus

Reports on spontaneous electrical and mechanical activity in the smooth and striated parts of P. maximus adductor muscle recorded simultaneously and continuously for long periods of time with the animal intact in water. The mechanisms of rapid swimming movements, slow phasic contractions, and the maintenance of a state of tension are described.

Lubet, P. (1951) 401 C.R. Hebd. Séances Acad. Sci., Paris, 233:1680-1 Sur l'emission des gamètes chez Chlamys varia L. (On the emission of gametes in Chlamys varia L.)

Lubet, P. (1953) 402 C.R.Hebd.Séances Acad.Sci., Paris, 236:129-30 Quelques remarques sur le sexe des pectinacés (Moll. Lamellibr.) (Some observations on the sex of some pectinids (Moll. Lamellibr.)

Provides the results of biopsy examinations of *Chlamys varia* to determine the presence of simultaneous or successive hermaphroditism. Hermaphroditic comparisons are made with *Peaten maximus*, *P. operaularis* and *Lima lians*.

Lubet, P. (1953a) 403 C.R. Hebd. Séances Acad. Sci., Faris, 236:235-6 Sur les modalités de l'ejaculation et de la ponte chez Chlamys varia L. (On the modality of ejaculation and spawning in Chlamys varia L.)

Examines the effects of mechanical, thermal and electrical excitation on the ejaculation of gametes in *Chlamys varia*.

Lubet, P. (1955)

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Gycle neurosécrétoire chez Chlamys varia et
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Lubet, P. (1959) 40 Rev. Trav. Inst. Pêches Marit., Nantes, 23(4): 387-584

Recherches sur le cycle sexuel et l'emission des gamètes chez les mytilidés et les pectinidés (Mollusques bivalves) (Investigations on the sexual cycle and gamete emission in the mytilids and pectinids (Molluscs Bivalvia) Lucas, A. (1965)

Ph.D. Thesis, Université de Rennes,
Faculté de Sciences
Sexualité chez les bivalves (Sexuality
in the bivalves)

Lucas, A. (1965a) 407 Bull.Biol.Fr.Belg., 99(2):115-247 Recherche sur la sexualité des mollusques bivalves (Investigations into the sexuality of bivalve molluscs)

Reports on investigations into the sexuality of various species of bivalve mollusc including *Chlamys varia*.

Lucas, A. (1970) 408
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Les mollusques d'un draggage industriel
en rade de Brest (Molluscs from an
industrial dredge in the Brest Bay)

Lucas, A. (1976) 409
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Aspects of the rearing and cultivation of
Venerupis

Lucas, A. and A. Franc (1962) 410 C.R. Hebd. Séances Acad. Sci., Paris, 254: 2671-3

Sur les modalités de l'hermaphrodisme successif chez *Chlamys varia* (On the modality of successive hermaphroditism in *Chlamys varia*)

Lynch, D.D. (1963)
Fish.Contrib.Vict., (13):1-22
Notes on a scallop fishery: a guide for development in Victoria

Provides a chronological account of the Victorial scallop fishery, based on Pecten meridionalis and Equichlamys bifrons, and reports on the biology of the scallops, their predators, the fishing boats and methods employed in capturing them, and the meat yields recorded. The potential of the fishery is reviewed.

Lynch, D.D. (1963a)

Aust.Fish.Newsl., 22(12):20

Tasmanian boats work Port Philip Bay scallop beds

McCarthy, T.V. (1973) 413 Natl.Fishermun, 53(12):5A Two trawlers being readied as scallopers

McCracken, F.D. (1967)

Redbook ICNAF, 1967(2):12-23

[Report on researches in] the ICNAF area in 1967 B. Subareas 4 and 5

Provides the following information on Placepecten magellaricus (Gmelin): total subarea and divisional area landings (Browns Bank, Bay of Fundy, Gulf of St. Lawrence), biological studies carried out during the year and the collection of catch statistics.

McCracken, F.D. (1969) 415
Redbook ICNAF, 1969(2):12-33
[Report on researches in] Area B: Subareas
4 and 5

Provides the following information on *Placopecten magellanicus*: total subarea and divisional area landings, biological studies carried out in 1968, status of the fishery - landings and effort from Georges Bank; special research studies - biological - collection of catch statistics.

McCracken, F.D. (1971) 416

Redbook ICNAF, 1971(2):17-26
[Report on researches in] Area B: Subareas
4 and 5

Provides the following information on Placonecten magellanicus: landings for subareas and divisional areas (landings for Chlamus islandicus are also provided). Distribution of fishing effort of subarea. Mean landed meat sizes for different areas - special research studies - describes experiments carried out with a modified scallop drag with an attached camera. Estimates of standing stock made.

McIntyre, A.D. (1958) 417 Scott.Fish.Bull., (10):18-9 Scallop survey

Presents a review of the scallop (Pecten maximux) fishery in the Clyde area and reports on surveys carried out by the Scottish Home Department during 1956 and 1957 along the west coast of Scotland and in the Clyde area to search for new, commercially viable beds.

McLusky, D. (1973) 418
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The effect of temperature on the oxygen consumption and filtration rate of Chlamys (Aequipecten) opercularis (L.)
(Bivalvia)

Reports on the oxygen consumption and filtration rate of the queen scallop, Chlamps (Aequipecten) opercularis, studied simultaneously in animals of a wide size range, maintained at three different temperatures (5, 10, 20°C) for known periods of acclimation of up to 7 weeks.

MacPhail, J.S. (1954)

Circ.Fish.Res.Board Can.Atl.Biol.Stn.

(Gen.Ser.), (22):4 p.

The inshore scallop fishery of the Maritime Provinces

Presents detailed descriptions of boats, gear and onboard handling methods of scallops in the area of Digby, Bay of Fundy, Canada.

McReynolds, J.S. and 420
A.L.F. Gorman (1970)
J.Gen.Physiol., 56:376-91
Photoreceptor potentials of opposite polarity in the eye of the scallop,
Pecten irradians

McReynolds, J.S. and
A.L.F. Gorman (1970a)
J.Gen.Physiol., 56:392-406
Membrane conductances and spectral sensitivities of Pecten receptors

Mahéo, R. (1968) 422
Cah. Biol. Mar., 9(4):373-9
Observations sur l'anatomie et le
functionnement de l'appareil byssogène
de Chlampe varia (L.) (Observations on
the anatomy and the functioning of the
byssogenous apparatus of Chlamps varia
(L.))

Presents a physiological analysis of the byssogenous apparatus of Chlamys varia $(I_{\rm in})$.

Markovskaya, E.B. (1951) 423

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On the distribution of scallop in Peter the Great Bay (in Russian)

Marshall, N. (1947) 424 Ecology, 28:321-2 Abundance of bay scallops in the absence of eelgrass

Reports on the effect of the disappearance of eelgrass (Zostera marina) on the population size of bay scallops (Pecten irradians) in the Niantic River, W. Connecticut. The possible causes of the change in the size of population are analysed, the effect of the change on the growth of a major local fishery are discussed.

Marshall, N. (1960) 425
Limnol.Oceanogr., 5(1):86-105
Studies on the Niantic River, Connecticut,
with special reference to the bay scallop
Aequipecten irradians

Hydrographic and ecological descriptions of the Niantic River, Connecticut, are provided and the effect of them on the distribution and number of bay scallops (Aequipecten irradians), since the disappearance of eelgrass (Zostera marina), are described. Information on the life cycle, spawning and setting lines and predators of the bay scallops is included. An estimate of the productivity potential of the Niantic River as suggested by scallop yields is presented.

Marshall, N. (1961)

Technical paper presented at the Annual
Convention of the National Shellfisheries
Association, Baltimore, Maryland, July 30August 2, 1961
Suspended matter within one-half inch of the
bottom as related to the food of scallops

Marshall, N. (1963) 427
Proc.Natl.Shellfish.Assoc., 54:87-92
Mortality rates and the life span of the bay scallop Aequipecten irradians

The author compares and discusses the effect of environmental stresses on mortality in both young and senescent bay scallops (Aequipecten irradians) held in the laboratory and in cages in the field.

Martin, A.W. (1961)

Comparative physiology of carbohydrate metabolism in heterothermic animals, edited by A.W. Martin. Seattle, University of Washington Press, pp. 35-64

The carbohydrate metabolism of the Mollusca

Martin, W.R. (1963) 429
Redbook ICNAF, 1963(2):14-21. Issued also as: Stud.Fish.Res.Board Can., (887)
[Report on researches in] the ICNAF area in 1967. B. Subareas 4 and 5

Describes research programmes carried out during 1962 relating to the sea scallop Platinopecten magellanicus. Landings and catch per unit effort figures are given.

Maru, K. (1976)

Sci.Rep.Hokkaido Fish.Exp.Stn., (18):9-26
Studies on the reproduction of a scallop,
Patinopecten yessoensis (Jay). 1.
Reproductive cycle of the cultured scallop
Describes the stages in the developmental
process of the germ cells and the
maturational processes of the gonad in
Patinopecten yessoensis. Information on
the period of gonad maturation and the
seasonal variation in gonad index is
provided. A hermaphrodite gonad was also

observed and is described.

Maru, K. and A. Obara (1973) 431 Sci.Rep.Hokkaido Fish.Exp.Stn., (15):23-32 Studies on the ecology of the scallop, Patinopecten yessoensis (Jay). 2. On the seasonal variation of the fatness of soft body (in Japanese, English summary)

Maru, K. and A. Obara (1967) 432 Sei.Rep.Hokkaido Fish.Exp.Stn., (7):72-83 Studies on the ecology of the scallop (Patinopecten yessoensis (Jay)). 1. On the growth and annual ring formation of the shell (in Japanese)

Mason, J. (1953) 433 Ph.D. Thesis, University of Liverpool Investigations on the scallop in Manx waters Mason, J. (1957) 434

J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.V.K., 36:473-92

The age and growth of the scallop (P. maximus) in Manx waters

Reports on the growth and age of scallops determined from samples collected off the Isle of Man. Growth rates, comparisons of scallop growth rates from different areas, possible factors causing the cessation of growth, the deposition of annual rings, the annual periods of growth, length frequency, and scarcity of young scallops are investigated.

Mason, J. (1957a) 435 Scott.Fish.Bull., (6):10-2 Scallop fishing

Provides information on the swimming habit, morphology, feeding habit, spawning action, commercial and adult size ranges, methods of capture in the Scottish and Isle of Man fisheries, and the distribution in Scottish waters of the scallop *Pecten maximus*. Seasonal variations in prices and transport problems involved with the fishery are discussed.

Mason, J. (1958) 436

J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 37:653-71

The breeding of the scallop (P. maximus L.)
in Manx waters

Mason, J. (1958a) 437

Ann.Mag.Nat.Hist.(Ser.13), 1:601-2

A possible lunar periodicity in the breeding of ne scallop

Reports on investigations into the spawning periods of *Pecten maximus*, around Port Erin, Isle of Man, between 1951 and 1952 and their relationship to lunar periodicity. Conclusions reached from the investigations are compared to those reached by Tang (1941).

Mason, J. (1959)

Annu.Rep.Mar.Biol.Stn.Univ.Liverp., (71):
39-46

State of Manx scallop stocks, 1950-1953

Reports on the distribution of scallop (Pecten maximus) stocks around the Isle of Man and the age composition of these stocks. Catch per unit effort analyses of commercial scallop dredgers are also included.

Mason, J. (1959a) 439 Annu.Rep.Mar.Biol.Stn.Univ.Liverp., (71): 47-52

The food value of the scallop, Pecter maximus (L.) from Manx inshore waters

Reports the mean weights of muscles and gonads of various size groups of Pecten maximus, presents an analysis of the chemical composition of the edible parts and determines the effect of seasonal changes on the chemical composition of the gonad.

Mason, J. (1964) 440 Scott.Fish.Bull., (21):20-1 Scallops in Scotland

Presents a review of the Scottish scallop fishery based on *Pecten maximus*, providing information on the development of new grounds, landing statistics from 1951-63, changes in meat condition during the fishing season, transport problems, and marketing.

Mason, J. (1970) 441 ICES C.M. 1970/K:19:5 p. (mimeo) A comparison of various gears used in catching queens and scallops in Scottish waters

Describes experiments conducted in Scottish waters to compare the efficiencies of three types of gear used to catch Chlamys opercularis (L.) and Pecten maximus (L.) i.e. the traditional toothed scallop dredge, the beam trawl, and the Manx queen dredge. Reasons for the variation in efficiency of each of the dredges is discussed.

Mason, J. (1970a)
World Fish., 19(9):18
Scallops are a thriving industry

Mason, J. (1972) 443
Scott.Fish.Inf.Pamph., 1972:1-11
The Scottish fishery for scallops and gueens

Morphological descriptions of *Pecten* maximus and *Chlamys opercularis* are provided. The methods and gear employed in the Scottish fishery are described and an assessment of the present state of the fishery and its prospects for the future are described.

Mason, J. and J.S. Colman (1955) 444 Aronu. Rep. Mar. Biol. Stn. Univ. Liverp., (67):

Note on a short-term marking experiment on the scallop *Pecten maximus* (L.) in the Isle of Man

Provides the results of investigations carried out to estimate the number of scallops (P. maximus) of commercial size on a given area of good fishing ground and also to gain some idea of the effects of commercial dredging on the beds. Information is provided on the marking media used, percent recapture, the number of scallop dredgers, and the areas dredged. An estimate of the total commercial scallop population is also given. The dangers of over-exploitation are discussed.

Mason, J. and J. Drinkwater (1969) 445 ICES C.M. 1969/K 33 (mimeo) Scallops (*Pecten maximus* (L.)) in the Firth of Clyde

Mason, J. and J. Drinkwater (1974) 446
Ann. Biol., 29(1972):184-5
The stocks of scallops (Pecten maximus)
in the Clyde area and west of Kintyre

A report of the development of the scallop (Fecten maximus) and queen (Chlamys opercularis) fishery centred off S.W. Scotland is presented. From samples collected and observations made on commercial fishing trips age composition and catch-per-unit-effort data are presented for a 4ft commercial dredge and a 4ft dredge with fine mesh used in three areas during the 1966-67 and 1971-72 seasons.

Mason, J. and J. Drinkwater (1973) 447 Scott. Fish. Bull., (39):40-4 The scallop fishery off South-West Scotland

A report of the development of the scallop (Pecten maximus) and queen (Chlamys opercularis) fishery centred off S.W. Scotland is presented. Age composition and catch-per-unit-effort data are compared for the two major fishing areas (the Clyde and the area west of Kintyre) for the years 1965 to 1970.

Mason, J. and J. Drinkwater (1973a) 448

Ann.Biol., 30(1973):213-4

The stocks of scallops, Pecten maximus, in the Clyde area and west of Kintyre in 1972-73

Mason, J. and 449
J. Drinkwater (1976)
Ann.Biol., 31(1974):183-4
The stocks of scallops, Pecten maximus,
in the Clyde area and west of Kintyre
in 1973-74

Mason, J. and 450 A.D. McIntyre (1963) Fish.News, (2619):6 Useful means of income during winter

This article presents a review of the scallop fishery in Scotland providing information on the type and number of boats engaged in the fishery, the types of gear used, fishing methods, and processing and packing. Landings and their values for the year 1949-61 are also provided. Seasonal variation in condition index is investigated, and the locations of newly discovered scallop grounds in the western areas of Scotland are provided with details of their present state.

Mason, J. and
A.D. McIntyre (1969)
Scott.Fish.Bull., (32):3-7
The Scottish scallop fishery

Mathers, N.F. (1975)

Biochem.System.Ecol., 3(3):123-7

Environmental variability at the phosphoglucose isomerase locus in the genus Chlanys

Compares two geographically and reproductively isolated populations each of *Chlamye opercularis* and *Chlamye varia* with respect to polymorphism at the phosphoglucose isomerase (PGI) locus.

Matsumija, H. et al. (1957) 453 J.Biochem., Tokyo, 44:347-57 Contractile protein from adductors of Pecten. 5. Process of recovery from drop in light scattering caused by adenosine triphosphate Matsumoto, J.J. et al. (1967) 454
J.Fieh.Res.Board Can., 24(4):873-82
Protein in extracts of prerigor and postrigor scallop striated muscle

Deals with the extractability of the proteins of the striated portion of the adductor muscle of *Placopecten magellanicus*.

Mattison, A.G.M. and 455
R.B. Beechey (1966)
Exp.Cell.Res., 41:227-43
Some studies on cellular fractions of the adductor muscle of Pecten maximus

Reports on investigations into the oxidative enzymes of subcellular fractions from the striated and smooth portions of the adductor muscle of *Pecten maximus*, which include electron microscopic studies on the tissue specimens and the subcellular fractions. A discussion on the role of the various enzymes in the overall functioning of the tissues is included.

Meaney, R.A. and B.F. Keegan (1968) 456
Resour.Rec.Pap.Fish.Dev.Div.Ir.Sea Fish.
Board, 1968:4 p.
A survey for scallops in Killary Bay,
Nov./Dec. 1967

Medcof, J.C. (1949) 457
Prog.Rep.Fish.Res.Board Can.Atl.Coast Stn.,
(44):6-8
Meat yield from Digby scallops of different

Medcof, J.C. (1949a) 458
Prog.Rep.Fish.Res.Board Can.Atl.Coast Stn.,
(45):3-6
Dark-meat and the shell disease of scallops

Medcof, J.C. (1954) 459
Prog.Rep.Fish.Res.Board Can.Atl.Coast Stn.,
(52):9-14
Modification of drags to protect small
scallops

Medcof, J.C. (1958)

Prog.Rep.Fish.Res.Board Can.Atl.Coast Stn.,
(71):21-6

Stocktaking of molluscan shellfish resources and prospects for improvement

Medcof, J.C. (1964)

Redbook ICNAF, 1964(2):21-34. Issued also as: Stud.Fish.Res.Board Can., (955)

[Reports on researches in] the ICNAF area in 1963. B. Subareas 4 and 5

Medcof, J.C. and N. Bourne (1964) 462 Proc.Natl.Shellfish.Assoc., 53:33-50. Issued also as: Stud.Fish.Res.Board Can., (910):17 p. Causes of mortality of the sea scallop,

Placopecten magellanicus

Examines the causes and provides estimates of both natural and fishing mortality of *Placopecten magellanicus* off Digby, Nova Scotia and Georges Bank.

Medcof, J.C. et al. (1947)

Bull.Fish.Res.Board Can., (75):32 p.

Paralytic shellfish poisoning on the Canadian Atlantic coast

A survey of commercially important shell-fish areas of the Maritime Provinces has demonstrated paralytic shellfish poison (PLP) in shellfish from the bay of Fundy area. Six commercial species of shell-fish (including Pecten grandis Solander) in the area were examined for signs of PLP, and the most dangerous seasons annually were determined. A correlation between the increase of the dinoflagellate Gonyaulax tamarensis Lebour and high toxities in shellfish is examined as is the degree of human susceptibility to the toxin. Ways of reducing PLP by cooking and canning are described.

Mellon, F. De (1968) 464
Science, Wash., 160:1018-20
Functional physiology and motor nerve
distribution in the fast adductor muscle
of the scallop

Describes studies carried out into the neuromuscular physiology of the fast portion of the adductor muscle in the scallops Aequipecten gibbus and A. irradians. The pattern of innervation in the fast adductor muscle of scallops is compared with skeletal muscle fibres of arthropods and vertebrates.

Mellon, F. De (1969)

2. Vergl. Physiol., 62:318-36

The reflex control of rhythmic motor output during swimming in the scallop

Describes the reflex control of rhythmic motor output during swimming in the scallops Aequipecten irradians and A. gibbus.

Mendelson, J.M. et al. (1969) 466
Fish.Ind.Res., 4(7):241-8
Opening oysters and other bivalves using microwave energy

Describes a commercial process using microwave energy to open oysters and other bivalves which include bay scallops (*Pecten* spp.).

Merrill, A.S. (1959) 467 Occas.Pap.Mollusks Harv.Univ., 2(25):209-28 A comparison of Cyclopecten nanus Verrill and Bush, and Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin)

Compares the young and adult shell morphology of the sea scallop, *Placopecten magellanicus* and provides more adequate descriptions and comparisons of adult *Cyclopecten nanus* and young *P. magellanicus* for identification purposes.

Merrill, A.S. (1960) 468

Proc.Natl.Shellfish.Assoc., 51:74-80

Abundance and distribution of sea scallops off the middle Atlantic coast

Reports the results of a cruise, carried out on Georges Bank, off Cape Cod, during which transects were made between Block Island and Cape Hatteras, in 20 to 80 fathoms of water. The distribution and density of scallops (Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin)) in the area surveyed is determined.

Merrill, A.S. (1960a) 469 Ecology, 41:385-6 Living inclusions in the shell of the sea scallop, Placopecten magellanicus

Describes the stages involved in the formation of a protective layer by *Placopecten* magellanicus (Gmelin) over foreign matter between the mantle and the shell.

Merrill, A.S. (1961) 470 Bull.Mus.Comp.Zool.Harv.Univ., 125(1):1-20 Shell morphology in the larval and postlarval stages of the sea scallop, Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin)

Shell morphology in the larval and postlarval stages of the sea scallop, Placopecten magellanicus.

Merrill, A.S. (1961a) 471
Bull.Annu.Rep.Am.Malacol.Union, (28):
4-5 (abstr.)
Some observations on the growth and survival of organisms on the shell of Placopecten magellanicus

Merrill, A.S. (1962) 472
Bull.Annu.Rep.Am.Malacol.Union, (29):
11-12 (abstr.)
Nest building in Musculus

Fouling of upper shell valve of P. magellanicus by Musculus.

certain molluscs

Merrill, A.S. (1964) 473
Bull.Annu.Rep.Am.Malacol.Union,
(31):2 (abstr.)
Observations on adverse relations between
the hydroid, Hydractinia echinata, and

Reports on the effect of *H. echinata* colonies on the sea scallop *Placopecten* magellanicus and various species of gastropod.

Merrill, A.S. (1966) 474
Bull. Annu. Rep. Am. Malacol. Union,
(33): 35-6

Shell repair in the sea scallop Placopecten magellanicus

Describes the process of shell repair in *Placopecten magellanicus*. The inorganic chemical composition of the scallop shell is also described.

Merrill, A.S. (1967) 475
Fish.Bull.NOAA/NMFS, (66):273-9
Shell deformity of molluscs attributable to the hydroid, Hydractinia echinata

Article provides a brief review of the life history of *Hydractinia echinata* (a colonial hydroid), its association with *Placopecten*

magellanicus and the effects of this association. The association of *H. echinata* with other molluscs is also described.

Merrill, A.S. (1968) 476
Fish. Bull. NOAA/NMFS, (66):281-3
Offshore distribution of Hydractinia
schinata

Merrill, A.S. and J.B. Burch (1960) 477

Biol. Bull. Mar. Biol. Lab. Woods Hole, 119:
197-201

Hermanbroditism in the see coaller

Hermaphroditism in the sea scallop, Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin)

Presents a morphological study of the hermaphroditic gland of *Placopecten magellanicus* (Gmelin) comparing it with normal male and female gonads. Suggestions as to the cause of hermaphroditism in the unisexual genera of pelecypods are provided and discussed.

Merrill, A.S. and 478
R.L. Edwards (1975 and 1976)*
Nautilus, 89(4):116-23, and Nautilus, 30(1):
54-61 (corrected republ.)
Observations on molluscs from a navigation buoy with special emphasis on the sea scallop.
Placopecten magellanicus

Merrill, A.S. and J.A. Posgay (1964) 479
Res. Bull. ICNAF, (1):88-106
Estimating the natural mortality rate of the sea scallop, Placopecten magellanicus

A method is described for estimating the natural mortality of sea scallops, which is based on the percentage occurrence of the persistent paired valves of scallops that died from causes other than fishing collected along with live animals. Estimates of the average length of time that paired valves remain attached at the hinge are calculated by determining the age in years and months when the animals died, and by measuring the time difference between model groups in frequency distributions of live and dead animals. The possible causes of natural mortality are discussed. Conclusions on the average instantaneous natural mortality rate of the stocks in subarea 52 during 1959-63 are given.

Merrill, A.S., J.A. Posgay 480 and F.E. Nichy (1966) Fish.Bull.NOAA/NMFS, 65(2):299-311 Annual marks on shell and ligament of sea scallop (Placopecter magellanicus)

Presents methods used to locate the true annual rings, by reference to marks on resiluim, changes in shell curvature, changes in colour pattern, weight of shell, and areas of attack by boring organisms, of *Placopecten magellanicus*. The results are validated by comparing them with experimental results obtained from tagged and recaptured animals.

Miller, W.H. (1958)

J.Biophys.Biochem.Cytol., 4:227-8

Derivatives of cilia in the distal sense cells of the retina of Pecten

Reports on observations into the fine structure of appendages on the specially differentiated septal border of the distal sense cells in the retina of *Pecten irradians* with the aid of electron micrographs.

Miller, W.H. (1960)

In The cell, edited by J. Brachet and A.E. Mirsky. London, Academic Press, Pt. 4:325-64

Visual photoreceptor structures

Describes the photoreceptor structure, physiology and the composition of visual pigments in vertebrates and invertebrates. The distal sense cell appendage in the eye of Pecten (P. irradians) is included in the section on molluscs.

Minchin, D. (1975)

Fish.Leafl.Fish.Div.Ir.Sea Fish.Board,
(77):8 p.

A study of some invertebrate resources
within Bertrabouy Bay, Connemara

Presents observations made, while studying Pecten maximus during the summer of 1974, of both exploited and unexploited invertebrate species in Bertrabouy Bay. The distribution and fisheries for P. maximus and the cluaisin (Chlamys varia) in the area, are described. Catch statistics for C. varia are provided and the processing methods employed are also described.

Miyake, M. and K. Hayashi (1961) 484 Bull.Jap.Soc.Sci.Fish., 27:458-60 Vitamin B group in the extracts of Mollusca. 1. On vitamin B_6

Vitamin B₆ content of extracts of Pecten (Patinopecten) yessoensis.

Molodtsov, N.V. and M.G. Vafina (1975) 485 Comp. Biochem. Physiol. (B Comp. Biochem.), 51(3):313-7

Carbohydrases with unusual specificities.
5. Some properties of partially purified N-benzyl-B-D-glucosaminidase from the liver of the scallop Mizuhopecten yessoensis

Reports on the methods of isolation and studies of some properties of the enzyme N-benzyl-B-D-glucosaminidase from liver extracts of *Mizuhopeeten yessoensis*.

Montuori, A. (1913) 486
Arch.Ital.Biol., 59:213-34
Les processes oxydatifs chez les animaux
marins en rapport avec la loi de superfice
(The oxidation process in marine animals in
relation to surface area)

Provides the results of experiments carried out to determine oxygen consumption of marine animals relative to their surface area. Peaten jacobeus and P. varius are two of the 80 species included in the experiments.

Moore, J.D. and E.R. Trueman (1971) 487 J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol., 6:179-85 Swimming of the scallop, Chlamys opercularis (L.)

Reports on recordings made of the pressure pulses generated in the mantle cavity of *C. opercularis* (L.) during swimming both by single inductions and successive flapping motions of the valves. Mean and maximal jet velocity determinations are presented using data from recordings and from cine film. Swimming speeds were also determined and the performance during the escape movement is discussed. Comparison is made both between the pressure pulses of *Chlamys* and those occurring in burrowing bivalves, as well as between jet swimming in Bivalvia and Cephalopoda.

Moore, J.K. (1967)

Diss.Abstr., 28B:1278

Biodeposition by the bay scallop

Aequipecten irradians

Analyses of faeces and pseudofaeces (biodeposition) of Aequipecten irradians collected throughout a year are reported. The ecological improvement of biodeposition is discussed in terms of lamellibranchs as biogeochemical agents for concentrating and converting organic matter.

Moore, J.K. and 489
N. Marshall (1967)
Proc.Natl.Shellfish.Assoc., 57:77-82
An analysis of the movements of the bay scallop, Aequipecten irradians, in a shallow estuary

Displacements resulting from the summer swimming activity of Aequipecten irradians over periods of three to six days, on the shoals of the Niantic estuary, were recorded and analysed.

Moore, J.K. and 490 N. Marshall (1967) Veliger, 10:10-2 The retention of lamellibranch larvae in the Niantic estuary

Reports on the retention of lamellibranch larvae in the Niantic estuary during 10 June-18 September 1963. Aequipecten irradians is one of the four species included.

Morris, P.A. (1947)

Boston, Houghton Mifflin, 190 p.

A field guide to the shells of our

Atlantic coast

Morrison, C.M. and
P.H. Odense (1968)

J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 25(7):1339-45

Ultrastructure of the striated muscle of the scallop (Placopecten magellanicus)

Morrison, C.M. and
P.H. Odense (1973)

J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 30(10):1583-5

Gross structure of the adductor muscles of some pelecypods

Gross structure of the adductor muscles of some pelecypods. *Placopecten magellanicus* is one of the studied species.

Morrison, C.M. and 494 0.H. Odense (1974) J.Ultrastruct.Res., 49:228-51 Ultrastructure of some pelecypod adductor muscles

Examines adductor muscles of four pelecypods, including the sea scallop (*Placopecten magellanicus*), to observe, by means of electron microscopy, the relationship between structure and function.

Morse, E.S. (1919) 495
Proc.Boston Soc.Nat.Hist., 25(5):139-96
Observations on living lamellibranchs of New
England

Includes *Pecten tenuicostatus* (Mighels and Adams) (one figure showing a plan and details of papillae).

Morton, J. and M. Miller (1968) 496 London, Collins The New Zealand sea shore

Describes morphology, swimming action, predators, and habitat of $\it{P.}$ novaezelandiae.

Motohiro, T. (1974)

In Fishery products, edited by R. Kreuzer.

Proceedings of the FAO Technical Conference on
Fishery Products, Tokyo, 4 Dec. 1973.

West Byfleet, Surrey, Fishing News(Books),
pp. 172-6

The catches and utilization of shellfish in
Japan

This paper describes the preparation of various shellfish products in Japan including the boiling of scallops (Patinopecten yessoensis).

Muller-Feuga, A. and 498
J. Querellou (1973)
Rapp. Sci. Tech. CNEXO, (14):85 p.
L'exploitation de la coquille SaintJacques au Japon (Scallop exploitation
in Japan)

Reports on different scallop (Patinopecten yessoensis, Jay) production and culture techniques employed in various coastal areas around Japan.

Mundey, G.R. (1968)
World Fish., 17(9):42-3
Can skin-diving for scallops pay?

Reports on commercial skin diving for Pecten maximus in Loch Creran, Scotland, and informs on working conditions, catch rates, costs, bottom types and depths. The advantages of skin diving over conventional fishing methods are detailed.

Murie, J. (1903) 500 London Thames estuary sea fisheries, Pt. 1

Murphy, W. and 501
D.B. Johnson (1974)
Comp. Biochem. Physiol. (B Comp. Biochem.),
48(1):25-34
The purification and properties of a ribonuclease of the roe of the scallop Chlamys opercularis

Nagel, W.A. (1894) 502 Biol.Zentralbl., 14:385-90 Beobachtungen über den Lichtsinn augenloser Muscheln (Observations on the sensitivity to light of sightless shells)

Naidu, K.S. (1970) 503
Can.J.Zool., 48(5):1003-12
Reproduction and breeding cycle of the giant scallop Placopecten magellanicus
(Gmelin) in Port Au Port Bay,
Newfoundland

Discusses the various relationships that exist between environmental changes and the reproductive cycle of *Placopecten magellanicus* (Gmelin). A

description of the histological changes that occur during the breeding cycle is also included.

Naidu, K.S. and 504 G.R. South (1970) Can.J.Zool., 48:183-4 Occurrence of the endozoic alga in the giant scallop *Placopecten magellanicus* (Gmelin)

Natochin, Y.V., V.V. Khlebovich 505 and T.V. Krestinskaya (1961) Dokl.Akad.Nauk SSSR(Biol.Sei.), 137:1474-6. Issued also as: Dokl.Akad.Nauk SSSR(Transl.) (Biol.Sei.), (137):355-8 Succinic dehydrogenase in sodium transporting organs of invertebrates (in Russian)

Absence of succinid dehydrogenase in gill cells of P. yessoensis.

Needler, A.W.H. (1933) 506

Annu.Rep.Biol.Board Can.Atl.Biol.Stn.,
 (1933):Append.26:1 p.

Mortality of scallops in the southern Gulf of St. Lawrence

Nelson, R.W. (1970) 507 Aust.Fish., 29(7):14-6 Mechanical shucker could help scallop industry

Nelson, R.W. (1971) 508 Proc.Natl.Shellfish.Assoc., 61:11 (abstr.) Development of a scallop shucker

Describes the development and operation of a mechanical scallop shucker for the evisceration of *Patinopecten caurinus* from Alaskan waters.

Nishi, K. and H. Nishida (1976) 509 Sci.Rep.Hokkaido Fish.Exp.Stn., (18):27-37 Studies on freezing and refrigeration of marine products. 11. On biochemical changes of adductor muscle of sea scallop (Patinopecten yessoensis) during storage (in Japanese with English summary)

Presents the results of experiments carried out to determine the changes in the concentration of ATP and its related compounds, free carbohydrates and free amino acids in the muscle of shelled frozen scallop (Patinopecten yessoensis) during storage at 0°, 15° and 30°C.

Nishioka, C. (1943) 510 Rep.Inst.Agric.Res.Japan, 8(Fish.Ser.2):1-10 On the scallop fisheries in Mutsu Bay (in Japanese)

Nishioka, C. and 511
G. Yamamoto (1943)
Rep. Inst. Agric. Res. Japan, 9(3):1-15
On the distribution of the common Japanese scallop P. (Patinopecten) yessoensis Jav, and its relation to the bottom material in Mutsu Bay (in Japanese)

Nishioka, C. et al. (1949) 512 Sci.Rep.Tohoku Univ.(Biol.4th Ser.), (18):177-84 Studies on the scallop of Mutsu Bay

Nissen, W. (1976) 513
Aust.Fish., 35(1):22-3
Scallop industry - bonanza to tragedy

Provides ideas on the ways in which the management of the Australian scallop fishery could be improved in order to conserve the scallop stocks and provide acceptable returns for the fishermen.

Nordsieck, H. (1969) 514 Stuttgart, Gustav Fischer, 231 p. Die Europaischen Meeresmuscheln (Bivalvia) von Eismeer bis Kapverden, Mittelmeer und Schwarzes Meer (The European marine shells (Bivalvia) from the Polar Sea to Cape Verde, Mediterranean Sea and Black Sea

Norton, A.H. (1931) 515 Nautilus, 44(3):99-100 Size of the giant scallop (Pecter grandis Sol., P. magellanicus Gmelin)

Provides the shell dimensions of a particular scallop (*Placopecten magellanicus*) caught off the coast of Maine.

O'Brien, J.J. (1961)* 516 Spec.Rep.U.S.Fish Wildl.Serv., Boston Market News Serv., (1961):48 p. New England sea scallop fishery, and marketing of sea scallop meats, 1939-60 Odhner, N.H. (1914) 517 Zool.Ans., 44(4):156-70 Notizen Über die Fauna der Adria bei Rovigo. Beitrage zur Kenntnis der marinen Molluskenfauna von Rovigo in Istrien (Notes on the fauna of the Adriatic near Rovigo. Contribution to the information on the marine molluscan fauna of Rovigo in Istria)

Descriptions of the larvae of *Pecten jacobaeus* (Linné), *P. opercularis* (Linné) and *P. various* are included.

O'Doherty, P.J.A. and
L.A.W. Feltham (1971)

Comp. Biochem. Physiol. (B Comp. Biochem),
38:543-51

Glycolysis and gluconeogenesis in the giant
scallop, Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin)

O'Doherty, P.J.A. and 519
L.A.W. Feltham (1971a)
Comp. Biochem. Physiol. (B Comp. Biochem.),
39:159-61
Regulation of lactic dehydrogenase in the
giant scallop, Placopecten magellanicus
(Gmelin)

O'Doherty, P.J.A. and 520 L.A.W. Feltham (1971b) Comp. Biochem. Physiol. (B Comp. Biochem.), 39:163-5 Thermal regulation of gluconeogenesis in the giant scallop, Patinopecten magellanicus (Gmelin)

Ohshima, K. et al. (1966) 521 Sci.Rep.Hokkaido Fish.Exp.Stn., (6):1-32 Ecological study of Lake Saroma, Hokkaido (in Japanese, English summary)

Oishi, K., A. Iida and
A. Yoshimura (1970)

Bull.Jap.Soc.Sci.Fish., 36:1226-30

Amino acid composition and phosphorus content in the extracts of scallop adductor muscle

Striated and smooth adductor muscle, amino acid and phosphorus composition in *P. yessoensis*.

Olsen, A.M. (1953) Aust.Fish.Newsl., 12(7):5-7 Diving investigations on scallop beds

523

Reports on the techniques used during studies of the scallop (Notovola meridionalia) in its natural environment (D'Entrecasteaux Channel, Tasmania). Scallop distribution and population are estimated and the effects of bottom type and currents on distribution are assessed. Comparisons are made between the condition of "active" and "inactive" scallops and the results of tagging experiments, to determine the movement of scallops on the grounds, are presented.

Olsen, A.M. (1955) 524 Walkabout, Aust. Geogr. Mag., 21:16-9 Tasmanian scallops

Olsen, A.M. (1955a) 525 Aust.J.Mar.Freshwat.Res., 6(3) Underwater studies on the Tasmanian commercial scallop, Notovola meridionalis (Tate), (Lamellibranchiata Pectinidae)

Reports on dives made in D'Entrecasteaux Channel, Tasmania, to assess the population densities of Notovola meridionalis. The effects of water movements on distribution of spat, and the effect of starfish on scallop concentrations over a period of four years are reported. Observations are made on scallop locomotion. The locations of commercially viable population densities are provided.

Olsen, A.M. (1962) 526
In Fisheries management seminar, Sydney,
N.S.W., 21 September 1962, pp. 147-8
The commercial scallop fishery of the
D'Entrecasteaux Channel, Tasmania

Discusses the possible causes of fluctuating yields and the measures that might be adopted to manage the fishery.

Ore, J.K. and N. Marshall (1967) 527 Proc.Natl.Shellfish.Assoc., 57:77-82 An analysis of the movements of the bay scallop, Aequipecten irradians, in a shallow estuary Orton, J.H. (1912) 528

J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 9:444-78

The mode of feeding of Crepidula, with an account of the current-producing mechanism in the mantle cavity, and some remarks on the mode of feeding in gastropods and lamellibranchs

Describes mode of feeding of Crepidula fornicata, the current producing mechanism, and the mode of feeding in other lamellibranchs (including Pecten maximus). Comparisons are made. A diagram showing the paths of the main food-stream of P. maximus is also included.

Outten, L.M. (1959) 529 J.Elisha Mitchell Sci. Soc., 75(2):73 Observations on the spawning and early development of the common scallop (Pecten irradians)

Reports on observations of spawning and early development in *P. irradians* carried out in the Marine Biological Laboratory Woods Hole. The effects of temperature change on spawning inducement is also recorded.

Oviatt, C., B.A. Rogers 530 and C. Martin (1972) In Municipal waste disposal by shipbourne

incineration and sea disposal of residues, edited by M.W. First. Boston, Harvard University, School of Public Health, 608 p.

Toxicity of incinerator residues for marine organisms

Provides the results of bioassays of incinerator residue, conducted in aquaria over a maximum of 10 days and during long term in situ investigations. Placopecten magellanicus was one of the organisms used in the experiments. Experimental procedures to detect sub-lethal effects of residue are described, and the ecological aspects of marine disposal of incinerator residue are discussed.

Packard, A.S. (1867)

Mem.Boston Soc.Nat.Hist., 1(2):262-303

View of the recent invertebrate fauna of Labrador

531

Provides a report of the northern-most limit of *Placopecten magellanicus*.

Pablo, I.S. and A.L. Tappel (1961) 532 J.Cell.Comp.Physiol., 58:185-94 Cytochromes of marine invertebrates

Measurement of cytochrome respiratory pigments in *P. magellanicus*.

Palombi, A. and 533 M. Santarelli (1961) Milan, Hoepli, 437 p. Gli animali commestibili dei mari d'Italia (Edible animals from Italian seas)

P. jacobaeus, C. opercularis and C. varia from Italian seas. Photos and descriptions.

Parker, R.H. (1956) 534
Bull.Am.Assoc.Petrol.Geol., 40(2):295-376
Macro-invertebrate assemblages as
indicators of sedimentary environments in
east Mississippi delta region

Lists the biological stations where the following pectinid shells were captured: Aequipecten gibbus gibbus, A. irradians concentricus, A. i. amplicostatus. Depth ranges of the spp. are also given and the proportion of live and dead specimens. The geologic range of species and related species of the macro-organisms from the east Mississippi delta region are reported.

Parker, R.H. (1960) 535

In Recent sediments, Northwest Gulf of Mexico - a symposium summarising the results of work carried on in Project 51 of American Petroleum Institute, 1951-1958, edited by F.P. Shepard, F.B. Phleger and T.H. Van Andel. New York, American

Institute of Petroleum, pp. 302-737 Ecology and distributional patterns of marine macro-invertebrates, northern Gulf of Mexico

Describes the distribution of macro-invertebrate assemblages in the northern Gulf of Mexico and how they are affected by climatic conditions. Descriptions of the environment pertaining to the subhumid or transition zone and the semiarid zone are provided. Distribution, abundance and size ranges of the following commercial species of scallops are provided:

Aequipecten irradians amplicostatus and A. gibbus gibbus.

537

Parker, R.H. (1975) 536 Amsterdam, Elsevier, 279 p. The study of benth1c communities - a model and a review

Describes the study of benthic communities, using Hadley Harbour in Massachusetts as an example of a natural ecosystem. The distribution of Aequipecten irradians within the study area is reported and its relationship to other benthic organisms is described.

Patten, W. (1885-6)*
Mitt. Zool. Stn. Neapel, 6:542-756
Eyes of molluscs and arthropods

Includes studies into the eye of P. jacobaeus.

Pendleton, J.A. (1963)

Proc.Natl.Shellfish.Assoc., 54:93-100

Serological studies on the bay scallop

Aequipecten irradians

Serological relationships between four distant populations of the bay scallop, Aequipecten irradians and samples of the calico scallop Aequipecten gibbus, were studied by means of an agar gel diffusion technique and the ring precipitin test. Also the serological reactivity of these scallops with the sea scallop, Placopecten magellanicus, was investigated.

Pereyra, W.T. and C.R. Hiltz (1969) 539 Proc.Natl.Shellfish.Assoc., 59:12 (abstr.) Exploratory scallop (Patinopecten caurinus) surveys off the Oregon and Washington coast

Reports on the concentration, availability, and size ranges of *Patinopecten caurinus* during exploratory scallop surveys off the Oregon and Washington coast. Percentage meat yield figures are included. The probable effects of heavy infestations on the shell boring worm *Polydora* spp. on the scallop populations are reported.

Perkins, E.J. and E. Gribbon (1972) 540
Mar.Pollut.Bull., 3(4):60-1
Method for queen scallop culture

Describes a possible method of culturing *C. opercularis* in suspended cages in Loch Sween, Scotland. Provides the mean sizes of the queens from November 1969 (spat) to November 1971 (commercial size). Spat

settlement in the cages is reported. Suggestions as to how the culture systems may be developed are also included.

Pho, D.B. et al.(1970) 541 Biochem.Biophys.Acta, 206:46-53 Spectrophotometric studies of binary and ternary complexes of octopine dehydrogenase

Pickett, G.D. (1975) 542 1975 Research Vessel Programme. Lowestoft, Fisheries Laboratory, 2 p. Report: RV NUCELLA: cruise 8

Presents an account of the methods used and the results obtained from a survey of the commercial queen scallop (Chlamys opercularis (L.)) fishing grounds off Plymouth, U.K., to assess the age composition of the stock, and the recruitment and settlement potential.

Pickett, G.D. and 543
A. Franklin (1975)
I.C.E.S., Shellfish and Benthos Comm.,
CM 1975/K:25:4 p.
The growth of queen scallops (Chlamys opercularis), in cages off Plymouth, southwest England

Describes the settlement of *C. opercularis* in cages suspended in Plymouth Sound, southwest England for the years 1974-75. Determines the rates of growth for different seasons and the period of maximum growth. Also offers an interpretation of the growth rings on shells providing easier age determination.

Pickett, G.D. and 544
A. Franklin (1975a)
Tech.Rep.Ser.Fish.Lab.,Lowestoft, (14): 20 p.
Techniques for surveying queen scallop

populations: experiments off southwest England in May-June 1974

Reports on explorations of a number of areas along the Devon and Cornwall coast for the process of Children and Cornwall coast

for the presence of *Chlamys opercularis*. The distribution and density of both adults and newly-settled spat populations are given. Comparisons of the various

types of gear, tested for sampling, are made. The effectiveness of diving, and the use of a remote controlled underwater scanning television system as practical sampling methods are investigated.

Piboubés, R. (1973) 545 Bull.Cent.Etud.Rech.Sci.,Biarritz, 9(4):263-457 Pêches et conchyliculture en Bretagne-Nord. 1. (Fishing and shellfish culture in northern Brittany. 1.)

An extensive biological, economic and geographic survey of the fisheries of, and shellfish culture in North Brittany. The scallop species included in this two part paper are coquilles Saint-Jacques (Pecten maximus L. and P. jacobaeus L.) and petoncle (Chlamys opercularis L. and C. varia L.)

Piboubes, R. (1974) 546
Bull.Cent.Etud.Rech.Sci.,Biarritz, 10(1):1-262
Pêche et conchyliculture en Bretagne-Nord. 2.
(Fishing and shellfish culture in northern
Brittany. 2.)

Plaine, H.L. (1952) 54

Ecology, 33(1):121-3

A variation in the distribution of a spionid polychaete in the Woods Hole region

Describes the different frequencies of occurrence in two localities in the Woods Hole region, Massachusetts, of *Polydora ciliata*, a spionid polychaete, which lives endocommensally on the shells of *Pecten irradians*.

Plimmer, R.H.A. (1921) 548 London, H.M.S.O., 255 p. Analyses and energy values of foods

Provides ash, water, protein, carbohydrate and fat determinations of various foods, including the scallop (*Pecten maximus*). An analysis of the flesh, liver, mantle and shell is presented along with their calorific values.

Poirier, L. (1973) 549 Cah. Inf. Div. Rech. Dir. Pēches Marit. (Que. Prov.), 59:1-44

Rapport préliminaire sur les stocks de pétoncles géants (*Placopecten magellanicus*) aux Iles-de-la-Madeleine (Preliminary report on the stocks of *Placopecten magellanicus* from the Magdalen Islands)

Presents the findings of a research programme undertaken to study the reasons for the

decrease in the Magdalen Islands scallop fishery during 1971 and 1972. The findings are based on fisheries statistic figures, data sampling of the sea, and biometry of the species (*Placopecten* magellanicus).

Poirier, L. (1975) 550
Rapp. Annu. Div. Rech. Dir. Gén. Pêches Marit.
(Qué. Prov.), (1974):35-8
Les stocks de pétoncle d'Islande, Chlamys islandica Muller, du détroit de Jacques-Cartier (Golfe du Saint-Laurent) (Stocks of Chlamys islandica Muller in the Jacques-Cartier Strait, St. Lawrence Gulf)

Summarises the main observations, and presents the conclusions of a study on the populations of *Chlamys islandica* in the Jacques-Cartier Strait.

Poirier, L. (1976) 551

Cah. Inf. Div. Rech. Dir. Pēches Marit. (Qué.
Prov.), (71):19-23

Les stocks de pétoncle d'Islande, Chlamus islandica Muller, du détroit de Jacques-Cartier (Golfe du Saint-Laurent) (Stocks of Chlamus islandica Muller, in the Jacques-Cartier Strait, St. Lawrence Gulf)

[Includes Appendix by Myre, G. entitled "Prospection des bancs de pétoncles de la

A study based on scallop catches from inventory cruises in the Jacques-Cartier Strait during the period 28 Aug.-30 Sep., 1973. The depth distribution of stocks and the relationship between length, and location and depth are reported. The ratio of adductor muscle to total weight is determined. The possibility of the stocks being able to sustain a commercial fishery are discussed.

Côte-Nord en 1973", pp. 19-23]

Polya, J.B. and 552
A.J. Wirtz (1965)
Enzymologia, 29:27-37
Studies on carbonic anhydrase. Part 2.
Occurrence of the enzyme in some invertebrates

553

Poore, G.C.B. and S. Rainer (1975) Aust.J.Mar.Freshwat.Res., 25(3):371-411 Distribution and abundance of soft-bottom molluscs in Port Phillip Bay, Victoria, Australia

The distribution of soft-bottom molluscs of Port Phillip Bay, Victoria, is examined in terms of abundance. The distribution of feeding types and patterns of diversity are related to environmental variables. *P. alba* is included.

Porter, H.J. (1971) 554
Bull.Am.Malacol.Union, 1971:32-3
Mollusks coincident with North Carolina's calico scallop fishery

Comparisons are made between the numbers and different species of molluscs coincident with the North Carolina calico scallop (Argopecten gibbus) fishery during the years 1965-1968 and 1971. The samples for 1971 were taken from the stomachs of Astropecten articulatus. The predation of Astropecten on young scallops and its possible use in determining settlement are discussed.

Porter, H.J. and D.A. Wolfe (1971) 555

J.Conchyol., 109(3):91-109

Mollusca from North Carolina commercial fishing grounds for the calico scallop Argopecten gibbus (Linné)

128 species of molluscs occurring on known calico scallop (Argopecten gibbus) grounds, off North Carolina, are listed. Their abundance, the types of substrate from which they are trawled, details of previous North Carolina records, and the northern range extensions where appropriate are reported. Other species, which have been found on a previous survey, are listed.

Posgay, J.A. (1950) 55
In Third report on investigation of methods of improving the shellfish resources of Massachusetts, 4. Boston, Department of Conservation, Division of Marine Fisheries, pp. 24-30
Investigations of the sea scallop. Pecten

Investigations of the sea scallop, Pecten grandis

Posgay, J.A. (1953) 557
In Sixth report on investigations of methods of improving the shellfish resources of Massachusetts. Boston, Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Department of Conservation, Division of Marine Fisheries, pp. 9-24. Issued also as: Contrib.Mar.Biol.Lab.Woods Hole, (715) (1954)
The sea scallop fishery/sea scallop

investigations

Posgay, J.A. (1957) 558
Nautilus, 71(2):55-7
The range of the sea scallop

Provides the latitudes between which the sea scallop, *Placopecten magellanicus* can be found in commercial quantities. The northernmost and southernmost extent of the species is also reported and a discussion of the northernmost limit given by Packard (1867) is provided.

Posgay, J.A. (1957a) 559
Fish.Leafl.U.S.Fish Wildl.Serv., (442):11 p.
Sea scallops boats and gear

560

Posgay, J.A. (1958) Oceanus, 6(1):16-9 Photography of the sea floor

Photographs of sea scallop density on sea floor. The advantages of the underwater camera for the photography of bottom animals over traditional methods i.e.: dredging and grab sampling are discussed. The camera described in the paper was, at time of writing, being used to survey sea scallop, Placopecten magellanicus, beds of Georges Bank, Canada. The method of systematically photographing an area of sea bed is described and ways of simplifying the print development and analysing processes, which can be very time consuming, are discussed.

Posgay, J.A. (1963) 561 Spec.Publ.ICNAF, (4):268-71 Tagging as a technique in population studies of the sea scallop

Reports on the returns obtained using two different tagging techniques on the sea scallop *Placopecten magellanicus*. The

returned shells are used to determine the movement of the beds, estimate growth rates, validate the technique of locating annual rings and deduce the season of ring formation.

Posgay, J.A. (1968) 562 Commer.Fish.Rev., 30(5):24-6 Trends in the Atlantic sea scallop fishery

Posgay, J.A. and K.D. Norman (1958) 563
Limmol.Oceanogr., 3(4):478
An observation on the spawning of the sea scallop (Placopecten magellanicus) on Georges
Bank

Power, H.E. et al. (1964) 564 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 21(4):813-26 Use of gamma radiation for the preservation of scallop meat

Reports on a study designed to show the effect of sub-sterilization doses of gamma radiation on the storage life, at 0°C of sea scallops (*Placopecten magellanicus* Gmelin) and the effect on certain chemical changes which take place at this temperature.

Prakash, A., J.C. Medcof and 565
A.D. Tennant (1971)
Bull.Fish.Res.Board Can., (177):87 p.
Paralytic shellfish poisoning in eastern
Canada

Reports on the cause, distribution, accumulation and elimination, effects and control, and characteristics, of paralytic shellfish poisoning in shellfish around the coast of eastern Canada. One of the species monitored is the sea scallop (Placopecten magellanicus).

Premetz, E.D. and G.W. Snow (1953) 566

Commer.Fish.Rev., 15(5):1-17

Status of the New England sea scallop fishery

Provides a review of the New England sea scallop, *Pecten grandis* (Solander), placing particular emphasis on New Bedford. Maps showing the relative abundance of sea scallops from 1944-1952 on Georges Bank grounds are provided. A tentative prediction as to the future of the scallop industry is included.

Priol, M. (1930) 567
Rev.Trav.Off.Sci.Tech.Pēches Marit.Nantes,
3 fasc.2(10):143-73
La coquille St. Jacques (Pecten maximus).
Résumé de nos connaissances pratiques sur
le mollusque (The scallop, Pecten
maximus. A résumé of our practical
knowledge of this mollusc)

Reports on studies into the bionomics, reproduction, embryology, distribution of commercial stocks, and fauna associated with the scallop *Pecten maximus* around the French coasts and in the English Channel. The French scallop fishery is investigated, details of the boats, gear, fishing methods, landings and values being provided. An analysis of the size distribution of the commercial stocks is presented. A list of regional French and foreign vernacular names relating to the scallop is also provided.

Punjamapirom, S. (1962) 568
Thesis, University of Toronto
A study on biochemical changes in the
adductor muscle of scallop (*Placopecten*magellanicus) on icing at 0°C and storage
at -23°C.

Purcell, J.C. and 569
Raunikar (1968)
Res. Bull. Univ. Georgia Coll. Agric. Exp. Stn., (51): 37 p.
Analysis of demand for fish and shellfish (Atlanta, Georgia Consumer Panel)

From data provided from 160 households over a 5 year period (1958 through 1962) an analysis of demand for fish and shell-fish is provided which includes separate statistics on consumption of fresh, frozen and canned scallops in Atlanta, Georgia. The results obtained are discussed in Gates, Malliesan and Griscan (1974).

Purchon, R.D. (1968) 570 London, Pergamon Press, 560 p. The biology of Mollusca

Quayle, D.B. (1961) 571
Manuscr.Rep.Ser.Fish.Res.Board Can.(Biol.),
(717)
Deep water clam and scallop survey in

British Columbia, 1960

Quayle, D.B. (1963)

Manuscr.Rep.Ser.Fish.Res.Board Can.(Biol.),
(746)

Deep water clam and scallop survey in
British Columbia, 1961

Rathjen, W.F. and 573
J.B. Rivers (1964)
Commer.Fish.Rev., 26(3):1-7
Gulf of Alaska scallop exploration - 1963

Provides the results of a survey for *Placopecten caurinus* in the Gulf of Alaska, during 1963, the objective being to determine the practicality of more detailed explorations in the area.

Rawitz, B. (1888) 574
Z.Naturviss., 22:416-556
Der Mantelrand der Acephalen. Erster Teil.
Ostreacea (The edge of the mantle of the Acephala. Pt. 1. Ostreacea)

Razin, A.I. (1934) 575
Izv.Tikhookean.Nauchno-Issled.Inst.Rybn.Khoz.
Okeanogr., 8:1-100
Commercial marine molluscs of southern
Primorye (in Russian)

Morphological description of Patinopecten yessoensis Jay is included.

Read, K.R.H. (1964) 576
Caribb.J.Sci., 4:459-65
Ecology and environmental physiology of some
Puerto Rican bivalve molluscs and a
comparison with boreal forms

The heat resistance of various bivalve molluscs, including Aequipecten irradians, was studied in aerated sea water and in sealed jars. This was correlated with the species ability to survive in intertidal or microaerophilic habitats.

Reddiah, K. (1959) 577
Ph.D. Thesis, Liverpool University
Studies on the biology of Manx pectinids
(lamellibranch) and on the copepods associated with some invertebrates

Reports on comparative biological studies of seven species of pectinid molluse, including Pecten maximus (L.), Chlamys opercularis (L.) and C. varia (L.), in Manx waters. The following are considered: taxonomy and distribution, age and growth, breeding and

gonad morphology, sexuality and sex change with descriptions of mixed sexes and true hermaphrodites, and copepods associated with lamellibranchs and some other marine invertebrates.

Reddiah, K. (1962) 578

J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 42:683-703

The sexuality and spawning of Manx pectinids

A comparative study of the breeding biology of five of the seven Pectinidae of the Isle of Man. Details are provided of the spawning and the morphological changes in the gonads of the five *Chlamys* spp. investigated, one of which was *Chlamys varia*.

Rees, C.B. (1954) 579
Bull.Mar.Ecol., 4(27):21-46
Continuous plankton records; the distribution of lamellibranch larvae in the North Sea 1950-51

Records the distribution of lamellibranch larvae in the North Sea in 1950 and 1951, including the larvae of *Pecten maximus* and *Chlamys opercularis*. This follows an earlier report on distribution in 1949 (Rees, C.B. (1951), *Bull.Mar.Ecol.*, 3: 105-34). Illustrations of the larvae are also presented.

Rees, W.J. (1957) 580

In The scallop, edited by I. Cox.
London, Shell Transport and Trad.Co.Ltd.,
pp. 15-32
The living scallop

Reid, R.G.B. (1965) 581 J.Zool.,Lond., 147:156-84 The structure and function of the stomach in bivalve molluscs

Presents morphological and physiological descriptions of the stomachs of nine bivalves, including *Pecten maximus* and *Chlamys opercularis*. Comparisons between the species are made and evolutionary theories are discussed.

Risser, J. (1901) 582
Rep.R.I.Comm.Inland Fish., (Year 31):47-55
Habits and life-history of the scallop
(Pecten irradians)

Describes the life history and habitat of Pecten irradians and discusses the dangers to a population when young scallops (up to one year old) are removed or damaged during commercial dredging.

Rivers, J.B. (1962) 583
Fish.Boat, 7(2):26-7
New scallop trawl developed for hard-bottom
fishing

Rivers, J.B. (1962a) 584

Commer.Fish.Rev., 24(5):11-4

A new scallop trawl for North Carolina

Reports on a new lightweight trawl developed for the calico scallop (Argopecten gibbus) fishery. A specification, with construction details, is provided. Operation and performance is compared with an 8ft Georges Bank dredge and the advantages of the new trawl are listed.

Robbins, S.F. (1962) 585 *Mass.Audubon*, 47:35-6 Bay scallops

The article provides a general morphological description of *Pecten magellanicus* and reports on the fishery and processing methods. Two brief morphological comparisons are made with *Pecten irradians*.

Roche, J., G. Ranson and
M. Eysseric-Lafon (1952)
C.R. Séances Soc. Biol. Paris, 145:1474-7
Sur la composition des scléroprotéines des coquilles des mollusques (conchiolines)
(On the scleroprotein composition of the scallop shell)

Reports on the shell composition of Pecten maximus.

Roche, W.L. (1925) 587

J.R.Microsc.Soc., 48:145-53

10. The distal retina and interstitial cells of the eye of Pecten

Provides descriptions, illustrations and photomicrographs of the distal retina and interstitial cells of *Pecten maximus* and *Pecten opercularis*.

Roe, R.B., R. Cummins, Jr. and 588 H.R. Bullis (1971) Fish.Bull.,NOAA/NMFS, 69(2):399-409 Calico scallop distribution, abundance, and yield off eastern Florida, 1967-1968

Presents the results of a comprehensive survey of the calico scallop (Argopecten gibbus) grounds off eastern Florida, carried out between August 1967 and December 1968 by the NMFS. The report discloses various aspects of the life history, distribution, abundance, yield, and annual variation in geographical and depth distribution of calico scallops. The possibility of a fall fishery for the scallops is discussed.

Rolfe, M.S. (1966) 589
Shellfish Inf.Leafl.Minist.Agric.Fish.
Food G.B., (2):3 p.
Scallops off the Cornish coast between
Rame Head and Fowey. Report of survey
made between 9-18 November, 1965

Reports on a survey carried out to assess the state of scallop stocks (*Pecten maximus*) in the vicinity of Plymouth, particularly inshore grounds falling within new fishing limits operational after 31 December 1975. Areas dredged ranged in depth from 20 to 34 fathoms. Size and age distribution of the stocks, and variations in roe condition were determined.

Rolfe, M.S. (1968) 590 Shellfish Inf.Leafl.Minist.Agric.Fish. Food G.B., (13):6 p. Escallops off Plymouth. Report of a survey made between 5-30 October 1968

Reports on a survey carried out to assess the state of scallop stocks (Pecten maximus) off Plymouth. Sampling and tagging methods are described. The positions of the highest catch areas are included. Size and age distribution of the stocks were determined. The author discusses the future of the scallop fishery.

Rolfe, M.S. (1973) 591 Shellfish Inf.Leafl.Minist.Agric.Fish.Food G.B., (27):13 p. Notes on queen scallops and how to catch them

Reports on the distribution, habitat, biology, growth, and meat condition and yield of queen scallops (*Chlamys opercularis*) in British waters. An account of the present U.K. fishery including details of gear and fishing methods used is provided. Handling and processing methods are also described.

Rolfe, M.S. and A. Franklin (1973) 592 ICES C.M. 1973/K:24 p. (mimeo) Tagging of scallops (*Pecten maximus*) in the English Channel

Ronholt, L.L. and C.R. Hitz (1968) 593 Commer.Fish.Rev., 30(7):42-9 Scallop explorations off Oregon

The results of two exploratory scallop surveys, carried out along the coast of Oregon to locate and delineate concentrations of *Patinopecten caurinus*, are presented. The catch rates of an 8ft (2.44m) New Bedford-type scallop dredge were determined and its catch efficiency was compared with that of a modified 400 mesh eastern otter trawl. Size distribution, abundance and distribution were determined and meat yield analyses were undertaken.

Rowell, T.W. and E.I. Lord (1965) 594 Manuscr.Rep.Ser.Fish.Res.Board Can.(Biol.), (842):38 p. Gulf of St. Lawrence scallop survey - 1965

Royce, W.F. (1946) 595 Commer.Fish.Rev., 8(12):7-11. Issued also as: Fish.Leafl.V.S.Fish Wildl.Serv., (225):4 p. Gear used in the sea scallop fishery

Ruegg, J.C. (1961) 596

Proc.R.Soc.Lond.(B Biol.Sci.), 154(955):209-23

The proteins associated with contraction in lamellibranch "catch" muscle

In ${\it Pecten maximus}$ - tropomyosin and muscle tone.

Sakaguchi, M., D.F. Hiltz and 597
W.J. Dyer (1975)
J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 32(8):1329-37
Metabolism of pyruvate in post-mortem adductor muscle of the sea scallop (Placopecten magellanicus) during iced storage

Describes experiments carried out to study the glycolytic metabolic pathways in postmortem adductor muscle of the sea scallop ($Placopecten\ magellanicus$), during iced storage, by means of $^{14}\text{C-}$ pyruvate injected into the muscle, immediately after and up to four days after shucking.

Sakai, K. (1975) 598
Fish.News Int., 14(2):42-3
Japan fishermen will campaign against nuclear ship

Describes series of protests against nuclear powered ship MUTSU by Japanese scallop fishermen in Mutsu Bay. A brief description of scallop culture, with production figures for 1970-1973, in Mutsu Bay is provided.

Sakamoto, M., Y. Fujii and 599
K. Nakamura (1973)
Bull.Tokai Reg.Fish.Res.Lab., (75):107-18
Changes of the components in adductor muscle of scallop during storage (in Japanese, English abstr.)

Describes the changes in the chemical components in adductor muscle of three groups of *Pecten yessoensis* (raw sample with shell, boiled sample with shell, and boiled sample of adductor muscle) stored at 2-3°C, -10°C and -30°C.

Salánki, J. (1966) 600 Ann.Inst.Biol.Tihany, 33:135-42 Daily activity rhythm of two Mediterranean Lamellibranchia (Pecten jacobaeus and Lithophaga lithophaga) regulated by lightdark period

Salánki, J. (1966a) 601 Comp. Biochem. Physiol., 18:829-43 Comparative studies on the regulation of the periodic activity in marine lamellibranchs Salánki, J. and I.Zs. Nagy (1966) 602 Acta Biol. Hung., 17:315-28 Comparative histological investigations on marine lamellibranch adductors in different functional conditions

Sanders, M.J. (1966) 603
Nature, Lond., (5059):307-8. Issued also as:
Fish. Contrib. Fish Wildl. Dep., Vict., (25)
Parasitic castration of the scallop Pecten
alba by a bucephalid trematode

Describes the effects of parasitization on the scallop *Pecten alba* by a bucephalid trematode, in Port Phillip Bay, Victoria

Sanders, M.J. (1966a) 604 Aust.Fish.Newsl., 25(8):11, 13 Victorian offshore scallop explorations

Reports on an exploratory survey carried out in Victoria during Feb.-Mar. 1966. Descriptions of the gear used and types of bottom encountered are provided. The results of the hauls are analysed and discussed.

Sanders, M.J. (1966b) 605 Aust.Fish.Newsl., 25(9):11, 13, 15 History of Victorian scallop fishery

Sanders, M.J. (1967) 606

Aust.Fish.Newsl., 26(1):23-5. Issued also as:
Fish.Circ.Fish Wildl.Dep.,Vict., (16)

Port Phillip Bay scallop catch predictions

Using catch per unit effort data and field surveys, catch rate predictions are made for the Port Phillip Bay scallop (*Pecten alba*) fishery.

Sanders, M.J. (1970) 607 Aust.Fish., 29:2-11 The Australian scallop industry

Information on the distribution of the following scallop species around Australia, the fishing methods employed to catch them, and the areas of commercial importance is presented: Pecten alba, P. meridionalis, Amusium balloti, A. pleuronectes, Chlamys asperrimus and Equichlamys bifrons. A report on the fisheries, annual catches, fisheries regulations, processing and marketing and exports is presented, and a discussion on the prospects for development of the fishery is also included.

Sanders, M.J. (1971) 608
Paper presented to the National Fisheries
Seminar, Australian National University,
Dec. 1971
The Australian scallop fishery (revision)

Sanders, M.J. (1973) 609 Fish. Contrib. Fish Wildl. Dep., Vict., (29):51 p. Culture of the scallop, Patinopeeten yessoensis (Jay) in Japan

Reports on the ways in which Patinopecten yessoensis larvae and spat are collected and grown on to commercial size in Japanese coastal areas. The techniques employed in induced spawning in adult scallops for the mass production of spat are also described.

Sanders, M.J. and 610
N.H. Sturgess (1967)
Aust.Fish.Newsl., 26(11):15-6
Economic study of Victoria scallop fishery

From interviews with owners/operators details of capital investment, running costs and incomes for boats operating in the Victoria scallop fishery are provided. The relative economic success of boats of different lengths is analysed. Economic guides to assist the management of the fishery are also included.

Sanders, M.J. and 611 N.H. Sturgess (1968) Fish.Contrib.Fish Wildl.Dep., Vict., (26): 29 p.

The economics of the Victorian scallop fishery in 1964-65

Provides an economic analysis of the Victorian scallop fishery based on the commercial scallop *Pecten alba* (Tate). General descriptions of the fishery, the economics of scallop fishing, and budgeting calculations are presented. Also included are calculations which provide a basis for the limitation of boats in the fishery.

Sanger, J.W. (1971) 612 Z.Zellforsch.Mikrosk.Anat., 118:156-61 Sarcoplasmic reticulum in the crossstriated adductor muscle of the bay scallop, Aequipecten irradians

Reports on investigations into the fine structure of the striated adductor muscle

of Aequipecten irradians with particular emphasis on the sarcoplasmic reticulum.

Sanger, J.W. and 613
A.G. Szent-Gyorgyi (1964)
Biol. Bull. Mar. Biol. Lab. Woods Hole, 127(2):391
Band pattern changes in the striated adductor muscle of Pecten irradians

Reports on observations of band patterns of *P. irradians* adductor muscle taken at different lengths.

Sars, G.O. (1878) 614 Cristiania, Trykt Hos A.W. Brøgger, 466 p. Bidrag til Kundskaben om Norges Arktiske fauna. 1. Mollusca regionis articae Norvegiae (Contribution to the knowledge of Norwegian Arctic fauna. 1. Mollusca of the Norwegian Arctic region)

The distribution and morphology of Pectinidae in Arctic Norwegian waters is reported. Pecten opercularis and P. islandicus are included.

Sastry, A.N. (1961) 615
Ph.D. Dissertation, Library, Florida State
University, 118 p.
Studies on the bay scallop, Aequipecten
irradians concentricus Say, in Alligator
Harbour, Florida

Sastry, A.N. (1962) 616
Q.J.Fla.Acad.Sci., 25:89-95
Some morphological and ecological differences in two closely related species of scallops, Aequipecten irradians Lamarck and A. gibbus Dall from the Gulf of Mexico

Lists the morphological differences and overlapping characteristics of the shells of the bay scallop Aequipecten irradians concentricus and the calico scallop Aequipecten gibbus collected from the Gulf of Mexico. Graphs illustrate the differing proportions of hinge length to length and height, and the variations in rib numbers of the two species. Habitat comparisons are also made.

Sastry, A.N. (1963) 617 Biol. Bull. Mar. Biol. Lab. Woods Hole, 125(1): 146-53

Reproduction of the bay scallop, Aequipecten irradians (Lamarck): influence of temperature on maturation and spawning

Sastry, A.N. (1965) 618
Bull.Mar.Sci., 15:417-35
The development and external morphology of pelagic and post larval stages of the bay scallop Aequipecten irradians concentricus Say, reared in the laboratory

Sastry, A.N. (1966) 619 Biol.Bull.Mar.Biol.Lab.Woods Hole, 130: 118-34

Temperature effects in reproduction of the bay scallop, Aequipecten irradians Lamarck

Sastry, A.N. (1966a) 620
Am. Zool., 5:374-5
Variation in reproduction of latitudinally separated populations of two marine invertebrates

Describes variation in the breeding of latitudinally separated populations of Arbacia punctulata and Aequipecten irradians by determination of gonad index and gametogenesis in monthly samples. The influence of temperature on these variations in gonad growth is also described.

Sastry, A.N. (1968) 621
Physiol.Zool., 41:44-53
The relationships among food, temperature and gonad development of the bay scallops
Aequipecten irradians Lamarck

Resting and reproductive stage bay scallops, Aequipecten irradians, were exposed to various temperatures and a constant photo-period, with and without food, to study their relationship to the initiation and development of gonad formation to maturation.

Sastry, A.N. (1970) 622 Biol.Bull.Mar.Biol.Lab.Woods Hole, 138:56-65 Reproductive physiological variation in latitudinally separated populations of the bay scallop Aequipecten irradians Lamarck

Comparisons are made between two geographically separated populations of *Aequipecten irradians*, from Massachusetts and North Carolina. The possible reasons for the variations in reproductive physiology are discussed.

Sastry, A.N. (1970 a) 623 Experientia, 26:1371-2

Environmental regulation of oocyte growth in the bay scallop Aequipecten irradians Lamarck

Provides the results of experiments carried out to determine the effects of temperature, food day length, and internal stimuli on occyte growth in Aequipecten irradians.

Sastry, A.N. and N.J. Blake (1971) 624 Biol.Bull.Mar.Biol.Lab.Woods Hole, 140:274-83 Regulation of gonad development in the bay scallop, Aequipecten irradians (Lamarck)

Considers the influence of temperature on the transfer of nutrient reserves from the digestive gland to the gonad, for utilization by developing gametes, in *Aequipecten irradians* (Lam.), with the aid of ¹⁴C-leucine.

Sastry, A.N. and 625 R. Winston-Menzel (1962) Biol.Bull.Mar.Biol.Lab.Woods Hole, 123:388-95 Influence of hosts on the behaviour of the commensal crab Pinnotheres maculatus Say

Experiments, using a circular choice apparatus, to signify the attraction of commensal crabs, Pinnotheres maculatus, to bay scallops, Aequipecten irradians concentricus, and penshells Afrina rigida are reported. Host specificity is also investigated.

Scarlato, O.A. (1955) 626
In Atlas of invertebrates of Far Eastern seas of the U.S.S.R. Moscow, Akademiia Nauk, pp. 185-98
Bivalvia (= Lamellibranchiata, Pelecypoda) (in Russian)

Provides information on the distribution, depth range, and size range of *Pecten* yessoensis Jay. A plate of the scallop is included.

Scarlato, O.A. (1960) 627
Opred.Faune S.S.S.R., 71:1-127
The bivalved molluscs of the Far East seas (the order of Dvsodonta) (in Russian)
Pecten yessoensis distribution.

Scarratt, D.J. (1975) 628 Tech.Rep.Fish.Mar.Serv.Can., (532):15 p. Observations on lobsters and scallops near Picton, N.S.

This report provides the results of observations by divers on the lobster populations found on inshore areas fished for scallops. Observations were made of the operation of scallop drags and the damage caused by the drags to lobsters. Recommendations as to the types of dredges which should be permitted, and to the opening time of the scallop season, as as to avoid damage to lobster populations, are included.

Schaefers, E.A. and 629
K.A. Smith (1954)
Commer. Fish. Rev., 16(3):1-12
Shellfish explorations in the Yakutat Bay area, Alaska, by the JOHN N. COBB.
Spring 1953

Reports on beam trawl, otter trawl, and New Bedford type scallop dredge catches of *Patinopecten caurinus* in the Yakutat Bay area.

Schelske, C.L. (1973) 639
Proc.Ser.IAEA, (IAEA-SM-158/20):331-46
Fallout 54Mn accumulated by bay scallop
Argopeaten irradians (Lamarck) near
Beaufort, N. Carolina. Symposium on the
Interaction of Radioactive Contaminants
with the Constituents of the Marine
Environment, Seattle, WA (USA), 10 July

Bay scallops Argopecten irradians, collected in estuarine waters near Beaufort between January 1963 and June 1966 were examined for the presence of gamma radioactivity from ⁵⁴Mn fallout. Comparisons with other lamellibranch molluscs, from the same area, are made. Analyses of the internal organs were carried out to determine the regions of greatest concentration. Mechanism of

54Mm and stable Mn accumulation are postulated from data on specific activity of different tissues, mode of scallop feeding and the results of laboratory experiments in which labelled phytoplankton were fed to scallops. Health aspects are discussed.

Schloemer, A. (1953) 631 Aquar.-Terr.Z., 6:255-8 Einige Flachseemuscheln (Some shallow-water mussels)

Schrader, E. (1910) 632
Wiss.Meeeresunt., 12:1-72
Lamellibranchiaten der Nordsee
(Lamellibranchia of the North Sea)

Provides morphological descriptions, distribution, and size ranges of lamellibranchs found in the North Sea, including *Pecten opercularis* (Linné) and *P. islandicus* (Müller, O.F.).

Schrenck, L. (1967)*

In Reisen und Forschungen in Amur-Land in den Jahren 1854-1856, by L. Schrenck.

St. Petersburg, 2:259-973

Mollusken des Amur-Landes und des

Nordjapanischen Meeres (Molluscs of the Amur-

Description and distribution of Pecten yessoensis.

Landes and the North Japanese Sea)

Scott, J.S. (1970) 634

Redbook ICNAF, 1970:17-29

Reports on researches in Area B. Subareas
4 and 5

Provides the following reports on *Placopecten magellanicus* for 1969: total landings and divisional area landings; biological studies carried out in 1969; status of the fishery; landings and effort from Georges Bank; special research - biological - collection of catch statistics.

Seiden, W.R. (1971) 635
In Modern fishing gear of the world, edited
by H. Kristjonsson. London, Fishing News
(Books) Ltd., vol. 3:48-50
Video scallop assessment system

Describes the development of, and evaluates in the field, a remote underwater fishery

assessment system (RUFAS) used to provide accurate estimates of calico scallop (Argopecten gibbus) concentrations on the Cape Kennedy beds.

Sharp, B. (1884) 636 Mitt. 2001. Stn. Neapel., 5:447-70 On the visual organs in Lamellibranchiata

Sharp, B. (1887)
Proc.Acad.Nat.Sci.Philad., 1886:61
On the eye of Pecten

Shaw, W.N. (1974) 638

NOAA Tech.Rep.NMFS Circ., (388):57-65

Aquaculture of molluscs along the United
States Atlantic and Gulf coasts

Provides a review of the past and present status of molluscan aquaculture with particular reference to three species of molluscs, the bay scallop Aequipecten irradians being one of the included species.

Shaw, W.N. (1974a) 639 NOAA Tech.Rep.NMFS Circ., (388):107-10 Shellfish culture in Japan

Report describing the cultivation of the principal species of molluscs, including *Pecten yessoensis*, in Japan. Production figures are included.

Sheldon, R.W. (1967) 640 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 24(5):1165-71 Relationship between shell weight and age in certain molluscs

Pecten maximus is one of the included species.

Shieh, H.S. (1968) 641 Comp.Biochem.Physiol., 27:533-41. Issued also as: Stud.Fish.Res.Board Can., (1272):141-9

The characterization and incorporation of radioactive bases into scallop phospholipids

Reports on the major phospholipids found in the scallop *Placopecten magellanicus* Gmelin, and lists the predominating fatty acids. The methods used to demonstrate

the in-vivo incorporation of choline methyl- c^{14} , ethanolamine-l-e- c^{14} and serine-3- c^{14} are described.

Sicardi, O.E. and 642
A. Figueiras (1971)*
Com. Soc. Malacol. Urug., 3(20):97-9
Presencia de Chlamys noronhensis (E.A. Smith, 1885) en aguas Uruguayas (The presence of Chlamys noronhensis (E.A. Smith, 1885) in Uruguayan waters)

Sidwell, V.D., J.C. Bonnet and 643 E.G. Zook (1973) Mar.Fish.Rev., 35(12):16-9 Chemical and nutritive values of several fresh and canned finfish, crustaceans, and mollusks. Pt. 1: proximate composition, calcium and phosphorous

This paper presents the proximate composition of calcium and phosphorous of the edible portions of 32 commonly eaten finfish, crustaceans and molluscs. The mean, standard error of the mean, range, and number of analyses are given for each component. The following scallop species are included: Pecten irradians, Argopecten gibbus, Placopecten magellanicus.

Simpson, A.C. (1970) 644
In The fish resources of the oceans, edited by J.A. Gulland. FAO Fish.Tech.Pap., (97): 180-205. Rev.ed. published by Fishing News (Books), West Byfleet, Surrey (1971) Molluscan resources

Pecten maximus, Chlamys varia, C. opercularis, Placopecten magellanicus, Aequipecten irradians, C. islandicus, P. gibbus, C. (Argopecten) purpuratus, P. patria, Patinopecten caurinus, P. yessoensis, A. balloti, P. alba, M. asperrimus, N. meridionalis, E. bifrons

Simpson, A.C. and M.S. Rolfe (1964) 645 Burnham-on-Crouch, Fisheries Laboratory, 6 p. Escallops off Northumberland - report of survey made 15-19 Dec. 1964

Reports on a survey carried out to determine the extent of scallop (*Pecten maximus*) grounds off the Northumberland coast and to ascertain the size distribution and meat quality of the scallops. Sinderman, C.J. (1971) 646
Annu.Rep.Am.Malacol.Union, (1970):35-6
Predators and diseases of commercial
marine Mollusca of the United States

Lists predators and diseases of commercial marine molluscs of the U.S. and their effect on commercial populations of oysters, scallops and abalones. The effects of transmissible mollusc diseases on humans are also described.

Skreslet, S. (1973) 647

Astarte, 6(1):9-14

Spawning in Chlamys islandica (O.F. Miller) in relation to temperature variations caused by vernal meltwater discharge

Determines the relationships between temperature variations and gonad weight, temperature and spawning periods, and increased meltwater discharge and short spawning period variations in *Chlamys islandica*, in Balsfjord, North Norway.

Skreslet, S. and E. Brun (1969) 648
Astarte, 2:1-6
On the reproduction of *Chlamys islandica* (0.F. Müller) and its relation to depth and temperature

Reports on investigations into the changes in gonad index in pre- and post-spawning Chlamys islandica in Balsfjord, North Norway. The effects of depth, temperature and lunar phases on spawning are also reported.

Skul'skii, I.A. (1969) 649
2h.Evol.Biokhim.Fiziol., 5:249-54. Transl.
in: J.Evol.Biochem.Physiol., 5:196-200
Comparative studies on the distribution
of Na and K ions in muscle tissues of
invertebrates and vertebrates (in Russian,
English summary)

Smith, A.G. (1963) 650

Veliger, 5:160-1

Two range extensions

Pecten caurinus range extension.

Smith, G.S. (1972) 651
Natl.Fisherman, Feb.:1c
Cape Cod towns attuned to call of aphrodites'
graceful vessel

Cape Cod scallop fishery (Pecten irradians). Includes information on: catch and population fluctuations, value statistics, external morphology, migration, fishing season, fishing methods, locomotion and effects of eelgrass depletion on the scallop population.

Smith, H.M. (1889) 652 Bull.U.S.Fish.Comm., 9:313-35 The giant scallop fishery of Maine

Presents a comprehensive report of the giant scallop fishery of Maine based on *Pecten magellanicus*. The natural history, distribution, morphology, life history, parasites, history and present state of the fishery, fishing methods, catches for 1887-1889, suggestions for advancement of fishery, handling, processing, prices, and food value of the scallop are reported.

Dickie, L.M. and 653 J.S. MacPhail (1957) Progr.Rep.Fish.Res.Board Can.Atl.Coast Stn., (66):3-9 An experimental mechanical shellfish digger

Somerville, G.M. and 654 L.M. Dickie (1957) Circ.Fish.Res.Board Can.Atl.Biol.Stn.,(Gen. Ser.), (30):4 p. Offshore scallop explorations - 1957

Reports on a survey carried out on St. Pierre Bank, Sable Island Bank, Middle Ground, and Banquereau to determine the extent of the grounds and scallop (*Placopecten magellanicus*) concentrations. The ability of the grounds to substain commercial fisheries is discussed.

Soot-Ryen, T. (1963) 655 Proc.Malacol.Soc.Lond., 35:111-2 Notes on the species of Pecten described by O.F. Miller 1776

Provides notes on three species of *Pecten* whose names are considered for revision. Their position with reference to the remaining four species of Muller's pectens are presented in a revised list. The revised list includes *Pecten maximus* (Linne 1758), Chlamys islandica (Miller 1776), Aequipecten

opercularis (Linne 1758) - revised from p. 20 - sulcatus (Miller, 1776).

Sprague, J.B. and 656 J.R. Duffy (1971) J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 28(1):59-64 DDT residues in Canadian Atlantic fishes and shellfishes in 1967

DDT residues in Canadian Atlantic fishes and shellfishes in 1967. *Placopecten magellanicus* is one of the included species.

Squires, H.T. (1962) 657 Bull.Fish.Res.Board Can., (135):29 p. Giant scallops in Newfoundland coastal waters

Presents the results of an exploratory survey carried out on the west coast of Newfoundland during 1957 and 1958 to find commercial quantities of giant scallops Placopecten magellanicus. Meat yields, size ranges and growth rates were determined and the possible ways in which the settlement of spat in the area takes place is discussed. The areas of capture of Chlamys islandicus, caught during the survey, is also reported.

Stafford, J. (1909) 658 Contrib.Can.Biol., (14) 1906-1910:221-42 On the recognition of bivalve larvae in plankton collections

Provides descriptions of the procedures involved in the capture and preservation of bivalve larvae caught off the Atlantic coast of Canada. Written descriptions and plates for the identification of larvae and young stages of bivalve molluscs, including Pecten magellanicus and P. islandicus, are provided.

Stauffer, R.C. (1937) 659
Ecology, 18:427-31
Changes in the invertebrate community
of a lagoon after the disappearance of
eel grass

Reports on the effects of the disappearance of a typical eel grass area, exterminated by a mycetozoan parasite, on the invertebrate community with which it is associated. *Pecten irradians* is one of the included species.

Stead, D.H. (1973) 660
Fish. Tech. Rep. Minist. Agric. Fish. Food, N.Z., (124):1-14
Scallop surveys - Fiordland - 1972

Reports on a diving and dredging survey carried out in Fiordland, in July 1972, to determine whether commercial stocks of the southern scallop *Pecten novaezelandiaz rakiura* were present. Dredging and diving methods are described and discussed and the results of the survey analysed.

Stead, D.H. (1973a) 661
Fish.Tech.Rep.Minist.Agric.Fish.Food, N.Z., (123):8 p.
Shellfish survey - Nelson sewer outfall area April-June 1972

Presents the results of a survey, carried out during April-June 1972, to assess the level of shellfish resources in an area which might be affected by sewage from the Nelson City sewer outfall. Length frequency of live and dead scallop (Pecten novaezelandiae) shells and their distribution is reported. Gonad condition of the scallops and the state of the bed are described.

Steinberg, M.A. and 662
D. Miyauchi (1969)
Proc.Natl.Shellfish Assoc., 59(1968):13 (abstr.)
Preliminary studies on utilization of Pacific scallops (Patinopecten caurinus)

Describes trials carried out on a newly developed mechanised procedure for shucking Pacific scallops (Patinopecten caurinus).

Stephens, R.E. and 663
E.E. Levine (1970)
J.Cell.Biol., 46:416-21
Some enzymatic properties of axonemes from the cilia of Pecten irradians

Stephens, R.E. and 664
R.W. Linck (1969)
J.Mol.Biol., 40:497-501
A comparison of muscle actin and ciliary microtubule protein in the mollusk Pecten irradians

Stevenson, J.A. (1932) 665
Progr.Rep.Biol.Board Can.Atl.Biol.Stn.,
(4):8-10
Scallops: a Bay of Fundy resource

Stevenson, J.A. (1934) 666 Progr.Rep.Biol.Board Can.Atl.Biol.Stn., (11):10-1
The growth rate of Canadian scallops

Stevenson, J.A. (1935) 667

Manuscr.Rep.Ser.Biol.Board Can., (121)

Reports of the Fundy scallop investigation conducted by the Biological Board of Canada during the summer of 1935

Stevenson, J.A. (1936) 669

Manuscr.Rep.Ser.Fish.Res.Board Can., (197)

The scallop fishery of the Fundy area

Stevenson, J.A. (1936a) 670
Manuscr.Rep.Ser.Fish.Res.Board Can.,
(248)
The growth-rate, temperature, and
salinity relations of the giant scallop,
Placopecten grandis (Solander)

Stevenson, J.A. (1936b) 671

Manuser.Rep.Ser.Fish.Res.Board Can.,
(373):184 p. Issued also as: M.A. Thesis,
University of Western Ontario
The Canadian scallop: its fishery, lifehistory and some environmental
relationships

Stevenson, J.A. (1951) 672
Manuscr.Rep.Ser.Fish.Res.Board Can.,
(420)
Growth of the giant scallop
(Placopecten grandis (Sol.)), 1932

Station

Stevenson, J.A. and 673
L.M. Dickie (1954)
J.Mar.Res.Board Can., 11(5):660-71
Annual growth rings and rate of growth of the giant scallop (Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin)) in the Digby area of the Bay of Fundy

From observations carried out on growth rings, on the valves of mature and young *Placopecten magellanicus*, a general growth curve is constructed.

Stone, F.E. (1970) 674

J.Food Sci., 35:565-7

Enzymatic deamination of adenosine monophosphate (AMP), adenosine and adenine by salmon, crab and scallop muscle extracts

Patinopeaten caurinue.

Suter, H. (1913) 675 Wellington, N.Z., John Mackay, Govt. Printer, 1120 p. Manual of the New Zealand Mollusca with an atlas of quarto plates

Suzuki, S. and
Y. Sugawara (1969)
Tohoku J. Agric. Res., 20:204-11
The effects of methionine and choline chloride on the digestive gland of the Japanese scallop, Patinopecten yessoensis (Jay)

Reports on a study carried out to determine the effects of methionine and choline chloride on the digestive gland of Patinopeoten yessoensis (Jay) kept at a temperature of 24 ± 0.5 oc for 200 hours.

Suzuki, S. and 677
Y. Sugawara (1970)
Tohoku J. Agric. Res., 21:40-5
The effect of methionine on the digestive gland of the Japanese scallop, Patinopecten yessoensis (Jay), with special reference to the total lipid content and the morphological changes in the digestive gland

Suzuki, S., Y. Sugawara and 678 T. Imai (1968) Tohoku J.Agric.Res., 19:240-9 Microscopic studies on the digestive gland of the scallop, Patinopecten yessoensis (Jay)

Presents the results of microscopic observations carried out to determine the

seasonal changes that take place in the tubule of the digestive gland of Patinopecten yessoensis.

Swedmark, M. (1974) 679
In Ecological aspects of toxicity testing of oils and dispersants, edited by L.R.
Benyon and E.B. Cowell. Workshop in the toxicity testing of oils and dispersants,
Institute of Petroleum, London.
Applied Science Publishers Ltd., pp. 41-51
Toxicity testing at Kristineberg Zoological

Swedmark, M., A. Granmo and 680 S. Kollberg (1973) Water Res., 7(11):1649-72 Effects of oil dispersants and oil emulsion on marine animals

Reports on experiments carried out to determine the toxic effects of nine oil dispersants on marine animals. The effects on locomotory behaviour, breathing rate (fish), valve closure (bivalves), and byssal thread formation are determined. Comparisons between fish, crustaceans and bivalves are made and between active and inactive species. Recovery rates are also determined. The ecological consequences of dispersants and oil pollution are discussed. P. (Chlamys) opercularis is one of the bivalve species investigated.

Swedmark, M. et al. (1971) 681
Mar. Biol., 9:183-201
Biological effects of surface active agents on marine animals
Pecten maximus included.

Szent-Gyorgyi, A.G., C. Cohen 682 and J. Kendrick-Jones (1971) J.Mol.Biol., 56:239-58 Paramyosin and the filaments of molluscan "catch" muscles. 2. Native filaments: isolation and characterisation

Analyses the composition and organisation of native filaments of molluscan muscles containing paramyosin. The adductor muscles of four molluscan species were used, including those of Aequipecten irradians and Placopecten magellanicus.

Takahashi, K. and
K. Mori (1971)

Tohoku J.Agric.Res., 22:114-33

Seasonal variation in the metabolism of lipids and glycogen in the scallop, Patinopecten yessoensis (Jay). 1. Biochemical studies

Tamura, T. et al. (1964) 684
Can.J.Biochem., 42:1331-7
Isolation of 22-dehydrocholesterol from scallop

Describes the isolation of 22-dehydrocholesterol from the scallop *Placopecten* magellanicus Gmelin, and the separation of azoyl esters of the unsaponifiable fats. Comparisons of the sterols physical properties are made with synthetic 22-dehydrocholesterol and 22-dehydrocholesterol isolated from a species of red algae.

Tanaka, S. (1962)*

Hokusuishi Getsuku, 19(11):28-39

Saikin no Hotategai chôsa kara erareta jikken ni tsuite (On the results of recent experiments relating to the scallop)

Tang, S.F. (1941) 686
Proc.Liverp.Biol.Soc., 54:9-28
The breeding of the escallop (Pecten maximus L.) with a note on the growth rate

Reports on the annual reproductive cycle, breeding period and growth rate of *Pecten maximus* Determined from in situ and laboratory experiments carried out at Port Erin Biological Station, Isle of Man. The effect of lunar periodicity on breeding is discussed. General considerations on the Port Erin scallop fishery are also included.

Tappel, A.L. (1960) 687

J.Cell.Comp.Physiol., 55:111-26

Cytochromes of muscles of marine invertebrates

Reports on comparative spectrophotometric studies into the cytochromes of some crustaceans and bivalve mollusks, including Pecten irradians and Pecten magellanicus.

Tasmania Standing Committee on 688
Fisheries, South Eastern Fisheries
Committee
Hobart, Tasmania Department of Primary
Industry, 3 p.
Scallop research Group, Fish Meeting, February
1971. Record of discussions

Taylor, D.M. (1967) 689 Ocean Ind., 2(12):20-4 Billion-dollar scallop find?

Reports on a new fishery for calico scallops (Argopecten gibbus) off the east coast of Florida and describes the combined survey operation of a scallop dredger and a submarine to produce population estimates for the new beds. Catch rates are included. Problems overcome by processors and fishermen entering the fishery are discussed.

Tebble, N. (1966) 690 London, British Museum (Natural History), 212 p. British bivalve shells

Templeman, W. (1966) 691 Bull.Fish.Res.Board Can., (154):170 p. Marine resources of Newfoundland

Reports on the distribution and various fisheries for commercial species of marine fish, crustaceans, mammals and molluscs (including *Placopecten magellanicus* and *Chlamys islandicus*), and seaweed harvesting around Newfoundland.

Templeman, W. (1965) 692
Redbook ICNAF, 1965:3-19. Issued also as:
Stud.Fish.Res.Board Can., (1023)
Reports on researches Area A. Subareas
2 and 3

Templeman, W. (1966) 693

Redbook ICNAF, 1966:3-13

Reports on researches in Area A.

Subareas 1, 2 and 3

Sea scallop (*Placopecten magellanicus*) Gmelin, Canadian sea scallop landings from St. Pierre Bank are compared with with those of 1964.

Thayer, C.W. (1971) 694

Proc.Malacol.Soc.Lond., 39:371-6

Fish-like crypsis in swimming monomyaria

Thayer, G.W. and 695
H.H. Stuart (1974)
Mar.Fish.Rev., 36(7): 27-30
The bay scallop makes its bed of seagrass

Preliminary data are presented to show the effect of commercial dredging and trawling on seagrass beds in N. Carolina, to which larval bay scallops (Aequipecten irradians) attach, and the consequential effect on the scallop population.

Thomas, F.B. et al. (1966) 696 Spec.Sci.Rep.N.C.Dep.Conserv.Dev., (10):26 p. A study of the quality of North Carolina scallops

Thomas, G.E. and 697 L.D. Gryffydd (1971) Mar.Biol., 10:87-93 The types of escape reactions elicited in the scallop *Pecten maximus* by selected seastar species

Thomas, H.J. (1970) 698 Scott.Fish.Bull., (33):11 Scallops move forward

A history of the Scottish scallop fishery, based on *Pecten maximus*, is presented leading up to present day developments within the fishery. The effect of the recent introduction of queens (*Chlamys opercularis*) into the fishery and future trends resulting from this are discussed.

Thompson, J.M. (1963) 699
Spec.Publ.ICNAF, (4):50-8
The tagging and marking of marine animals in Australia. Paper presented at the North Atlantic Fish Marking Symposium, Woods Hole, Massachusetts, May 1961

Thompson, M.H. (1964) 700
Fish. Ind. Res., 2(3):11-5
Cholesterol content of various species of shellfish. 1. Method of analysis and preliminary survey of variables

A method for the determination of total cholesterol is described, which allows the recovery of 97% of the cholesterol material, with a relative mean error of -0.03mg cholesterol per 100g of sample, and a relative standard deviation of 0.045mg/-100g. Preliminary total cholesterol values are

provided for various species of crabs, clams, oysters, shrimps and sea scallops (Aequipecten grandis).

Thurber, L.K. (1967) 701
Ottawa, Department of Fisheries, 5 p. (unpubl.rep.)
Report on scallop fishing trip aboard dragger CHARLOTTE AND RICKEY

Tibilova, T.Kh. and 702
Yu.Eh. Bregman (1975)
Ehkologiya, (2):65-72
Rost dvustvorchatogo molluska
Mizuhopecten yessoensis v bukhte
Troitsky (Zaliv Poséta, Yaponskoe moze)
(Growth of the bivalve mollusc
Mizuhopecten yessoensis in Trinity Bay,
Poset Bay, Sea of Japan)

Reports on studies into the size-age structure, and the linear growth, and its seasonal variations in a population, of *Misuhopecten yessoensis* in Trinity Bay. The relationships between shell length, total weight and age were observed and the maximum life span of the scallop calculated.

Tomita, K. (1965) 703

Bull.Jap.Soc.Sci.Fish., 31:888-95

On the resources of the scallop,

Patinopecten yessoensis, Jay, and the
benthonic communities of the scallop
fishing ground in Soya District, Hokkaido,
Japan (in Japanese, with English summary)

Investigations were carried out to investigate the scallop (Patinopecten yessoensis Jay) resources and the benthonic communities of the scallop fishing grounds in Soya district, Hokkaido, Japan. The reasons for the post 1960 decrease in scallops in Soya district is discussed.

Tonomura, Y., K. Yagi and 704
H. Matsumiya (1955)
Arch. Biochem. Biophys., 59:76-89
Contractile proteins from adductors of Pecten. 1. Some enzymic and physiochemical properties

Tonomura, Y., K. Yagi and 705
H. Matsumija (1956)
Arch. Biochem. Biophys., 64:466-79
Contractile proteins from adductors of Pecten.
2. Interaction with adenosine triphosphate

Topping, G. (1973) 706
Aquaculture, 1(4):379-84
Heavy metals in shellfish from Scottish
waters

Concentrations of four heavy metals (Cu, Zn, Cd and Pb) were measured in three crustacean and three molluscan species (including Peaten maximus and Chlamus sp.) collected from coastal areas off Scotland. Possible geographical variations in heavy metal concentrations are discussed.

Tressler, D.K. (1923) 707
In Marine products of commerce. New York,
Chemical Catalog Co., pp. 607-15
Miscellaneous shellfish industries of the
United States - scallops

Reports on the distribution, life history, and fisheries for *Pecten gibbus* var. *borealis* (Say) and *Placopecten arandis* off the Atlantic coast of the United States of America. Analyses of the chemical composition of the scallops, and descriptions of processing methods, and by-products use are also included.

Trueman, E.R. (1953) 708 Q.J.Microsc.Sci., 94(2):193-202 The ligament of *Pecten*

Presents a morphological study of the ligaments of Pecten maximus and Chlamus opercularis.

Trueman, E.R. (1953a) 709 J. Exp. Biol., 30:453-67

Observations on certain mechanical properties of the ligament of *Pecten*

Reports on studies carried out into the structure, mechanical properties, and action of the ligament of *Pecten*.

Tubb, J.A. (1946) 710

J.Coun.Sci.Ind.Res.Aust., 19(2):202-11

The Tasmanian scallop (Pecten medius) Lamarck.

1. First report on tagging experiments

Describes a new method of marking shellfish, using celluloid discs, as shown in tagging

experiments with the Tasmanian scallop Featen medius Lamarck. The results and refinements to the tagging technique are included and the rate of growth of tagged scallops is reported. The effects of tagging on individuals is discussed.

Tubiash, H.S. and 711
P.E. Chanley (1963)
Bacteriol. Proc., 1963:164
Bacterial necrosis of bivalve larvae

Describes the hinderance, to shellfish hatcheries, of highly fatal epizootics in pre- and post-setting nursery stock. Infection and death by necrosis is shown in four bivalve species, including Peaten irradians. Control methods are also described.

Tubiash, H.S., P.E. Chanley 712 and E. Leifson (1965) J.Bact., 90:1036-44 Bacillary necrosis, a disease of larval and juvenile bivalve molluscs

Tunbridge, B.R. (1962) 713

Fish. Tech. For Minist. Agric. Fish. Food
N.Z., (6):42

Occurrence and distribution of the dredge ovster (Ostrea sinuata) in Tasman and

Golden Bays

Reports on the distribution and occurrence of *Pecten novaeselandiae* in Tasman Bay and Golden Bay. The commercial effect of other shellfish species sharing the same areas is discussed.

Tunbridge, B.R. (1968) 714
Fish. Tech. Pep. Minist. Agric. Fish Food
N.Z., (18):1-15
The Tasman Bay scallop fishery

Turner, H.J. and 715
J.E. Hanks (1959)
Nautilus, 72(4)
Infestation of Pecten irradians by
Polydoms

Describes a heavy infestation of Polydora ciliata in bay scallops P. irradians, in Fairhaven, Massachusetts, which was associated with unusually high mortalities of the scallops. A possible correlation between the disease and mortality rates is discussed. The effects of the reduction

of the scallop population on the southern Massachusetts scallop fishery are discussed.

Turner, H.J., Jr. and 716
J.E. Hanks (1960)
Biol. Bull. Mar. Biol. Lab. Woods Hole, 119:145-52
Experimental stimulation of gametogenesis in Hydroides dianthus and Pecten irradians during the winter

Hydroides dianthus and Pecten irradians were subjected to temperatures, approximating those present during the normal summer reproduction period, in winter, to determine whether gametogenesis could be stimulated.

Turpayev, T.M., S.N. Nisiraiova 717 and D.A. Sakharov (1967) Zh.Obshch.Biol., 28:618-26 Evolution of the cholinergic regulation of the cardiac activity in molluscs (in Russian with English summary)

Uexkyll, J.V. (1912) 718 Z.Naturwiss., 22:415-556 Studien Uber den Tonus. 6. Die Pilgermuschel (Studies on the muscle tone of the scallop. 6)

U.S. Department of Commerce (1966-to date)
U.S.Department of Commerce, NOAA/NMFS, Washington, D.C., v.p.
Shellfish: market review and outlook

Statistical tables, issued two to three times per annum, providing information on markets, prices, demand, imports, domestic landings, supply and utilization of shellfish, including scallops.

U.S. Department of Commerce (1973) 720
NMFS Curr. Fish. Stat., (6127):35 p.
Scallops 1930-1972

Provides statistical tables under the section headings: Industry performance indicators; Demand indicators; Domestic production (sea and calico scallops); Domestic employment, vessels and effort; Biological stock assessment, international trade, foreign consumption and production (Australia, Canada, France, Japan, U.S. and others); U.S. trade barriers and government programmes.

Ursin, E. (1956) 721 Medd.Dan.Fisk.-Havunders.(Ny Ser.), 1(13):1-32 Distribution and growth of the queen Chlamys opercularis (Lamellibranchiata) in Danish and Faroese waters

Reports on the distribution, the breeding season, and the age distribution and growth of *Chlamys opercularis* in the Kattegat and the Sound, the North Sea, and Faroese waters.

Vahl, O. (1972) 722
Ophelia, 10:67-74
Particle retention and relation between water transport and oxygen uptake in Chlamys
opercularis (L) (Bivalvia)

Vahl, 0. (1973) 723
Astarte, 6(1):21-5
Efficiency of particle retention in Chlange islandica (Muller)

Efficiency of particle retention in *Chlamys* islandica is examined, and compared with that of *C. opercularis*, *Cardium edule* and *Crassostrea virginica*. The significance of laterofrontal cilia as particle retaining structures is discussed.

Van Dam, L. (1954)

Biol. Bull. Mar. Biol. Lab. Woods Hole, 107:192-202

On the respiration in scallops
(Lamellibranchiata)

Oxygen uptake and the percentage of 02, withdrawn from inhaled water, were determined in resting specimens of sea scallops (*Pecten grandis* Sol.) and bay scallops (*P. irradians* Lam.)

Van Thoai, N. and 725
Y. Robin (1959)
Biochim. Biophys. Acta, 35:446-53
Metabolisme des dérivés guanidyne. 8.
Biosynthèse de l'octopine et répartition
d'enzyme opérant chez les invertébrés
(Metabolism of derived guanidine. 8.
Biosynthesis of the octopine and distribution
of the enzyme operating in invertebrates)

Varga, S. and 726 C.M. Blackwood (1969) J.Fish.Hes.Board Can., 26(10):2523-6 Effect of sea water chilling on landed quality of scallop meat

Describes the effect of chilling scallop (*Placopecten magellanicus* Gmelin) meats in sea water prior to bagging. The advantages of this process, with reference to iced storage time at sea, are discussed.

Vernberg, F.J., C. Schlieper 727 and D.E. Schneider (1963) Comp.Biochem.Physiol., 8:271-85 The influence of temperature and salinity on ciliary activity of excised gill tissue of molluscs from North Carolina

Verrill, A.E. (1897) 728

Trans. Counc. Acad. Arts Sci., 10:41-96

A study of the family Pectinidae, with a revision of the genera and subgenera

Reports on a study into the origins and advantages of the swimming habit in *Chlamys irradians*, and colour camoflage in *Chlamys islandica*. A synopsis of the principal characteristics for classification of Pectinidae is included as well as remarks on nomenclature. *Descriptions of the species* and an analytical key to the genera of Pectinidae are also reported.

Vles, F. (1906) 729 C.R.Hebd.Séances Acad.Sci., Paris, 143:611-3 Méchanisme de la nage du Pecten (The swimming mechanism in Pecten)

Reports on investigations into the swimming mechanism of *Pecten maximus*.

Wainai, T. et al. (1964) 730 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 21(6):1543-6 The application of gas chromatography to the identification of the sterols of scallop

Presents the results of experiments using gas chromatography, in conjunction with more established procedures, to study the total crude sterols of the adductor muscle of the scallop (Placopecten magellanicus Gmelin).

Wakui, T. (1965) 731 Senkai Yoskoku 60 Shurui, 169-192 Hotategai (scallops) (in Japanese) Wakui, T. and A. Obara (1967) 732 Bull. Hokkaido Reg. Fish. Res. Lab., (32): 15-22

On the seasonal change of the gonads of the scallop (Patinopecten yessoensis) in Lake Saroma, Hokkaido (in Japanese)

Waller, T.R. (1969)* 733
Paleontol.Soc., Mem. 3 (J. Paleontol., 43(5), Suppl.):125 p.

The evolution of the Argopecten gibbus stock (Mollusca: Bivalvia), with emphasis on the Tertiary and Ouaternary species of the eastern North America

Determines the evolutionary relationships within the *Argopecten gibbus* stock by working back through the fossil records from a model of the morphological and ecological relationships of living species and subspecies.

Walne, P.R. and P.C. Wood (1974) 734

In A review of some of the shellfish
research undertaken at the fisheries
laboratories in 1973. Shellfish Inf. Leafl.
Minist. Agric. Fish. Food G.B., (33):12-5
Queen scallop investigations

Describes the development of the present British queen scallop (Chlamys opercularis) fishery since its inception in 1968. Reports on a MAFF survey carried out in June 1973 on the Plymouth and Brixham grounds to obtain information on population dynamics, biology, recruitment levels, growth rates, mortality and migrations of the queens. The results of gear trials, carried out to determine the efficiencies of various types of gear, are also presented. Information gathered from studies of very early settled stages of queen spat is also included.

Walne, P.R. and P.C. Wood (1975) 735
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Minist. Agric. Fish. Food G.B., (34):10-1
Queen scallop investigations

Presents the results of field surveys carried out during 1974 to relate queen *Chlamys opercularis* stocks to substrates. The results of experiments carried out to determine mean growth and settlements of queens in cages are also included.

Water, M.E. (1964) 736
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Comparison of chemical and sensory tests for assessing storage life of iced calico scallop (Peaten gibbue)

Provides comparisons of various objective methods of assessing the freshness of iced calico scallops (Argopecten gibbus).

Trimethylamine, volatile acid, volatile base, pH, and puric acid turbidity tests were conducted on iced samples over a 23-day period and compared with sensory evaluations.

Watkinson, J.G. and 737 R. Smith (1972) In New Zealand fisheries. Wellington, N.Z., Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, pp.62-3

Provides a report on the New Zealand scallop fishery (its operation, the composition of the catch and its disposal) based on the scallops Pecten novaeselandiae novaeselandiae and P. novaeselandiae rakiwpa.

Waugh, G.D. (1973)

In The natural history of New Zealand: an ecological survey, by A.H. Reed and A.N. Reed. Wellington. Issued also as: Fish.Res.Publ. Fish.Res.Div.N. J. Minist. Agric. Fish., (219): 251-84

Fish and fisheries

Presents a report on the distribution of and commercial fishery for, the scallops Pecten novaeselandiae novaeselandiae and P. novaeselandiae rakiura in New Zealand waters. The stock recruitment and the effects of fishing on the population is discussed.

Webb, N.B. and F.B. Thomas (1968) 739
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A study of the quality of North Carolina
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scallop meat during processing

Webb, N.B. and F.B. Thomas (1971) 740 Spec.Sci.Rep.NOAA/NMFS(Fish.), (624):11 p. Influence of mechanical processing on the quality and yield of bay scallop meats

Reports on investigations undertaken to compare the qualities of meat processed by hand and mechanical shucking methods. The methods are described. Webb, N.B. et al. (1969)* 741
P.L 88-309, N.Carolina Project (2-76-R):
12-59
Effects of processing on the quality of scallops, oysters, and crabmeat,
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Webb, N.B. et al. (1972) 742

J.Milk Food Technol., 35(11):664-8

Evaluation of scallop meat quality by the resazurin reduction technique

Reports on experiments carried out on scallop (Aequipecten irradians and Aequipecten gibbus) meats in the fresh, frozen and thawed states with two modifications of the resazurin technique.

Webber, H.H. (1972)
Univ.Wash.Publ.Fish., (5):191-201
Invertebrate aquaculture

Reviews the history, development and present status of the aquaculture of oysters, mussels, Mercenaria spp., Pecten spp. and Crustacea. Determinations of the requirements necessary for the designing and building of an aquaculture system for invertebrates are presented. A discussion which considers commercial culture and its relationship with fishing is also included.

Welch, W.R. (1930) 744

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Observations on the life history of the sea scallop and its fishery in Maine

Welch, W.R. (1947) 745 Unpubl.Thesis, University of Maine Growth and spawning characteristics of the sea scallop, *Placopecten magellanicus* (Gmelin), in Maine waters

Wells, H.W. (1965) 746
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Nereid blisters in Florida scallops
Aequipecten gibbus infected with
Ceratonereis tridentata.

Wells, H.W. and M.J. Wells (1962) 747 Biol. Bull. Mar. Biol. Lab. Woods Hole, 122: 149-59 The polychaete Ceratonereis tridentata

as a pest of the scallop Aequipecten gibbus

Wells, H.W., M.J. Wells and 748 I.E. Gray (1961) Biol. Bull. Mar. Biol. Lab. Woods Hole, 120: 265-71

Presents an analysis of the stomach contents of 124 sea-stars (Astropecten articulatus) to determine the species ingested, Aequipecten gibbus being one of the species included.

Food of the sea-star Astropecten articulatus

749 Wells, H.W., M.J. Wells and I.E. Gray (1964) Bull.Mar.Sci.Gulf Caribb., 14:561-93 The calico scallop community in North Carolina

Reports on calico scallops (Aequipecten gibbus L.) from Core Banks, North Carolina, examined for macroscopic species living on or within their valves. The species and their effects are described.

Welsh, W.R. (1950) 750 M.A. Thesis, University of Maine (Ms) Growth and spawning characteristics of the sea scallop (Placopecten magellanicus (Gmelin)) in Maine waters

Wenrich, D.H. (1916) J.Anim.Behav., 6:297-318 Notes on the reactions of bivalve molluscs to changes in light intensity: image formation in Pecten

Reports on the reactions of freshwater and marine bivalve molluscs, including Pecten gibbus (var. borealis), to changes in light intensity and moving objects.

White, K.M. (1942) 752 Proc. Malacol. Soc., 25(2):37-88 The pericardial cavity and the pericardial gland of the Lamellibranchia

Wiborg, K.F. (1962) Fisken Havet, 3:17-23. Issued also as: Fiskets Gang, 48:640-6 Haneskjellet Chlamys islandica (O.F. Miller) og dets utbredelse i noen nordnorske fjorder (Queens Chlamys islandica (O.F. Miller) and their distribution in some northern Norwegian fjords)

Wiborg, K.F. (1963) Fiskeridir.Skr. (Havunders.), 13(6):38-53 Some observations on the Iceland scallop, Chlamys islandica (Muller), in Norwegian

Reports on the size and age at maturity of Chlamys islandica and the size distribution for the Norwegian waters investigated. Information on reproduction is also included.

Wiborg, K.F. (1970) 755 Fisken Havet, (2):23-9 Distribution of Chlamys islandica on the Bear Island Banks (in Norwegian with English summary)

Wiborg, K.F. and 756 B. Boehle (1968) Fisk. Gang, 54(9):149-61. Issued also as: Transl. Ser. Fish. Mar. Serv. Can., (2978):34 p. (1974) Forekomster av Matmyttiga skjell (Muslinger) I Norske Kysfarvan (Med et Tillegg om Sjøsnegler) (Occurrences of edible shellfish (bivalves) in Norwegian coastal waters (with a selection of marine gastropods)

This report concerns the distribution of commercial bivalve and gastropod species in Norwegian coastal waters based on cruise investigations, questionnaires, personal information from fisherman and others, and literature examination. Chlamys islandica is one of the included species. The effects of starfish predation on the commercial populations is also reported.

Wiborg, K.F., K. Hansen and 757 H.E. Olsen (1974) Fisk. Gang, 60(11):209-17. Issued also as: Trans. Ser. Fish. Mar. Serv. Can., (3131):18 p. Haneskjell (Chlamys islandica Muller) ved Spitsbergen of Bjørnøya - Undersøkelser i 1973 (Iceland scallop, Chlamys islandica Muller, at Spitsbergen and Bear Island investigation in 1973)

Reports on experimental fishing trials for C. islandica carried out off Spitsbergen to show the extent and concentration of scallops in the various areas surveyed. Information on the gear used, yields per haul, scallop sizes, age range, growth rates, weights of adductor muscle and gonads by sex, spawning times, and the regenerative capabilities of the various banks is provided. The possibility of a future profitable fishery is discussed.

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Association between post juvenile red hake and sea scallops

First evidence of a special association between post juvenile red hake and sea scallops was obtained from a photograph of these species in their natural habitat 200 km east of Cape Cod, Massachusetts.

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Chlamys nipponensis, C. opercularis, C. varia, Aequipecten irradians, Pecten maximus, Aequipecten irradians concentricus, Placopecten magellanicus, Pecten jacobaeus are included.

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N.F. Mathers (1974)
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Phenotypes of phosphoglucose isomerase in
some bivalve molluscs

Reports on investigations into the electrophoretic variants of phosphoglucose isomerase in 6 species of bivalve molluscs (including Pacten maximue). A discussion on the occurrence of enzyme polymorphism in bivalve molluscs is also included.

Williams, A.B. (1966) 761 Commer.Fish.Rev., 28(1):12-3 An inexpensive scallop cleaner built from spare parts

Describes in detail a modified vacuum cleaner for cleaning scallops in a pilotplant operation. Comparisons are made between the cleaner and manual shucking sethods. The total cost of the parts is included. Wilson, D.P. (1970) 762 J.Mar.Biol.Assoc.U.K., 50:33-52 The larvae of Sabellaria spinulosa and their settlement behaviour

Shell of P, maximus used as settlement site.

Winckworth, R. (1920) 763 J.Conchol., 16(3):89-93 The marine Mollusca of Sussex with special reference to Brighton and Eastbourne

Provides descriptions of the species found in dredge hauls made off the Sussex coast, Pecten maximus being one of the included species.

Winckworth, R. (1932) 764 J.Conchol., 19(7):211-52 British marine Mollusca

Provides a revised list of British marine Mollusca including Pecter maximus, Chlamys opercularis, C. varia and C. islandica.

Yagi, K., T. Sasaki and 765
H. Matsumiya (1954)
Jap. Biochem. Soc., 26:630-3
On the enzymatic and physico chemical properties of myosin B of the shellfishes

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Gametogenesis and the breeding season of the Japanese common scallop
P. (Patinopecten) yessoensis Jay (in Japanese)

Yamamoto, G. (1949) 767
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On the rearing of the larvae of the scallop (in Japanese)

Yamamoto, G. (1949_a) 768 2001.Mag., Tokyo, 58:111 On the breeding of the scallop larvae in tanks and the attached spat (in Japanese)

Yamamoto, G. (1950) 769 Aomori Ken Suisan Shigen Chôsa Hôkoku (Rep.Fish.Res.Aomori Prefect.), (1):145-67 Studies on the propagation of the scallop in Mutsu Bay (in Japanese) Yamamoto, G. (1950a) 770 Sci.Rep.Tôhoku Univ.(Ser.4 Biol.), (18): 477-81

Ecological note of the spawning cycle of the scallop (*Pecten yessoensis* (Jay)) in Mutsu Bay

Reports on investigations into the fluctuation in the numbers of scallop larvae and spat in Mutsu Bay, the induction of spawning in the scallop *Pecten yessoensis*, the effects of sea water temperature on spawning, and the breeding season of the scallop.

Yamamoto, G. (1950b) 771 Sci.Rep.Tôhoku Univ.(Ser.4 Biol.), (18): 482-7

Benthic communities in Mutsu Bay

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Yamamoto, G. (1951) 772
Ecol.Rev., 13(1):1-4
Ecological studies on the cultivation of the scallop in Mutsu Bay with special reference to the succession of benthos (in Japanese)

Yamamoto, G. (1951a)

Aomori Ken Suisan Shigen Chosa Hokoku (Rep. Fish.Res.Aomori Prefect., (2):29-40

Studies on the propagation of the scallop in Mutsu Bay

Yamamoto, G. (1951b) 774 Sci.Rep.Tōhoku Univ.(Ser.4 Biol.), (19):7-10 Induction of spawning in the scallop Pecten yessoensis Jay

Investigates the factors which induce or inhibit the spawning of *Pecten yessoensis*. Ovary developmental changes in female scallops and the spawning actions of male scallops are also reported.

Yamamoto, G. (1951c) 775 Sci.Rep.Tôhoku Univ.(Ser.4 Biol.), (19): 11-6

Ecological note on transplantation of the scallop (*Pecten yessoensis*, Jay) in Mutsu Bay, with special reference to the succession of the benthic communities

Reports on the ecological effects of Pecten yessoensis transplantation in Mutsu Bay during 1949. Comparisons are made between the benthic communities before and after transplantation and the reciprocal relation between each species is investigated.

Yamamoto, G. (1951d) 776

Bull.Jap.Soc.Sci.Fish., (17):53-6

Ecological study on the spawning of the scallop Pecten(Patinopecten) yessoensis in Mutsu Bay (in Japanese, with English summary)

Describes the methods used to induce spawning in *P. (Patinopecten) yessoensis* in the laboratory and at which times of year the induction is most effective. Discusses the environmental changes, and their cause, that most probably induce the natural spawning of scallops in Mutsu Bay.

Yamamoto, G. (1951e) 777 Sei.Rep.Tôhoku Univ.(Ser.4 Biol.), (19): 161-6

On acceleration of maturation and ovulation of the ovarian eggs in vitro in the scallop, Pecten yessoensis Jay

Investigates inducement of ovulation in exised ovarian eggs, in vitro, in Pecten yessoensis by thermal stimulation in sea water, and Ringer's solution seawater plus 2% glucose solution mixture.

Yamamoto, G. (1952) 778 Sci.Rep.Tôhoku Univ.(Ser.4 Biol.), (19): 247-54

Further study on the ecology of spawning in the scallop in relation to lunar phases, temperature and plankton

Investigates the effects of the lunar phase and water temperature on the spawning of *Pecten yessoensis* in Mutsu Bay. A correlation between the spawning of the scallop and the progression in the plankton community is also reported.

Yamamoto, G. (1952a) 779 Sci.Rep.Tôhoku Univ.(Ser.4 Biol.), (19): 302-14

Seasonal changes of benthonic communities and succession in the benthos caused by the production of the scallop

Reports on the seasonal changes in numerical and gravimetric benthos productivity in samples collected bi-monthly from a naturally propagated area, containing *Pecten yessoensis*, a transplanted area and a control area off and around the shores of Mutsu Bay.

Yamamoto, G. (1953) 781 Sci.Rep.Tôhoku Univ.(Ser.4 Biol.), (20):11-32 Ecology of the scallop, Pecter yessoensis Jay

Reports on laboratory experiments concerning spawning inducement, larval settlement and general biology of *Pecten yessoensis*. In situ investigations in Mutsu Bay on factors controlling spawning, the sequence of the plankton community in relation to spawning, benthic communities with special reference to the scallop, scallop transplantation, and the succession of communities affected by scallop production are also reported.

Yamamoto, G. (1955) 782 Bull.Mar.Biol.Stn.Asamushi Tõhoku Univ., 7(2-3-4):69073

On the rearing of the scallop spats in tank and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{pool}}$

Reports on investigations into the growth and mortality of *Pecten yessoensis* spat having shell lengths of between 6-10 mm. in concrete rearing tanks, the figure obtained being compared with those of scallop spat growing under natural conditions.

Yamamoto, G. (1956) 783 Sci.Rep.Tōhoku Univ.(Ser.4 Biol.), (22): 149-56

Habitats of spats of the scallop, Pecten yessoensis Jay, which turned to bottom life

Reports on the mortality rates of *Pecten* yessoensis spat from three different habitats arranged mosaically along the coast of Mutsu Bay.

Yamamoto, G. (1956a) Jap.J.Ecol., 5(4):172-5 784

On the behaviour of the scallop under some environmental conditions with special reference to effects of suspended silt, lack of soluble oxygen and others on ciliary movement of gill pieces (in Japanese with English summary)

Reports on the mortality rates of *Pecten yessoensis* spat, in Mutsu Bay, at different times of the year. Experiments carried otu to determine the causes of mortality are described and the results discussed.

Yamamoto, G. (1957) 785 Sci.Rep.Tõhoku Univ.(Ser.4 Biol.), (23): 73-82

Tolerance of scallop spat to suspended silt, low 0_2 tension, high and low salinity, and sudden temperature changes

Discusses the possibility that young scallops may develop a greater tolerance to above environmental changes.

Yamamoto, G. (1960) 786
Bull.Mar.Biol.Stn.Asamushi Tõhoku Univ.,
10(2):149-52

Mortalities of the scallop during its life cycle

Describes the developmental stages of the larvae of *Pecten yessoensis* during the first forty hours and investigates mortality through this period to spat formation, the juvenile period and adulthood.

Yamamoto, G. (1967) 787 Sci.Rep.Tōhoku Univ.(Ser.4 Biol.), (33):

Food relations of dominant animals in marine benthic communities in Mutsu Bay

Yamamoto, G. and T. Eto (1950)

Aomori Ken Suisan Shigen Chôsa Chūkan Hôkoku(Prelim Rep Fish Res Aomori Prefect.), (10):56-60

On the transplantation of the young scallop in Noheji Bay (in Japanese)

Yamamoto, G. and 789
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Aomori Ken Suisan Shikenjo Suisan Jõho
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A biological note on the transplantation
of the scallop in Mutsu Bay

Yamamoto, G. and 790 C. Nishioka (1943) Bull.Jap.Soc.Sei.Fish., 11:219 On the development of the scallop by means of artificial fertilization (in Japanese)

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Studies on propagation of the scallop in Mutsu Bay (in Japanese) $\,$

Yeater, L.W. (1965) 792
M.Sc. Thesis, Florida State
University, 66 p.
Studies on the ecology of the commensal
crab, Pinnotheres maculatus Say

Comparisons are made between the acceptance of Atrina rigida and Aequipecten irradians concentricus as hosts for the commensal crab Pinnotheres maculatus, at different temperatures. Possible reasons for the attraction of Pinnotheres maculatus to either host are discussed. Two previously unreported pelecypod hosts are listed as acceptable to Pinnotheres maculatus in the laboratory.

Yonge, C.M. (1936) 793
Mem.Mus.Hist.Nat.Belg., 3(2):77-100
The evolution of the swimming habit in the Lamellibranchia

Reports on investigations into the action and working of the swimming mechanism in *Pecten* and *Lima* and its evolution.

Yonge, C.M. (1951) 794 Univ. Calif. Publ. 2001., (55):409-20 Observations on Hinnites multirugosus (Gale)

Comparisons are made between Hinnites multirugosus, a mollusc which becomes cemented to substratum unusually late in its development, and Peaten maximus and P. tenuicostatus, molluscs that remain free throughout their lives. Comparisons are also made with some other species of the genera, e.g. Spondylus and Plicatula.

Yoo, S.K. (1969)* 795 Bull.Pusan Fish.Coll., 9(2)L65-87 Food and growth of the larvae of certain important bivalves (in Korean, with English summary)

Reports on a series of experiments relating to the feeding and growth of three commercially important bivalves, including Patinopecten yesseensis, using larvae produced by induced spawning methods. The larvae were fed on cultured algal food organisms and their preferences are noted. The effects of larval density on growth is also investigated.

Young, S.A. (1930) 796

Annu.Rep.Fish.Branch Can.Dep.Mar.Fish.,
63(1929-30):250-4

Scallop investigations in 1929. Report
of scallop investigations by SS ALBERTON
in waters off Prince Edwards Island

Zagalsky, P.F., D.F. Cheesman 797
and H.J. Ceccaldi (1967)
Comp.Biochem.Physiol., 22:851-71
Studies on the carotenoid-containing
lipoproteins isolated from the eggs and ovaries of certain marine invertebrates

Zhyubikas, I.I. (1969) 799
Vest.Leningr.Univ.(Biol.), (21):21-32
Some data on biology of Peeten
yessoensis (Jay) in Kuril-Sakhalin area
(in Russian with English summary)

Presents a report on the distribution, population size structure, feeding, reproduction, shell fouling organisms and enemies of *Peaten yesoensis* (Jay) in the shallow area of the South-Kuril Strait and Aniva Bay (South Sakhalin).

Zinck, A.H. (1932)*
Ottawa, Canada, Report of Captain to
Department of Marine Fisheries, Fishery
Branch, Department of Fisheries (Ms)
Reports of scallop investigations in 1932

Zitko, V. et al. (1971) 801 J.Fish.Res.Board Can., 28(9):1285-91 Methylmercury in freshwater and marine fishes in New Brunswick, in the Bay of Fundy and on the Nova Scotia Bank

Methyl mercury as mercury, ppm, and wet weight were determined for the giant scallop Placopecten magellanicus.

Zs.-Nagy, I. (1971) 802
Ann.Inst.Biol., Tihany, 38:117-29
Pigmentation and energy dependent Sr⁺⁺accumulation of molluskan neurons under
anaerobic conditions

Anon. (1800)*
Fishery Industries of the U.S., Vol. 2,
Section V:565-81
The scallop fishery

Anon. (1914) 804
Econ. Circ. U. S. Bur. Fish., (7):5 p.
Opportunity for a new scallop fishery off
the middle Atlantic coast

Reports on the discovery of commercial quantities of sea scallops (*Placopecten magellanicus* (Gmelin)) off the middle Atlantic coast of the U.S. in 1913. A morphological description of the sea scallop is provided and the distribution and population density of middle Atlantic coast scallop beds is reported, as is the location of other productive Atlantic coast beds. Catch statistics and market prices for the U.S. scallop fishery from 1908-1913 are also included.

Anon. (1920)

Bienn.Rep.Comm.Sea Shore Fish.State Maine,
(2):33-7

The scallop industry

Describes the boats and equipment used in the giant Maine scallop industry, based on Peaten tenuicostatus Mighel, and reports on investigations into life history of Peaten irradians on the Atlantic coast of U.S.A. Information on the distribution, size and characteristics of *P. irradians* is included. The effect on the fishery due to increased predation by *Asterius* forbesii is also reported.

Anon. (1929) 806
Annu. Rep. Fish. Branch Can. Dep. Mar. Fish.,
(62):210-1
Scallop investigations

Anon. (1952) 807
Atl.Fisherman, 33(2):21
Underwater photography used in
Massachusetts scallop study

Describes the working of a newly developed underwater camera, used to photograph scallop beds at depths up to 150' near Nantucket Island, Massachusetts. From the photographs scallop distribution is determined.

Anon. (1952a) 808
Fish.Gaz., 69(8):31
Modern scallop production

Reports on the fishing gear and methods employed in the Cape Cod, Long Island scallop fishery. Details of scallop drags, on deck processing of scallops, and catch regulations are included.

Anon. (1954) 809
Rev.Trav.Off.Pêches Marit., Nantes,
18(2-4):89-94
Recherches sur la conchyculture et sur
les coquillages (Investigations
concerning shellfish culture and shells)

Provides a detailed report of studies into the distribution, density, Atlantic and Channel coast scallop fishing grounds and fisheries, length distribution, spawning, growth rates and age distribution of commercial catches of *Peoten maximus* and *Chlamys varia*.

Anon. (1957) 811
World Fish., 6(7):48-9
Scallops photographed underwater

Describes the swimming action of scallops (Chlamys opercularis).

Anon. (1960)
Fish. Tech. Rep. Minist. Agric. Fish. (N.Z.),
(2):51 p.

Scallop investigation, Tasman Bay 1959-60

Reports on studies into the biology, spacial distribution, abundance, spawning, gonad development in juveniles, replacement stock, growth rate, length frequency, dredging techniques, and processing of *Pecten novaezelandiae* in the Tasman Bay area.

Anon. (1960a) 813 Commer.Fish.Rev., 22(7):41-3 Large beds of calico scallops found off Florida east coast, M/V SILVER BAY cruise 23 (April 13-May 6, 1960)

Reports on cruise 23 of M/V SILVER BAY, during which a large stock of calico scallop (Pecten gibbus) were found off the east coast of Florida. The gear and methods used are described and a map showing areas dredged and the types of gear employed at particular stations is included. Size distribution and meat yield figures for captured scallops are provided.

Anon. (1960b) 814

Commer.Fish.Rev., 22(9):29-30

Commercial scallop dredge demonstrated to fishermen, M/V SILVER BAY cruise 24

Between May 26-June 14 1960, scallop fishing gear and methods were demonstrated to members of the fishing industry in a limited buoyed area approximately 9 miles north of Bethel Shoals buoy. The catch rate for an 8 ft modified New England-type scallop dredge is reported. Limited explorations for red snapper (Lutianus aya) were also undertaken and a list of species in the mixed fish catches are provided.

Anon. (1960c) 815 Commer.Fish.Rev., 22(10):42-3 Savannah River-Cape Hatteras offshore area surveyed for fish and shellfish resources, M.V. SILVER BAY cruise 25

Eighteen drags were made with an 8ft modified Georges Bank scallop dredge, with $1\frac{1}{2}$ " mesh liner, to determine the seasonal availability of calico scallops (Argopecten gibbus) in known areas east of Core Banks. The depths at which the best catches were

made, and determinations of the average size and meat yield per bushel of live scallops are reported.

Anon. (1960d) 816 Commer.Fish.Rev., 22(12):41-2 Calico scallop fishery in Florida

Reports on the location of extensive scallop (*Pecten gibbus*) grounds off the east coast of Florida and North Carolina. Depth and distribution, size ranges, experimental catch rates, meat yield, processing methods, meat quality, and market situation are also reported.

Anon. (1961) 817
Commer.Fish.Rev., 23(1):32-4
Extensive survey made off Florida east coast for stocks of shrimp and scallops,
M.V. SILVER BAY cruise 26

Anon. (1961a) 818
Fish.News, (2489):9-10
Manx scallop fishery grows

Presents a history of the Isle of Man scallop fishery, based on *Pecten maximus*, with particular reference to the development of closed seasons, changes in boats and gear, and fishing methods. The organisation of processing and marketing during 1961 is discussed as is the value of *Chlamys opercularis* to the fishery.

Anon. (1961b) 819
Commer.Fish.Rev., 23(4):31-3
Survey of fish and shellfish resources off
Georgia and Florida, M/V SILVER BAY
cruise 28

Modified Georges Bank-type scallop dredges (8 and 10 foot) were used in a 26 day exploratory fishing cruise between Fort Pierce, Florida and Brunswick, Ga. The depths of water fished and the catch rates of the dredges at each station are reported.

Anon. (1962) 820
Mon. Serv. Bull. West. Aust. Fish, Dep.,
11(7):153
The scallop fishery of Tasmania

Anon. (1962a) 821 Commer. Fish. Rev., 24(8):38-9 Calico scallop explorations off North Carolina

Presents a report of a cruise undertaken to determine the availability of scallops (Peater gibbus and P. grandis), north of Cape Lookout, and to assess the animal life present off the North Carolina coast between 50 and 100 fathoms.

Anon. (1963) 822 Fr. Pêche, (72):39-40 Fiche technique. Le pétoncle et le vanneau (Technical sheets: scallops and queens)

Detachable cards providing information on the biology, natural habitat, and commercial fisheries for Chlamus varia (and Pecten maximus).

Anon. (1964) 823 Commer. Fish. Rev., 26(1):29-31 South Atlantic exploratory fishery programme preliminary fishery explorations off Hispaniola and scallop survey off Florida

Reports on a survey carried out to determine the scallop potential, (Argopecten gibbus), on the east coast of Florida, between 15-50 fathoms. Catch rates of young and commercial size scallops are recorded and the meat vields determined. Areas providing the better catch rates are reported.

Anon. (1964a) 824 Commer. Fish. Rev., 26(2):47 South Atlantic exploratory fishery programme scallop distribution survey off Florida

Reports on a 14 day cruise to assess the seasonal distribution and availability of calico scallops (Pecten gibbus) off the east coast of Florida. Catch rate and meat yield information is provided and the distribution of young scallops is recorded.

Anon. (1964b) 825 Fish. News, (2669):8

W.F.A. surveys on escallops in Scotland

Provides the results of two White Fish Authority surveys determining the distribution of commercially exploitable scallop (Pecten maximus) stocks off the Scottish coast. The gear used and the catch rates obtained are

reported and descriptions of bottom types are included. Gonad condition of captured scallops is determined.

Anon. 1964c) 826 Aust Fish Newst., 23(8):19-21 Encouraging scallop markets

Presents an assessment of possible foreign markets for the scallop Pecten meridionalis due to an increase in production. A table of estimated scallop exports from Australia to various countries from 1960-1961 and 1963-1964 is included.

Anon. (1964d) 827 Aust. Fish. Newsl., 23(8):5 Scallop catch is rising

Presents a history and a recent review (covering the year 1964) of the Tasmanian scallop fishery, based on Pecten meridionalis. Landing statistics, catch rates, meat yields and export statistics are presented. Information on the fishing areas, the scallop fishing season and the number of boats employed in the fishery is also included.

Anon. (U.S. Department 828 of Commerce) (1964e) Washington, D.C., U.S. Department of Commerce. 195 p. A technical study of the scallop and flounder industry of New Bedford, Massachusetts Area Redevelopment Administration

Anon. (White Fish 829 Authority) (1965) Res. Dev. Bull., (13):2 p. Escallop survey - Northumberland coast. May/June 1965

Reports on a survey of escallop (Pecten maximus) beds off the Northumberland coast between Holy Island and Blyth, over a wide area of coastal waters out to the 40 fathom line. Areas containing commercial densities are recorded, and meat yields are determined. Catch rate comparisons are made between the Manx dredge and the Baird sledge dredge.

Anon. (1965a) World Fish., 14(9):81-2 Scotland frozen escallops 830

831

Presents a review of the development and future prospects of the escallop fishery of the N.W. coast of Scotland based on *Pecten maximus* and the effects of Australian scallop imports and overfishing of the beds on the fishery.

Anon. (1965b)

Commer.Fish., Auckl., 3(10):36

New Zealand scallops - jet propelled delicacy

Describes the development of the New Zealand scallop fishery, based on the commercial scallop beds at Nelson, S. Island and Kaipara Harbour. The future development of processing facilities is discussed.

Anon. (1966) 832
Fish.News, (2795):11
Scheme to exploit Cornish coast scallop beds
Describes the effect of the new six-mile
fishing limit on the Cornish scallop fishery.
Expected revenue from the fishery is
reported.

Anon. (1967) 833
Tasman.Fish.Res., 1(1):7-9
Scallop research in d'Entrecasteaux Channel

Provides the results of a survey carried out to determine extent of scallop (Mimachlamys asperrimus) stocks present in d'Entrecasteaux Channel, Tasmania. An analysis of the state of the scallop stocks is also presented.

Anon. (1967a)*

**Pêche Can./Fish.Can., May:1-4, 23

**Pêche de grande valeur sur la côte est. Le grand pétoncle (Important fishery on the eastern coast: the sea scallop)

Anon. (1967b)*

**Pêche Can./Fish.Can., 19(7):17-20.

The sea scallop

The Sea Scallop

*

Provides morphological descriptions of Placopecten magellanicus and Chlamys islandica and information on their distributions, bottom associations, food,

reproduction, growth and enemies. Fishing and processing methods employed in the Canadian fishery are described and the commercial importance of the two species on the east coast of Canada is discussed.

Anon. (1967c) 836
Austr.Fish.Newsl., 26(6):19, 25
Evolution of Victorian scallop gear

Describes and illustrates the development of Victorian scallop gear, based on the "sputnik" dredge, from its initial use in the Port Phillip Bay fishery during 1963.

Anon. (1967d) 837

Aust. Fish. Newsl., 26(9):5

Trial doughboy scallop season

Reports dredging restrictions imposed in the d'Entrecasteaux channel doughboy scallop, Mimachlamys asperrimus, fishery, August 10, 1967 for a trial period of one month. Tagging operations to determine the population size of scallops in the channel are also described.

Anon. (1967e) 838
Commer.Fish.Rev., 29(11):22-4
OREGON dredges scallop off Florida

Reports on a cruise undertaken to assess potentially commercial calico scallop (Pecten gibbus) grounds, off the coast of Florida. Gear employed in the survey and meat yields and catch rates obtained are reported. A map showing areas having commercial concentrations of scallop is included.

Anon. (1967f) 839
Ocean Hist., 2(12)
Billion-dollar scallop find

Anon. (1968) 840 Fish.Boat, 13(5):24-6 U.S. scallop fishery - switching coasts

Reports on the conversion of an Alaskan king crab fishing boat, to a scallop dredger, to fish for the Alaskan scallop Patinopecten caurinus. Initial catches are recorded, and the quality of the scallops, as compared with species caught off the

east coast of the United States, is determined. The importance of the development of the scallop fishery to Alaskan fishermen is discussed.

Anon. (1968a) 841
Quick Frozen Foods, 30(7):133-4
Florida's calico scallop beds untapped source for freezing

Reports on meat yields obtained from calico scallops (Pecten gibbue) caught off the east coast of Florida. Typical scallop densities on the beds is also reported. The results of investigations into the effects of vigourous processing methods and freezer storage on the quality of scallop meats are presented. Meat tenderness comparisons are made between the calico scallop, the sea scallop (Placopecten magellanicus) and the bay scallop (Aequipecten irradians).

Anon. (1968b) 842 Aust.Fish.News1., 27(9):54-7 Southern scallops

A history of the Southern Australian scallop fishery (Victoria and Tasmania) is presented, landings and their values being included. Information on feeding, spawning, distribution, and the commercial fishing areas for the commercial scallops Pecten alba and Pecten meridionalis, the queen scallop Equichlamys bifrons and Mimachlamys asperrimus is provided.

Anon. (1968c) 843
Commer.Fish.Rev., 30(12):39-40
OREGON checks Florida's scallop grounds

Reports on the ninth cruise carried out to check on the Cape Kennedy calico scallop (*Pecten gibbus*) grounds and to determine the best areas for commercial exploitation. Commercial and under-size scallop catches for standard transects, made in 10-40 fathoms, are described.

Anon. (1969)
Natl.Fisherman, 50(1):1-8
Shuckers for Florida calico beds - new scallopers detailed

Provides a description of a new automatic scallop shucking machine installed aboard two new 86 foot vessels, built specifically for the Florida east coast calico scallop (Argopecten gibbus) fishery. The expected

processing capacity of the machine is reported. Plan drawings of the new vessels are also included.

Anon. (1969a) 846

Aust. Fish., 28(9):15

Survey of Port Phillip scallop beds

Reports on a survey undertaken by the Victorian Fisheries Wildlife Department, of the Port Phillip Bay scallop beds in April 1969. Observations are made on the efficiency of dredges used, and the effect of the present number of boats in the fishery on future catch rates is discussed. Population estimates of 'legal size' and 'undersize' scallops are included.

Anon. (1969b) 847
Fish. Ind. News Serv., 2(4):4-10
Scallop net tests - Shark Bay

Provides an interim report on the size selectivity of scallop nets investigated in Shark Bay between 8-11 September 1969. The types of nets and experimental methods used are described and results provided are discussed. Regulations regarding the minimum mesh sizes for scallop nets and dredges in Shark Bay are provided. U.S. scallop consumption and import figures for 1968 are also included.

Anon. (1970) 848
Fish.News Int., 9(5):97
Machine opens scallop shells

Presents a summary of a report, presented by R.W. Nelson at the Montreal Conference on Automation and Mechanisation in the Fishing Industry, describing a mechanical device for shucking scallops aboard ship. The shucking rate is given.

Anon. (1970a) 849

Commer.Fish.Rev., 32(6):8-9

BOWERS explores for scallop off Florida's east coast

Reports the results of transects run with RUFAS (Remote Underwater Fisheries Assessment System), over scallop (Argopecten gibbus) beds off the east coast of Florida, to discover areas having the heaviest scallop concentrations. Scallop habits were also observed. Information on technical detail and filming technique is also included.

Anon. (1970b) 850 Aust. Fish., 29(9):7 Victoria moves to protect new scallop beds

Anon. (1970c) 851
Scott.Fish.Bull., (33):18-21
Experimental dives in Pisces

Reports on observations carried out by a submersible vehicle in Loch Fyne in the Firth of Clyde. Plankton observations and those concerning the operation of scallop dredges and a beam trawl were made. The behaviour of scallops (Pecten maximus) and queens (Chlamys opercularis) in the path of the dredges and trawl were also observed and recorded.

Anon. (1970d) 852

Commer.Fish.Rev., 32(11):5-7

Vast calico scallop beds encourage new fishery

Reports the location of extensive stocks of calico scallops (Argopecten gibbus) off N. Carolina, the east coast of Florida, the eastern Gulf of Mexico and N. Florida coasts. A description of the present fishery and work being done on age, growth and location changes (with the aid of RUFAS) is included.

Anon. (1970e) 853
Commer.Fish.Rev., 32(11):8
Counting scallops in 150 feet of water

Describes the mechanics and working of RUFAS (Remote Underwater Fishery Assessment System), used to survey extensive scallop beds off the North Florida coasts. Predictions for the 1975 catch of calico scallops (Argopecten gibbus) from these beds are presented.

Anon. (1971) 854
Fish.News Int., 10(12):18-20
Calico scallop fishing in southern U.S.A.

Informs on the biology, distribution and abundance of calico scallops (Argopecten gibbus) around southern U.S. Processing methods are described. A review of the east Florida fishery is also presented.

Anon. (FAO) (1972) 855
FAO Aquacult.Bull., 5(1):4-5
Utilization of sewage effluent for shellfish culture

Reports on phytoplankton production yields obtained using treated sewage. The phytoplankton being ultimately fed to commercially important bivalves (including Aequipecten irradians). The results of laboratory studies investigating the effects of the culture system used on the molluscs reared, are also presented.

Anon. (1972a) 856
Aust. Fish., 31(7):7
Scallop fishing resumed in Tasmania

Reports on the resumption of the Tasmanian scallop fishery centred on the east coast and around Furneaux Islands. A discussion on the use of Baird dredges, banned in some areas, by some fishermen is included.

Anon. (1973) 857

Commer. Fish., Lond., 5(1):54

Japanese scallop processing unit

Describes the operation of a Japanese shellfish processing unit being introduced to process a range of bivalve shellfish, including scallops and queen scallops.

Anon. (1973a) 858
FAO Aquacult.Bull., 6(1):8
Controlled reproduction and rearing of
Pecten maximus

Reports on the procedures involved for successful spawning and rearing of *Pecten maximus* in the laboratory, carried out at Brest, France.

Anon. (1973b) 859
Commer.Fish.,Auckl., 12(3):10-1
Conservation measures promote growth of shell fisheries

Presents a historical and recent review of the Tasman and Golden Bay scallop (Pecten novaezelandiae novaezelandiae) fisheries, which includes landing statistics and information on the state of the stocks. The effects of conservation measures on the stocks is

discussed, and the results of a preliminary diving survey in Fiordland is reported. The major predators of scallops are listed.

Anon. (1973c)

Commer. Fish., Lond., 4(4):52

Queen scallop crisis

Reports on the effect of U.S. dollar devaluation on the U.K. queen scallop fishery.

Anon. (1973d) 861 Commer.Fish.,Lond., 4(5):2-5 Rebirth of the Solway

Provides a descriptive account of the growth of the queen scallop (Chlamys opercularis) fishery and processing industry in the Solwav Firth, Scotland. The sizes of boats and fishing fleets, and landing values recorded are included.

Anon. (1973e) 862 Fish.News, (3129):1 Queen catches soar

Reports the values of increased queen scallop (Chlamys opercularis) landings between February and April 1973, compared with those for 1972, for the port of Torbay, so prompting a proposal for a quay extension and processing plant.

Anon. (1973f) 863 Fish.News, (3130):2 Quay plan to cope with queens

Reports on a proposal put forward at a Torbay County Borough Council meeting for a quay extension to Brixham Fish Quay to accomodate the loading of queens (Chlamys opercularis) and other bulk fish onto lorries. A review of this queen fishery, which provides landings and value statistics, is also presented.

Anon. (1973g) 864
Fish.News, (3133):3
Big scallops in rich new find

Reports the location of scallops (Pecten maximus), off the east coast of Ireland, and their development potential.

Anon. (1973h) 865 Ir.Skipper, (114):7 Research locates new scallop stocks

Reports the location of scallops (Pecten maximus), off the east coast of Ireland, and on their development potential. Information on catches rates, meat yields, and scallop size is included.

Anon. (1973i) 866 Mar.Fish.Rev., 35(7):42 Freeze on Canadian scallop fishing

Records new measures introduced to restrict the fishery for scallops (*Placopecter magellanicus*), off the east coast of canada, and the reasons for these restrictions.

Anon. (1973j) 867
Natl.Fisherman, 54(7):25-A
VIMS tags scallops, seeks migration
patterns

Reports on a tagging programme, carried out in Bradford Bay, Va., to determine the migration patterns of the bay scallop (Aequipecten irradians). Suggestions as to the bay scallop's decline in the area are provided and details of a hatchery programme being carried out are also reported.

Anon. (1973k, 1974) 868
Mar.Fish.Rev., 35(7), (9), (10), (11),
36(1), (2):v.p.
Monthly fishery market review - scallops

Reviews the United States and Canadian scallop supply position providing production, import, and U.S. consumption figures and also includes ex-vessel, wholesale and retail prices.

Anon. (19731) 869 Fish.Gaz., 90(12):29, 54 Scallop scoop

Provides a statistical review of world scallop production and trade.

Anon. (1974) 870
Food Fish Facts NMFS Natl.Consum.Educ.Serv.
Off., (21):2 p.
Scallop meat and shell

Brief descriptions of the following scallops, and areas where they are fished, are provided: New England sea scallop, Placopecten magellanicus; Bay scallop, Aequipecten irradians; Calico scallop, Argopecten gibbus; and Alaska scallop, Patinopecten caurinus. Information on habitat, fishing boats and gear used in the fisheries, conservation and management, and the uses of the scallops is also included.

Anon. (1974a) 871
Fish.News, (3158):5
Brixham queen quay cash is refused

Reports on a U.K. government decision relating to the provision of a grant for a proposed quay extension to improve the landing area for the queen scallop (Chlamys opercularis) fishery. Reasons for the decision and its implications are discussed.

Anon. (1974b) 872
Fish. Ind. Rev., 4(2):12
Recent White Fish Authority technical progress: scallops

Reports the results of trials carried out in Loch Sunart, for the collection of scallop (Pecten maximus) and queen (Chlamus opercularis) spat. The relationship between depth and spat density is discussed.

Anon. (1974 c) 873

Aust.Fish., 33(8):20

Scallop trawling expands in northern

Oueensland

Describes the development of the N. Queensland scallop fishery, based on Amusium balloti, and reviews the present situation. This includes information on the number of boats employed in the fishery, the gear used, the average catch rates, and processing and marketing.

Anon. (1974 d) 874

Aust.Fish., 33(8):21

Illwara Range - a family enterprise

Describes newly built combination trawler being used in the N. Queensland scallop

fishery, based on Amusium balloti.

Anon. (1974e) 875 Aust.Fick., 33(9):14 New English scallop dredge based on Australian design

Reports on the operation of a new scallop dredge and handling rig developed by the White Fish Authority (U.K.) based on Australian designs. Advantages of the dredge over conventional designs is discussed.

Anon. (1974f) 876 Sci.Pêche, (240) and (241):41-4 Information I.S.T.P.M.

Results of catch rates obtained for Chlamys islandica and Placopecten magellanicus during dredging trials by the M.V. CRYOS, on the 25th November 1974, on St. Peters Bank. Presents also the results of preliminary experiments carried out to compare the effectiveness of different scallop spat collectors, based on a Japanese model, used in spat trials for Pecten vessoensis. A comparison of the percentages of spat caught on the collectors which were set at different depths, of P. maximus, C. opercularis and C. varia is reported for two areas on the Brittany coast (Belle Isle and Quiberon Bay).

Anon. (1974g) 877 Fish. Gaz., 91(12):29, 54 Scallop scoop

An annual statistical appraisal of world scallop production.

Anon. (1975) 878
Aust.Fish., 34(10):10-2
Fall in scallop sales worries industry

Anon. (1976) 879

Commer.Fish., Auckl., 15(1):6-7

New type of scallop dredge

Describes a new type of scallop dredge which is less destructive to scallop beds than conventional dredges.

Anon. (1976a)
Fish.News, (3286):1-2
Scallop boom off south coast

880

Provides information on a revived scallop fishery that has developed in the English Channel. Details of monthly landings and values, and the dredging methods used in the fishery are given.

Anon. (1976b) 881

Aust.Fish., 35(3):15

Tasmanian work suggests wild spat collection needed

Reports on the methods used and the results obtained from wild collection experiments of the spat of the commercial scallop (Pecten meridionalis) and the queen scallop (Equichlamys bifrons) in Spring Bay, Tasmania.

Anon. (1976c) 882

Ir. Skipper, (151):4, 6

Irish scallop workshop attracts many experts - survey of Irish scallop fisheries

Provides a brief report of a scallop workshop held in Ireland, and an article compounded of brief extracts from a detailed assessment of the scallop fisheries of Ireland.

Anon. (1976d) 883

Fish.News, (3289):15

Small boats start mini scallop rush

Anon. (1976e) 884

Aust.Fish., 36(6):33

Scallop study begun in Queensland

Provides reasons for proposed population growth, and catch and effort studies of the saucer scallop Amusium balloti,

At Deception Bay near Brisbane.

Anon. (1976f) 885 Commer.Fish., Auckl., 15(9):9 Conservation plans needed to safeguard scallop beds

ADDENDUM I

Able, K.W. and 886
J.A. Musick (1976)
Fish.Bull.NOAA/NMFS, 74(2):409-22
Life history, ecology, and behaviour of
Liparis inquilinus (Pisces: Cyclopteridae)
associated with the sea scallop, Placopecten
magellanicus

Andrews, J.T. (1972) 887
Paleogeogr.Palaeoclimatol.Palaeoecol., 11(3): 157-76

Recent and fossil growth rates of marine bivalves, Canadian Arctic, and Late-Quaternary Arctic marine environments

Chlamys islandica - rate of growth (living vs fossil).

Aomori-ken Suisan Zoshoku
Senta (1972)*
Fish.Cult., (97):80-2
The market for scallops in Japan (in Japanese)

Arai, K. and T. Saitô (1961) 889
Nature, Lond., 192:451-2
Changes in adenine nucleotides in the muscles of some marine invertebrates

Askew, C.G., M.R. Dunn and P.J. Reay (1974)

Portsmouth, Polytechnic, Marine Resources Research Unit, 39 p. (mimeo)

The fishery for queen scallops in Guernsey. Report of a preliminary investigation in 1973

Reports on the fishery for queen scallops Chlamys operaularis in Guernsey, Channel Islands, U.K., and provides an assessment of the stocks, estimates of growth and mortality parameters, the seasonal cycle of meat yield and an assessment of yield. Recruitment, yield estimates and selection size are discussed.

Bailey, K. and 891 C.P. de Milstein (1964) Biochim.Biophys.Acta, 90:492-562 Tryptic hydrolysis of paramyosin from invertebrates: rate and extent of proteolysis

Bárány, M. (1967)

J. Gen. Physiol., 50(6)Pt.2:197-218

ATPase activity of myosín correlated with speed of muscle shortening

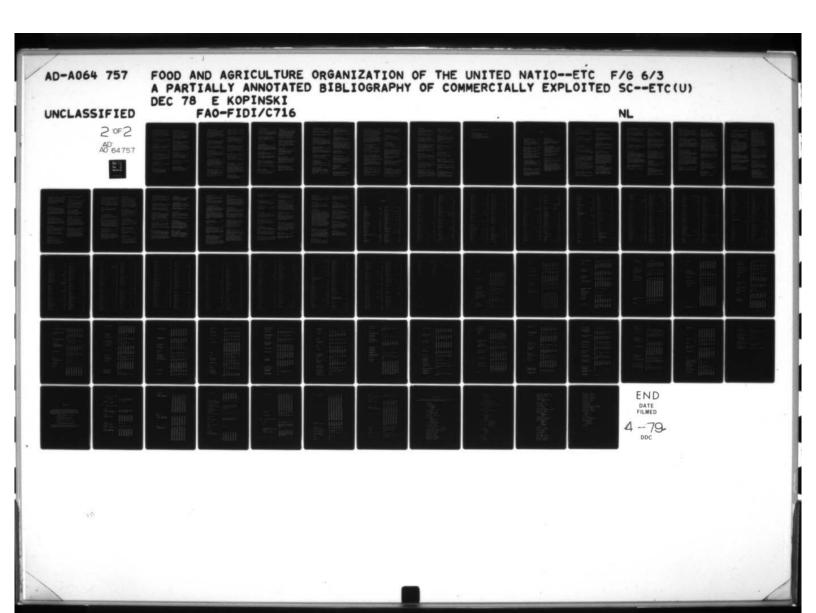
Bárány, M. and 893 K. Bárány (1966) Biochem. Z., 345:37-56 Myosin from striated adductor muscle of scallop (Pecten irradians)

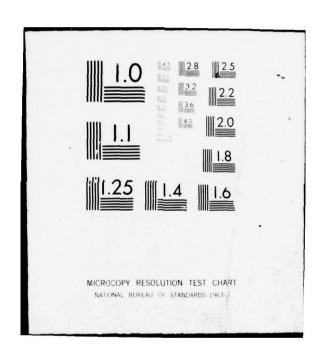
Bardach, J.E., J.H. Ryther and W.O. McLarney (1972) In Aquaculture, edited by J.E. Bardach, J.H. Ryther and W.O. McLarney. New York Wiley-Interscience, pp. 757-9 Culture of scallops

Beaubrun, P.C. (1972) 895
Bull.Inst.Pêches Marit.Maroc, (20):111-9
Essais d'introduction de deux mollusques
d'élévage nouveaux pour le Maroc
(Experiments on the introduction of two
molluscs new to Morocco for culture
purposes)

Beaumont, A.R. and 896 L.D. Gruffydd (1975) J.Cons.CIEM, 36(2):190-2 A polymorphic system in the sarcoplasm of Chlamys opercularis

Discusses electrophoretograms prepared from the fast portion of the adductor muscle of queen scallops (Chlamys opercularis). Hardy-Weinberg predictions





for genetic control by three codominant alleles are related to frequencies in Anglesey and Isle of Man populations. Comparisons are made with *C. distorta*, *C. varia* and *Pecten maximus* systems, and a possible means of examining the extent of genetic differences between populations of *C. opercularis* over its range, are discussed.

Bell, A.L. (1966) 897 Biol.Bull.Mar.Biol.Lab.Woods Hole, 131:385 The fine structure of the eye of the scallop Pecten irradians (abstr.)

Bito, L.Z. (1972) 898
Comp.Biochem.Physiol.(A Comp.Physiol.),
43(1):65-82
Comparative study of concentrative prostaglandin accumulation by various tissues of
mammals and marine vertebrates and

Pecten irradians and Placopecten magellanicus, protein content, prostaglandin accumulation.

Blake, N.J. (1973) 899
Disc.Abstr.Int., 34B(1):176
Environmental regulation of neurosecretion
and reproductive activity in the bay scallop,
Aequipecten irradians Lamarck

Cyclical activity of neurosecretory cells. Effect of temperature and environment. Reproduction of scallop.

Blumer, M., G. Souza and 900 J. Sass (1970) Mar.Biol., 5:195-202 Hydrocarbon pollution of edible shellfish by an oil spill

Aequipecten irradians.

invertebrates

Bozler, E. (1930) 901
2. Veral. Physiol., 12(3-4):579-602
Untersuchungen zur Physiologie der
Tonusmuskeln (Investigation on the
physiology of the adductor muscle)
Pecten opercularis, P. maximue.

Broom, M.J. (1976) 902
FAO Fish Symops., (114):44 p.
Synopsis of biological data on scallops.
Chlamys (Aequipecten) opercularis
(Linnaeus), Argopecten irradians (Lamarck),
Argopecten gibbus (Linnaeus)

Taxonomy, morphology, distribution, reproduction, life cycle, development, ecology, population characteristics, fisheries, fishing gear, fishing areas, fisheries regulations, culture.

Brown, C.G. (1974) 903 Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, Fisheries Laboratory, 1974, Research Vessel Programme, 2 p. Report: M.V. CRISTIANE JOELLE

Provides the results of exploratory fishing operations in the mid-English Channel area, off south Devon, for queen scallops (Chlamys opercularis). The gonad condition, meat yield, and size composition of the stocks were examined and are reported.

Bull, M. (1973) 904
Scallop Res. Prog. Rep. Vict. Univ.,
Wellington, (1):9 p.
The biology of scallops - with particular reference to growth, reproduction,
movement and early life history

Cahn, A.R. (1950) 905
Fish.Leafl.U.S.Fish Wildl.Serv., (399):
103 p.
Oyster culture in Japan
Pecten yessoensis.

Pecten novaezelandiae novaezelandiae.

Carcelles, A. (1947) 906
Argent.Austral., (186/7)
Mariscos de las costas Argentinas
(Shellfish of the Argentinian coast)

Chlamys (Argopecten) purpuratus, Pecten patria.

islandica.

Ceccaldi, H.J., R. Daumas 907
and P.F. Zagalsky (1967)
C.R.Séanc.Soc.Biol., Paris, 161:1111-3
Comparison des compositions en acides aminés des caroténolipoprotéines provenant d'ovaries de trois crustacés et d'un mollusque marin (Comparison of the acid amine composition of carotenolipoproteins from the ovaries of three marine crustaceans and one marine mollusc)

Pecten maximus.

Chanley, P. (1975)

In Culture of marine invertebrate animals, edited by W.L. Smith and M.H. Chanley.

New York, Plenum Press, pp. 297-318

Laboratory culture of assorted bivalve mollusks

Argopecten irradians, Placopecten magellanicus. Review of bivalve culture. Water supply and treatment, Larval collection, reproduction, larvae, predators.

Christiansen, H.E. and 909
S.R. Oliver (1971)
An. Soc. Cient. Argent., 191(3-4):113-27
Sobre el hermafroditismo de Chlamys tehuelcha d'Orb, 1846 (Pelecypoda, Filibranchia, Pectinidae (On the hermaphroditism in Chlamys tehuelcha)

Oocyte degeneration.

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Physis, B. Aires (A), 32(84):121-35

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sale and retail prices of imported and domestic scallops. Prices to fishermen, distributor, retailer and public recorded. Number of boats employed in fishery (Lakes Entrance and Port Philip Bay, Victoria) also reported.

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(The fishery for scallops in Normandy
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Anon. (1977h) 1065 Aust.Fish., 36(11):22 Good scallop catches off Bundaberg

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Scallop line makes further progress

Describes the working of the 'Intel' automatic processing line for queen scallops, now introduced into the U.S.A.

AUTHOR INDEX

Abbott, R.T.		1	2	Audouin, J.	19	20	387
Abe, S.		3	886	Poilou V			901
Able, K.W.			4	Bailey, K.	22	2.2	891
Ackman, R.G.			5	Baird, F.T.	21	22 24	23 191
Alexander, K.R.			249	Baird, R.H.	25	to	31
Alexander, R.McN.			6	Barany, K.			893
Allen, D.M.			7	Barany, M.		892	893
Allen, E.J.			8	Barber, R.T.			358
Allen, J.A.	9	10	11	Barber, V.C.	32	33	34
Alonzo, N.F.			948	Barbier, M.			951
Amirthalingham, C.			12	Bardoch, J.E.			894
Anderson, J.N.			801	Bauer, V.			35
Andrews, J.D.			116	Bayliss, L.E.			36
Andrews, J.T.			887	Bazikalova, A.	Y. 37	38	39
Ankell, F.			996	Beatty, S.A.			40
Ansell, A.D.			13	Beaumont, A.R.	41 262	163 263	261 896
Anthony, R.			14	Beechey, R.B.	202	203	455
Aomori-ken Suisan Zoshoku Senta	15	16	888	Belding, D.L.			42
Arai, K.		17	889	Bell, A.L.			897
Araki, I.			321	Belloc, G.			43
Aravindakshan, I.			18	Belogrudov, E.	Α.		968
Askew, C.G.			890	Bembrun, P.C.			895

Bernard, F.R.			44	Brienne, H.			70
Bhatnager, K.M.			45	Brockerhoff, H.		71	72
Bigelon, H.B.			46	Brodsky, S.R.		910	911
Bishop, D.M.		112	113	Brookes, C.J.W.			319
Bishop, L.J.			300	Broom, M.J.			902
Bito, L.Z.			898	Brown, C.G.			903
Bizio			48	Bruce, C.			967
Blackwood, C.M.			726	Brun, E.		13	648
Blake, H.J.			899	Bryan, G.W.		74	75
Blake, N.J.			624	Bucquov, E.			76
Blamberg, D.L.			49	Buddenbrock, W. Van	77	78	79
Blaney, D.			50	Buestel, D.	80	971	981
Blumer, H.J.			900	Bull, M.	904	972	973
Boehle, B.			756	Bullis, H.R., Jr.	81	to	84
Bonnet, J.C.			643				588
Borden, M.A.			51	Burch, J.B.			477
Boss, K.J.			52	Burgess, J.			85
Bourne, N.	53	to	64	Busta, F.F.		696	742
			462	Butcher, E.O.			86
Bowers, A.B.			65	Cable, W.D.			949
Boyden, C.R.			969	Cabrera, M.E.		910	911
Boyland, E.			36	Caddy, J.F.	87	to	103
Bozler, E.			901				974
Braaten, B.			681	Cahn, A.R.			905
Brand, A.R.			66	Cake, W.			104
Brandt, K.R.			255	Calabrese, A.	949	975	1015 1016
Branner, R.E.		67	68	Cameron, A.M.		105	106
Branson, A.			970	Campbell, C.L.		203	392
Bree, S.			69	Capurro, C.			976
Bregman, Yu.Eh.			702	capatro, or			576

Carawan, R.E.			741	Colman, J.S.			444
Carbonneau, J.			107	Comely, C.A.		133	134
Carcelles, A.			906	Coomans, H.E.			135
Carpenter, J.S.			108	Cooper, R.A.			136
Carver, J.H.			466	Cordini, J.M.			913
Castagna, M.	109	to	111	Costello, T.J.	7	137	138
Castell, C.H.	112	to	115	Cottier, R.F.	139	140	141
Caratta W.A			564	Cotton, B.C.			914
Castle, W.A.			195	Coughlan, H.P.			69
Cavanaugh, C.			977	Cox, A.C.			313
Ceccaldi, H.J.		797	907	Cox, I.			915
Chandler, R.A.	97	98	99				
Chanley, P.	116	397	711	Cragg, S.H.			979
		712	908	Craig, A.K.			143
Cheesman, D.F.			797	Crensot, F.			167
Cheng, T.C.			117	Crise, H.L.			980
Chestnut, A.F.			118	Cronly-Dillon, J.R.			144
Chiasson, L.P.	119	120	121	Culliney, J.L.			145
			177	Cummins, R., Jr.	81	146 148	147 588
Chipman, W.A.		122	123			140	200
Choat, J.H.			124	Dakin, W.J.	149	150	151
Christensen, A.M.			966	Dall, W.H.	152	to	156
Christiansen, H.E.	909	910	911	Dalmon, J.		157	158
Chrysler, M.A.			125	Dao, J.C.	80	971	981
Clarke, A.H., Jr.	126	127	912	Daumas, R.			907
Clarke, G.R.			978	Dautzenberg, Ph.			76
Clench, W.J.			128	Davenport, C.B.	159	to	162
Coe, W.R.		129	130	Davenport, J.			163
Cohen, C.		131	347	Davidson, J.K.			164
Cole, H.A.			132	Davis, H.C.		396	397

Davis, R.K.			165	Duffy, J.R.			656
Dawson, D.M.			166	Duggan, W.P.	110	111	198
De Aguirre, M.P.			982	Dunn, M.R.			890
Delaunay, J.			167	Dunstan, W.M.			1043
de Milstein, C.P.		168	891	Dupuy, J.L.			138
Denton, E.J.			169	Dyer, W.J.	199	296 300	297
de Villafranca, G.			389		298	564	454 597
Dewey, M.			389	Dzuba, S.M.	200	985	
Dickie, L.M.	170 653	to 654	180 673	Dzyuba, S.M. see	Dzuba	a, S.M.	
Dilly, P.N.			32	Edwards, E.			201
Dingle, J.R.			454	Edwards, R.L.			478
Ditullo, N.W.			361	Eggleston, D.			202
Dix, T.G.	181	916	983	Eidemiller, A.			203
Dodd, J.R.			182	Eisler, R.			204
Dodge, H.		142	984	Elfvin, R.			389
Dogiel, J.			183	Ellis, D.G.			454
Doherty, R.M.		184	185	Elmhurst, R.			205
Dollfus, G.			76	Emanuelson, E.			681
Donnelly, W.J.G.			225	Engle, J.B.			206
Dow, R.L.	186	to	191	Epifanio, C.E.			917
Doyle, J.			192	Eto, T.		788	789
Draheim, G.P.		184	185	Evans, E.M.			34
Drew, G.W.		193	194	Evans, J.W.			207
Dreyer, W.A.			195	Eysseric-Lafon, M.			586
Drinkwater, J.	445	to	449 1006	Fairbridge, W.S.		208	209
Drummond, S.B.			196	Falkmer, S.			164
Duboscq, 0.			383	Fange, R.			210
Duclerc, J.			197	Faure, L.	211	to	215

Fauvel, Y.			197	Gade, G.			990
Feltham, L.A.W.	518	519	520	Gagne, R.			231
Figuetras, A.			642	Galus, H.S.		922	989
Finlayson, B.J.			801	Ganong, W.F.		232	233
First, M.W.			216	Gardner, D.			923
Fischer, P.	217	218	219	Gardner, G.R.			234
Fischer-Piette, E.			918	Gates, J.M.			235
Fisher, F.M., Jr.			930	Gether, J.			1004
Fisher, J.R.		271	379	Gibbard, J.			463
Fletcher, G.L.		919	921	Gibson, F.A.	31	236	to 239
Flynn, T.T.		221	222	Gilbert, J.O.			319
Food and Agriculture							240
Organization of the United Nations		223	920	Gillespie, G.J.			241
Forbes, E.		224	986	Gilmour, T.H.J.		242	243
Forde, A.			225	Golikov, A.N.		2.72	924
Fowler, B.M.			921	Goodlad, M.H.			333
Franc, A.			410	Gopalakrishnan, V.	244	420	421
Franklin, A.	543	544	592	Gorman, A.L.F.	244	420	975
		987	1026	Gould, E.			245
Fraser, D.I.			564	Gould, S.G.			246
Freeman, H.C.			564	Graham, H.W.	277	2/0	
Friar, W.			226	Grant, J.F.	247	248	249
Frolora, L.T.			943	Grau, G.		7/0	250
Fujii, Y.			599	Gray, I.E.		748	749
Fukuyama, R.			1020	Great Britain. Ministry of Agriculture and			
Fullarton, J.H.		228	229	Fisheries			251
Furukawa, A.			230	Great Britain. Ministry of Agriculture,			
Fuyi, A.			227	Fisheries and Food	252 .	253	254
Gabbott, P.A.			988	Gribbon, E.			540
Gabriel, C.J.			938	Griscom, C.A.			235
Gabilel, C.J.							

Groninger, H.S.			255	Hayashi, K.	281	340	484
Granmo, A.		680	681	Haynes, E.B.	282	to	287
Greishaber, M.			990	Heincke, F.			288
Gruffydd, L.D.	41	163	256	Hennekey, R.J.			204
	to	263 896	697 992	Hennick, D.P.		289	290
Gruvel, A.			264	Hertlein, L.G.			291
Gruzova, M.N.			985	Hertling, H. von			292
Gusev, G.P.			945	Hess, E.			293
Gutsell, J.S.		265	266	Hickson, S.J.			294
Haas, F.			267	Hiltz, C.R.			539
Haas, S.			267	Hiltz, D.F.	199	295 300	to 507
(eggerty, L.C.			925	Hinglev, J.J.		300	597 5
Haines, K.C.			919	Hippe, E.			301
Hancock, D.A.			268	Hirai, E.			
Hanks, J.E.		71.5	269				927
		715	716	Hirano, Y.		205	352
Hanley, S.C.T.			986	Hitz, C.R.		285	593
Hansen, K.		270	757	Hmang, P.C.			72
Harbison, G.R.		270	271	Hoff, J.G.			302
Hardy, R.			272	Holme, N.A.			304
Hare, G.M.		2.70	993	Holmes, W.L.			361
Harrison, A.J.		273	274	Hopkins, J.G.			1.23
Hart, J.L.		275	276	Hoyle, R.J.			72
Hartline, H.K.			277	Hubbard, M.E.			162
Hartnoll, R.G.			278	Huc, C.			541
Hasegawa, Y.			279	Hudson, J.H.		138	305
Hashimoto, K.	926	955	1051	Hughes, W.D.			306
Hashizume, M.			227	Hunt, O.D.			307
Hatano, M.			961	Huntsman, A.G.			308
Havinga, B.			280	Hutton, R.F.			309
				Hyde, I.H.			310

Idler, D.R.	311	to	319	Kaneda, T.			3
	684	730	928	Kan-No, H.			340
Igarashi, H.		320	961	Kargopolova, I.N.			997
Ignat'ev, A.V.			994	Karnaukov, V.N.			997
Iida, A.		321	522	Keegan, B.F.			456
Imai, T.	322	323	324 678	Keen, A.M.			341
Ingersoll, E.			325	Kegel, W.		342	998
Ingle, R.M.			82	Keller, E.C., Jr.			931
Iseya, Z.			1012	Keller, H.E.			931
Ishihara, Y.			1020	Kellogg, J.L.		343	344
Ito, S.		326	995	Kelly, R.E.			345
Ivanov, A.V.		327	328	Kemprecos, P.W.			932
Iverson, E.S.			996	Kendrick-Jones, J.	131	346	347 933
Jackson, R.T.			329	Kensler, C.B.			999
Jacquotte, R.			330	Kenyon, E.M.			466
Jaeger, S.			166	Kerr, L.S.			741
Jatzkewitz, H.			1013	Khalil, M.W.			319
Jay, J.C.			331	Khlebovich, V.V.			505
Jeffreys, J.G.			332	Kholm, N.A.			367
Jhingran, V.G.			333	Kikuchi, K.			939
Johannessen, O.H.			334	Kim, Y.S.			348
Johnson, D.B.	69	225	501	King, F.J.			466
Jones, N.S.		335	336	Kinloch, J.			349
Jørgensen, C.B.			337	Kinoshita, T.	350	to	355
Jutting, T. van Benthem			338	Kirby-Smith, W.W.	356	357	358
				Kita, M.			359
Kahlbrock, M.			1025	Kitagawa, S.			453
Kahler, G.A.		929	930	Kobayashi, M.			934
Kakuichi, M.			339	Kohler, A.C.			801
Kanazawa, A.			315				

Kollberg, S.			680	Lee, P.C.			379
Kominz, D.R.			940	Lee, T.		380	381
Korner, E.D.			367	Le Fevre, I.			1001
Korringa, P.			360	Le Gall, J.			382
Krakatitsa, T.F.			935	Leger, L.			383
Krasnov, E.V.		994	1038	Lehman, W.			346
Krestinskaya, T.V.			505	Leibson, N.L.			384
Kritchevsky, D.			361	Leifson, E.		712	943
Kruczynski, W.L.	362	363	364	Leim, A.H.		385	463
Kupper, M.			365	Le Pennec, M.		386	1002
Kusakina, A.A.			366	Letaconnoux, R.		20	387
Kuwatani, Y.			279	Lever, W.J.			388
Kuznetzov, A.P.			367	Levine, E.E.			663
Y = 0 = 1 = N Y				Levine, R.			389
La Croix, M.W.			1028	Lew, I.J.		390	391
Lamy, E.D.			368	Licciardello, J.J.			392
Lancashire and Western Sea Fisheries Joint Committee			369	Lightle, T.E.			299
Land, M.	33	34 to	370 373	Linck, R.W.	393	394 664	395 936
Lande, E.			1000	Litchfield, C.			72
Landers, W.S.			949	Longley, W.			347
Lane, D.J.W.			263	Loosanoff, V.L.		396	397
Laurec, A.			981	Lopez-Benito, M.			398
Lavrova, E.A.			945	Lord, E.I.	60	99 101	100 594
Lawrence, K.			374	Love, T.D.			83
Lear, D.W.			375	Lovell, M.S.			399
Learson, R.J.			466	Lowy, J.			400
Le Blanc, J.A.			376	Lubet, P.	401	to	405
Lebour, M.			377	Lucas, A.	406	to	410
Lecomte, J.			378	,			1003

Lunde, G.			1004	McCracken, F.D.	414	415	416 937
Lunch, D.D.		411	412	McInnes, C.D.			178
Ma, P.F.			379	McIntyre, A.D.	417	450	451
MacDonald, E.F.			314	McIver, A.R.		60	61
MacDonald, R.S.D.			937	McLarney, W.O.			894
MacInnes, J.R.			1016	McLusky, D.			418
MacKinnon, G.A.		313	318	McMullen, J.C.			286
MacPherson, J.H.		938	941	McPhail, J.S.		419	653
Maheo, R.			422	McReynolds, J.S.	244	420	421
Margulis, B.A.			1005	Meaney, R.A.			456
Markovskaya, E.B.			423	Medcof, J.C.	179 to	180 463	457 565
Marshall, N.	136 to	165 427 490	424 489 527	Mehrotra, B.K.	20	403	164
Martin, A.W.		4,70	428	Mellon, F. de		464	465
Martin, C.			530	Mendelson, J.M.			466
Martin, W.R.			429	Merrill, A.S.	52	467	to 480
Maru, K.	430	431	432	Messier, D.			942
		521	939	Miller, M.			496
Maruyama, K.			940	Miller, W.H.		481	482
Mason, J.	433	to	451 1006	Milovidova, N.Y.			997
Masuda, K.			1007	Milstein, C.P. de s de Milstein, C.P.	see		
Mathers, N.F.		452	760	Minchin, D.			483
Matsumija, H.	453	704	705 765	Mitsuhashi, B.			934
Matsumoto, J.J.			454	Miyaka, M.			484
Mattieson, G.C.		235	1008	Moller-Racke, I.			79
Mattison, A.G.M.			455	Molodtsov, N.V.			485
May, W.K.			941	Montgomery, G.P.			1028
McCarthy, T.V.			413	Montuori, A.			486

Moore, J.B.			696	Nelson, D.A.	1015	1016
Moore, J.D.			487	Nelson, R.W.	507	508
Moore, J.K.	488	489	490	Nichy, F.E.		480
Mori, K.	683	952 1010	1009	Nickerson, J.T.R.		392
Morita, H.		1010	1011	Nishi, K.		509
Morris, P.A.			453	Nishibori, K.		946
Morrison, C.M.	400	/00	491	Nishida, H.		509
	492	493	494	Nishioka, C. 51	0 511	512
Morse, E.S.			495			790
Morton, J.			496	Nishita, K. 101	7 to	1020
Motohiro, T.		497	1012	Nisiraiova, S.N.		717
Movchan, O.T.		384	943	Nissen, W.		513
Mraz, W.			1013	Nordsieck, H.		514
Muller-Fuega, A.	80	498	971	Norman, K.D.		563
Mundey, G.R.			499	Norton, A.H.		515
Murata, K.			321	Nott, J.A.		979
Murie, J.			500	Ohava A /2	1 /22	501
Murphy, W.			501	Obara, A. 43	1 432 732	521 939
Musick, J.A.			886	O'Brien, J.J.		516
Myauchi, D.			662	Ockelmann, W.K.		1021
Nagel, W.A.			502	Odense, P.H. 49	2 493	494
Naidu, K.S.	502	50/	502	Odhner, N.Hj.		517
	503	504	944	O'Doherty, P.J.A. 51	8 519	520
Nakamura, K.			599	Ohnishi, K.		1022
Nakanishi, T.			1014	Ohshinia, K.		521
Natochin, Y.V.		. 505	945	Oishi, K.		522
Naubert, J.			463	Okesaku, H.		939
Neal, W.E.	113	114	564	Oliver, S.R.		909
Needler, A.B.			463	Olomucki, A.	541	925
Needler, A.W.H.		463	506	Olsen, A.M. 52		526
Nelson, B.A.			1016	orden, acti		320

Olsen, H.E.			757	Polya, J.B.	552
O'Meara, D.C.			49	Poore, G.C.B.	553
Ore, J.K.			527	Porter, H.J. 554 555	1035
Orton, J.H.			528	Posgay, J.A. 479 480	556
Osanai, K.		1010	1011	Powell C.C.	563
Outten, L.M.			529	Powell, G.C.	287
Oviatt, C.			530	Power, H.E.	564
Dahla I C		522	0/7	Prakash, A.	565
Pablo, I.S.		532	947	Premetz, E.D.	566
Packard, A.S.			531	Price, T.J.	1028
Palombi, A.			533	Prieur, D.	1002
Parker, R.H.	534	535	536	Priol, M.	567
Patten, W.			537	Proctor, B.E.	392
Pendelton, J.A.			538	Proudfoot, F.G.	318
Pequegnat, L.H.			1023	Psuty, N.P.	143
Pequegnat, W.E.			1023	Punjamapirom, S.	568
Pereyra, W.T.			539	Purcell, J.C.	569
Perez, A.			1032	Purchon, R.D.	570
Perkins, E.J.			540	Quale, D.B. 571	572
Pesch, G.G.		375	1024		
Philpott, D.E.			1025	Querellou, J. 498	1029
Pho, D.B.			541	Radley-Waters, C.	102
Pickett, G.D.	542	543	544 1026	Rainer, S.	553
Piboubes, R.		545	546	Ranson, G.	586
		545		Rapport, M.M.	948
Pinaev, G.P.			1005	Rathjen, W.F.	573
Pinhorn, A.T.			1027	Raunikar,	569
Plaine, H.L.			547	Rawitz, B.	574
Plimmer, R.H.A.			548	Razin, A.I.	575
Poirier, L.	549	550	551	Read, K.R.H.	576
				The state of the s	

Reay, P.J.			890	Royce, W.F.			595
Reddiah, K.		577	578	Ruegg, J.C.		596	950
Rees, C.B.			579	Ryther, J.H.			894
Rees, W.J.			580	Safa I M		314	317
Reid, R.G.B.			581	Safe, L.M.		314	889
Reynolds, B.			1024	Saito, T.			
Rhodes, E.W.			949	Sakaguchi, M.			597
Rice, R.V.			345	Sakai, K.			598
Riley, J.P.			923	Sakamoto, M.			599
Risser, J.			582	Sakharov, D.A.			717
Ritchie, A.D.			36	Salanki, J.	600	601	602
Rivers, J.B.	147	148	573	Saliot, A.			951
		583	584	Samuel, H.H.			1022
Rivkin, S.			138	Sanders, M.J.	603	to	611
Robbins, S.F.			585	Sangalong, G.B.			315
Roberts, D.		66	1030	Sanger, J.W.		612	613
Robin, J.H			1031	Santarelli, M.			533
Robin, Y.		725	953	Sars, G.O.			614
Roche, J.			586	Sasaki, T.			765
Roche, W.L.			587	Sass, J.			930
Roe, R.B.			588	Sastry, A.N.	616	to	625 1033
Rogerson, P.			1024	Sataka T			521
Rolfe, M.S.	589	to 645	592 987	Satake, T.			
Pagaza B A		043	530	Sato, R.			1011
Rogers, B.A.				Scaplen, R.	2/2	2/2	944
Rogerson, P.F.			234	Scarlato, O.A.	242	243	626 627
Roman, G.			1032	Scarratt, D.J.		628	1034
Ronholt, L.L.			593	Schaefers, E.A.			629
Ronsivalli, L.J.			466	Schapira, G.			167
Rowell, T.W.	62	63	64 594	Schelske, C.L.			630

Schlieper, C.			727	Smith, J.G.M.			272
Schloemer, A.			631	Smith, K.A.			629
Schneider, D.E.			727	Smith, R.			737
Schrader, E.			632	Snow, G.W.			566
Schremck, L.			633	Somerville, G.M.			654
Schwartz, F.J.			1035	Soot-Rven, T.			655
Scott, J.S.			634	South, G.R.			504
Screedharan, A.			103	Souza, G.R.			900
Seidel, W.R.			635	Spears, D.M.			115
Sharp, B.		636	637	Spracklin, B.W.			466
Shaw, W.N.		638	639	Sprague, J.B.			656
Sheigus, V.E.			994	Squires, H.T.			657
Sheldon, R.W.			670	Stafford, J.			658
Shibuya, S.	353	354	355	Staufer, R.C.			659
Shieh, H.S.			641	Stead, D.H.		660	661
Shiozawa, T.			521	Steinberg, M.A.			662
Shumway, S.E.		1036	1037	Steinnes, E.			1004
Sicardi, O.E.			642	Stephens, R.E.	663	664	1039
Sidwell, V.D.			643	Stevenson, J.A.	665	to	673
Silina, A.V.			1038	Stone, F.E.			674
Simizu, Z.			355	Strange, E.S.			1040
Simpson, A.C.	269	644	645	Strelkov, A.A.			328
Sinderman, C.J.			646	Struhsaker, P.J.			148
Sjardin, M.J.			181	Sturgess, N.H.		610	611
Skreslet, S.		647	648	Sugarwara, Y.	676	677	678
Skul'skii, I.A.			649	Sunderlin, J.B.			1041
Smith, A.G.			650	Suter, H.			675
Smith, B.			114	Suzuki, S.	676 .	677	678
Smith, G.S.			651	Swedmark, M.	679	680	681
Smith, H.M.			652				

Szent-Gyorgyi, A.G.	131 613	346 682	347 933	Thompson, J.R.			84
			1025	Thompson, M.H.			700
Szentkiralyi, E.M.			933	Thompson, R.J.			1044
Taguahi V			10/2	Thompson, W.A.B.			696
Taguchi, K.			1042	Thurber, L.K.			701
Takahashi, K.		683	952	Thurberg, F.P.			975
Takama, K.			320	Tibilova, T.Kh.			702
Tamura, T.	316	684	730	Tomita, K.			703
Tanaka, S.			685	Tonomura, Y.	453	704	705
Tang, S.F.			686	Topping, G.			706
Tappel, A.L.	532	687	947	Tower, R.C.			1008
Tasmania Standing Committee				Toyama, Y.			359
on Fisheries, South Eastern Fisheries							
Committee			688	Tressler, D.K.			707
Taylor, D.M.			689	Trueman, E.R.	487	708	709
Tebble, N.			690	Truscott, B.		684	730
Temper, S.A.			361	Tsuji, Y.			339
Templeman, W.	691	692	693	Tubb, J.A.			710
Tennant, A.D.			565	Tubiash, H.S.	711	712	954
Tenore, K.R.			1043	Tunbridge, B.R.		713	714
Testud, AM.			918	Turner, H.J.		715	716
Thayer, C.W.			694	Turpayer, T.M.			717
Thayer, G.W.		695	1028				
Theroux, R.N.			758	Uexkyll, J.V.			718
Thoai, N.V.		541	953	United States of Amer Department of Comme		719	720
Thomas, F.B.	696	739	to	Ursin, E.			721
			742				
Thomas, G.F.			697	Vafina, M.G.			485
Thomas, H.J.			698	Vahl, O.		722	723
Thome-Beau, F.			925	Van Dam, L.			724
Thompson, H.M.			699	Van Thoai, N.		725	925
				Varga, S.			726

Vaughn, C.L.		184	185	White, K.M.			752
Ventilla, R.F.			1045	Wiborg, K.F.	753	to	757
Vernberg, F.J.			727	Wigley, R.L.			758
Verrill, A.E.			728	Wilber, K.M.			759
Vinogradov, A.P.			1046	Wildish, D.J.			801
Vles, F.			729	Wilkins, N.P.			760
Voinci T	216	(0)	720	Williams, A.B.			761
Wainai, T.	316	684	730	Wilson, D.P.			762
Wakui, T.		731	732	Wilson, S.			164
Wales, W.		700	1047	Winckworth, R.		763	764
Waller, T.R.		733	1048	Wirtz, A.J.			552
Walne, P.R.		734	735	Winston-Menzel, R.			625
Walshe, K.			1049	Wiseman, P.M.	311	312	317
Ward, J.	0.04	255	1050	Wojtowicz, M.B.			957
Watabe, S.	926	955	1051	Wolfe, D.A.			555
Water, M.E.			736	Wood, P.C.		734	735
Watkinson, J.G.			737				
Watnabe, H.			521	Yagi, K.	453	704	705 765
Waugh, G.D.		738	956	Yamada, M.			281
Webb, N.B.	739	to	742	Yamamoto, G.	511	766	to
Webber, H.H.			743		779	781 791	to 1053
Welch, W.R.		744	745	Yankovskij, A.V.			958
Wells, H.W.	746	to	749	Yavnov, S.V.			1038
Wells, M.J.	747	748	749	Yeater, L.W.			792
Wells, W.F.			1052	Yevich, P.P.			234
Welsh, W.R.			750		759	793	794
Welsh, W.W.			46	Yonge, C.M.	739	193	
Wenrich, D.H.			751	Yoo, S.K.			795
Wenzloff, D.R.			1016	Yoshimura, A.			522
White, D.J.		184	185	Young, S.A.			796

797	907	959
320	960	961
		204
		1054
		799
		800
	801	1034
		643
	602	802
		320 960 801

SUBJECT INDEX

Abnormalities	917						
Abundance	7	25	54	90	98	107	125
Abultance	139	141	148			-	174
	186	188	189	170 190	(171) 195	172 242	249
	362	363	364	387	388	390	416
	444	446	448	449	468	535	547
	553	555	(556)		566	588	593
	713	757	812	854	993		
Adductor muscle	149	168	281	295	296	297	300
	316	321	346	389	395	400	439
	453	454	455	464	492	493	494
	509	522	564	568	580	596	597
	599	602	612	613	649	664	674
	682	687	704	705	718	730	757
	889	891	892	893	901	926	933
	940	950	955	990	1012	1017	1018
	1019	1020	1025	1026	1028	1039	1051
Age determination	37	334	543				
	50	77	201	207	434	438	446
Age distribution		67	381	387			
	447	542	589	590	721	(757)	809
	852	980					
Age-growth relationship	211	284	577	1003			
Age-size structure	702	754	973	1061			
Age-weight relationship	640	702					
Amino acid composition	367	509	522	959			
Anatomy	44	78	183	193	194	197	241
	263	294	310	328	329	343	422
	495	(537)	574	577	578	580	581
	587	631	636	637	752	897	936
	1047	0.51		031	, , , .		
Annual cycle	316	686					
Annual production	139	141	737				
Annual rings	18	432	433	434	480	543	561
Amings I Ingo	640	673	733	404	400	243	301
	040	0/3					

Antibiotic usage	1002						
Aquaculture	109	110	137	230	242	279	322
	323	324	333	353	(354)	355	357
	409	498	540	543	545	(546)	598
	609	638	639	743	772	855	894
	968	996	1041	1042	1061		
Artificial spawning	110	111	133	138	229	261	322
	355	529	609	770	774	776	777
	790	795					
Associated benthos	8	9	90	303	304	330	335
	336	426	511	(512)	(521)	531	536
	553	703	771	772	775	779	781
	787						
Associated fauna	9	45	73	90	98	202	249
	287	303	304	307	330	335	336
	339	408	426	471	472	473	475
	476	478	511	(512)	517	(521)	531
	536	553	554	567	577	614	660
	703	713	737	749	758	762	763
	771 835	775 886	779 996	781 1023	787 1035	814	821
	633	000	996	1023	1033		
Associated flora	195	202	344	424	425	504	(511)
	(512)	(521)	659	660	695	835	867
Avoidance behaviour	27	28	87	205	210	378	580
	697	793	851				
Behaviour	27	28	87	144	372	580	625
	784	851	886	972			
Biodeposition	488						
Biochemistry/Biochemical							
analysis	3	13	17	48	59	69	71
	72	112	to	115	131	134	164
	166	167	168	199	216	225	226
	255	265	(266)	270	271	272	281
	295	to	301	311	to	321	347
	359	361	366	367	379	389	392
	393	(394)	395	398	428	439	452
	to	455	481	482	484	485	488
	501	505	509	518	519	520	522
	530	532	541	548	552	564	568
	586 649	596	597	599	630	641	643 682
	683	663	664 687	674 700	676 704	677 705	707
	725	760	765	797	889	891	892
	893	907	923	925	926	928	930
	933	934	936	943	947	948	950
	to	953	955	956	957	959	960
	961	988	990	997	1004	1005	1013
	1017	1018	1019	1020	1022	1028	1036
	1039	1044	1046	1051			

Biochemical degradation	17 298	112 300	to 674	115	255	296	297
Biology	7 58 267 411 600 800 1050	18 157 283 461 601 806	19 193 287 545 667 822	(20) 201 (288) 546 681 854	(24) 217 333 549 735 904	38 253 350 563 789 982	(51) 254 (382) 570 796 1021
Biomass estimate	336						
Boats and gear	47 197 450 818 965	58 265 516 827 1001	85 (266) 559 861 1040	101 349 567 870	139 411 610 873	141 413 737 874	177 419 805 932
Boring organisms	135	480	536	539			
Bottom types	145 555 882	231 604 965	249 660 1021	259 661 1060	336 735 1061	499 737	523 825
Breeding/Breeding seasons	7 70 138 436 619 745 773 949	10 82 145 563 to 750 774	12 110 354 577 624 754 776	18 111 355 578 647 766 777	32 129 377 609 648 to 778	39 130 387 (615) 686 770 858	47 133 425 617 721 772 927
Byssus/Byssus attachment	8	93	217	422	680		
Camouflage	728						
Capital outlay/Costs Cardiac activity	374 717	499	610	611			
Catch/Effort	65 634	274 890	429 1006	438	446	447	606
Catch disposal	139	141	1001				
Catch rates	81 606 816 838 876	176 660 819 840 932	197 689 823 843 1049	246 (701) 824 846	499 757 825 850	593 814 827 865	(604) 815 829 873
Catch statistics	53 349 549 692 1057	65 369 551 693 1065	97 388 607 720	189 414 608 804	223 415 634 869	246 416 651 980	325 (516) 652 1021

Cell division	41	384	943				
Chemical composition	13	49	71	72	131	134	167
	216	225	255	265	(266)	270	271
	272	281	316	320	361	367	439
	474	484	522	548	586	643	682
	707	929	930	934	959	960	961
	1005	1044	1046			,,,,	
Chromosomes	41						
Cilia/Ciliary movement	77	343	663	(722)	723	727	936
Circulatory system	77	194					
Classification	44	126	127	143	149	152	219
	250	267	291	577	655	727	764
	902	1007					
Climatic effects	535						
Commensal relationships	4	117	202	302	362	363	364
	475	476	547	625	758	792	886
Comparative studies	(122)	123	127	144	158	159	160
	161	162	181	185	188	198	199
	200	202	204	216	237	239	256
	263	270	271	(284)	285	286	287
	289	294	296	297	299	304	307
	312	316	329	334	335	336	342
	360	362	379	393	394	398	402
	to	405	418	427	428	434	441
	446	452	464	465	467	477	480
	482	486	487	493	494	(495)	499
	509	523	528	538	547	554	555
	560	568	576	577	578	581	584
	585	593	599	(600)	601	602	(615)
	616	620	622	629	630	643	649
	659	664	682	684	687	723	724
	736	740	741	742	775	779	782
	783	784	792	794	815	829	840
	841	876	887	889	896	898	907
	916	923	925	943	964	978	1003
	1017	1020	1022	1028	1036	1043	1045
	1051	1054					
Condition/Condition factor	82	136	146	209	431	• 450	
Conservation	22	101	125	228	256	265	(266)
	279	344	513	859	866	870	885
	942						
Consumption	720	847	868	869			

Culture	16	109	110	111	116	137	229	
	230	235	261	262	279	322	324	
	333	340	353	(354)	355	386	396	
	409	430	498	540	543	545	(546)	
	598	609	618	638	639	743	767	
	768	769	772	776	781	782	795	
	855	858	894	902	908	916	917	
	949	954	968	991	996	1002	1003	
	1008	1029	1031	1032	1041	1042	1043	
	1053							
Current effects	523	525						
Density studies	110	(124)	198	262	795			
	110	100	0.40	250	201	501		
Depth range/Depth studies	110	198	249	259	304	534	551	
	588	626	648	660	815	816	872	
	912	939	944	993	1031	1045	1055	
	1061							
D 1	100	1/5	220	207	265	/ 20	520	
Development	109	145	229	287	365	430	529	
	618	786	790	(791)	902	916	972	
	972							
Digestive system	149	164	281	624	676	677	678	
Digestive system	957	104	201	024	070	0//	070	
	931							
Diseases/Disease control	351	458	646	711	712	715	908	
Discuses/Discuse Control	954	996	040	,	, 12	, 12	,,,,	
	734	5.70						
Distribution	1	2	7	to	11	25	45	
	57	59	60	61	63	64	70	
	76	81	84	85	89	90	98	
	99	103	(107)	(118)	(124)	127	(128)	
	132	139	141	148	149	152	153	
	177	189	191	196	197	206	219	
	224	228	231	232	233	242	243	
	249	251	254	256	265	266	267	
	280	303	304	306	327	331	333	
	335	338	(341)	343	362	364	368	
	382	399	(408)	423	425	435	438	
	450	468	476	478	483	491	(510)	
	511	(512)	514	516	523	(524)	525	
	(527)	533	to	536	545	546	547	
	551	553	(556)	(557)	565	566	567	
	(575)	577	579	588	590	591	593	
	(594)	(605)	607	614	626	627	632	
	633	642	652	654	657	660	661	
	665	(667)	675	691	707	713	(714)	
	721	737	738	744	752	755	756	
	757	(763)	799	804	805	807	809	
	812	816	823	824	825	835	842	
	852	854	902	906	912	(913)	(914)	
	918	(919)	(921)	935	(938)	(941)	944	
	982	993	1021	1023	1049	1055	1061	

Diving	30 660	73 859	87	499	523	544	628
DNA synthesis	384	943					
Jim Sylichesis	304	343					
Dredge efficiency	26	29	56	57	86	87	91
	174	258	441	593	628	829	846
	847	942					
Dredge operation/Methods	106	252	374	812	851	875	880
	882	1040	1058				
Dredge selectivity	30	53	56	91	94	237	(238)
	239						
Dredging effects	258	444	459	582	628	695	856
	879	942	970				
Earnings	228	932					
Ecology	243	(356)	357	358	367	425	431
	432	488	521	530	535	576	(615)
	616	679	680	733	738	770	772
	775	776	778	781	792	886	902
	911 1035	939	980	982	1021	1023	1033
Economic importance	149						
Economics	42	137	185	186	233	235	265
	(266)	324	374	545	(546)	569	610
	611	720	860	981	996		
Electrical stimulation	403	405					
Embryos	193	567	916				
Employment statistics	105	139	141	265	(266)	325	720
	878						
Enemies	47	73	95	135	179	207	210
	251	309	344	348	378	383	411
	425	480	496	525	536	539	554
	580 746	603	646 649	652 756	697 799	715 805	737 835
	859	908	944	966	996	603	033
Energy budget	227						
Environmental effects	93	145	161	163	174	175	179
	180	188	to	191	199	207	234
	243	249	259	262	322	336	356
	358	366	375	403	405	418	427
	434	499	503	520	523	525	529
	530	553	555	576	604	615	617
	619 648	620 651	621 656	623 659	624 660	630 661	647 670
	671	679	680	681	706	716	727

Environmental effects (cont'd)	735	737	770	774	776	778	780
	781	784	785	792	801	825	882
	899	900	922	931	965	978	991
	1014	1015	1024	1033	1036	1037	
Environmental relationships	136	651	671	(1029)	1035	1038	1054
Enzymes	17	69	225	270	271	299	366
	379	455	485	501	505	519	541
	552	663	674	704	725	760	765
	925	955	956	957	1013	1018	1020
	1022						
Equipment/Equipment research	102	507	508	807			
Escape reaction	27	28	87	205	210	378	487
Escape reaction	580	697	793	203	210	370	407
Evolution	76	127	733	793			
Exploration/Exploratory							
fishing (see also Fishery	25	30	45	57	60	61	63
survey and Surveys)	64	81	84	97	98	99	119
	120	121	(124)	146	148	177	196
	256	376	380	381	417	456	538
	544	751	817	819	821	823	903
	921	962	963	967	976		
Export statistics	826	827	832	878	1057		
Eye	79	86	150	151	169	244	277
	294	310	365	370	to	373	420
	421	481	482	502	537	587	636
	637	751	897				
Fats	71	72	316	320	684		
Fatty acids	71	641	923				
Feeding/Feeding behaviour	123	165	205	307	435	528	553
	630	799					
Fertilisation	261	262	780	790	977		
Filtration	5	123	241	356	419	528	722
	723						
Fisheries	7	10	(24)	38	42	43	45
Tisheries	47	54	58	61	65	82	85
	92	96	100	101	(118)	125	132
	186	189	191	197	208	219	228
	232	233	237	238	240	246	257
	264	265	269	274	275	276	280
	306	325	326	349	367	369	(382)
	390	411	412	417	419	424	435
	440	442	443	445	to	451	483
	500	510	513	516	526	545	546
	549	562	566	567	585	591	595

Fisheries (cont'd)	605	to	608	610	611	644	652
	668	669	671	686	689	691	707
	714	737	738	744	803	804	808
	809	812	816	818	820	822	833
	856	860	861	871	873	878	880
	882	883	890	895	902	920	922
	924	932	937	942	964	980	982
	995	999	1001	1006	1035	1050	1056
	1062	1064	1065				
Fishery biology	53	92	96	738			
Fishery data	65	549					
Fishery development	81	82	100	(118)	146	184	186
restry development	411	440	447	562	698	830	831
	840	971		302	0,0	030	032
Fishery economics	65	186	233	251			
Fishery management	197	513	526	885	970		
	197			003	970		
Fishery production	146	185	964				
Fishery prospects	54	140	186	231	274	287	349
	411	425	443	450	562	566	588
	590	607	644	653	654	698	715
	757	830	853	864	865	922	937
	942	976	1006	1027	1061		
Fishery regulations	139	141	265	(266)	390	391	607
rishery regulations	608	611	628	737	808	827	832
	837	847	850	856	866	883	885
	902	932	970	980	989	1056	1058
	1059	1063					
Fishery resources	46	140	525	551	588	665	691
	703	937	942	1027			
Fishery surveys	57	61	99	184	185	390	463
(see also Surveys)	542	588	590	645	689	734	738
	825	895	919	921			
Fighing areas	7	25	45	61	70	01	0.5
Fishing areas	98	99	103	132		81	85
	177	(189)	197	206	139 224	141 228	148
	232	242	251	256	265	(266)	(231)
	446	447	450	(451)	(510)	525	545
	546	591	607	608	611	691	707
	714	737	804	809	813	816	823
	827	829	838	839	842	843	852
	856	870	878	882	883	902	1054
	1055	1060	0,0	002	003	202	1054
Fishing communities	937						
		100					
Fishing efficiency	186	189					
Fishing effort	97	101	103	139	141	246	275
	276	415	720	981			

7							
Fishing gear/Technology	26	29	30	47	53	56	57
	58	62	85	106	139	141	147
	177 252	186 265	197	237 349	(238) 411	239 419	250 450
	(516)	559	(266) 567	583	584	591	593
	595	604	628	629	635	653	734
	737	757	761		812	818	829
	836	840	846	805 847	856	870	873
	874	879	902	924	965	1001	1040
	1065	0/9	902	924	903	1001	1040
	1005						
Fishing methods/							
Operations/Vessels	47	139	147	209	251	306	325
operations, vessers	374	376	388	390	411	413	435
	443	450	567	584	591	607	608
	610	651	652	701	720	808	812
	813	814	818	835	840	845	861
						043	991
	870	874	882	971	1040		
Fishing mortality	(94)	95	258	462	890		
7.1.1	100		707	060	060	071	
Fishing ports	139	141	737	862	863	871	
Fishing seasons	139	141	265	(266)	349	440	651
Tishing seasons	737	818	827	837	885	932	970
	1064	010	027	037	003	7.72	270
	1004						
Flesh weight	134						
Fand	205	307	222	252	426	621	623
Food	748	787	322	352	842	855	023
	746	101	795	835	042	033	
Food composition/							
Food value	265	(266)	313	439	548	643	652
rood value	263	(266)	313	439	340	643	032
Fouling organisms	799	1023					
rouling organisms	799	1023					
Freezing/Freezing effects	113	199	255	296	298	300	385
rrecaring rrecaring erreces	392	509	564	568	597	599	726
	736	742	841	300		3,7,	, = 0
	, 30	, 42	0.11				
Gear	47	57	58	85	177	205	249
	252	253	265	(266)	306	325	336
	388	390	413	419	441	443	450
	559	567	583	584	591	595	604
	(701)	737	757	805	808	813	814
	815				840	846	
	856	818	825	838	879	882	847 902
		861	870	873		002	902
	924	965	1001	1040	1058		
Gear efficiency	26	29	56	57	87	91	174
,	258	390	441	544	584	593	628
	629	734	829	846	847	924	942
	1065			040	047		,42
	2003						
Gear research	53	57	62	416	446	459	544
	635	653	734	829	836	851	875
	879						

Gear selectivity	30 239	53 890	56	91	94	237	(238)
Genetics	896						
Gonad condition	73 732 1011	201 825	589 903	620 907	647 910	648 911	661 1010
Gonad development	12 716 1033	18 732	45 812	200 972	239 985	430 1010	621 1011
Gonads	315 (731) 1011	439 732 1021	501 757	577 797	578 946	624 951	716 959
Growth/Growth rate	7 110 211 239 339 387 577 686 757 887 987	18 180 (212) 242 356 432 591 702 782 890 994 1042	30 182 (213) 243 357 433 657 721 795 904 1000 1043	37 189 (214) 245 358 434 666 734 809 943 1003 1045	42 191 227 284 362 471 670 735 812 968 1026 1055	47 198 237 285 363 543 672 745 835 972 1031 1061	67 209 (238) 289 384 561 673 750 852 973 1038
Habitat	10 332 822	47 496 870	76 576 982	152 582 1048	(157) 591	205 616	280 783
Habits	42 582	193 600	228 601	233 849	251 1048	329	333
Handling methods	40	147	272	419	591	652	
Heavy metals	74 969	75 975	115 1015	204 1016	706 1024	801	931
Hermaphroditism	12 410 1011	129 430 1021	130 477	158 577	290 (578)	387 909	402 1010
Hinge	154	334	345	386	616	929	930
Histology	77 678	78 910	365 911	503 1010	602 1011	612 1025	613
Histopathology	954						
Histophysiology	200	897	979				
History:Fisheries	54 (266) 818 1054	81 274 827	99 411 830	100 447 831	101 605 842	209 652 859	265 698 1049

Hydrography/hydrology	173	242	336	375	387	425	978
Hypertrophy (Lip)	44						
Identification	116 319 658	(118) 327 690	129 368 730	138 397 982	165 467	251 517	311 533
Import statistics/ Importation effects	206	719	830	868	869	1062	
Induced ovulation	780						
Induced spawning	110 355 790	111 539 795	133 609 858	138 770 977	229 774	261 776	322 777
Ionic regulation	945	1036					
Juveniles/Juvenile development	109 427 712 904	111 467 786 972	191 470 788 978	268 618 (789) 1015	322 658 812 1016	329 673 824 1023	337 711 843 1045
Laboratory culture	109 618 862	116 768 863	(137) 776 916	145 781 949	235 782 972	386 858 1032	(396) 861
Landing statistics	45 189 251 429 608 737 964 1059	47 190 275 440 634 827 974 1063	100 205 276 450 647 842 993 1064	101 223 369 (516) 692 859 999	105 228 414 549 693 880 1006	(172) (232) 415 567 719 882 1049	176 246 416 607 720 890 1056
Larvae/Larval development	111 191 364 579 767 916 983	116 229 396 609 768 939 991	138 242 397 658 770 944 1002	145 261 470 695 781 954 1008	163 262 490 711 786 956 1032	180 322 517 712 795 972	181 337 529 762 908 977
Larval identification	116	138	973				
Latitudinal effects	161						
Length-frequency distribution	30 434	211 661	(212) 809	(213) 812	(214)	249	259
Length/Location/ Depth relationship	551						

Length-weight relationships								
Life cycle 14 228 309 325 425 786 902 Life history 21 42 57 109 132 191 205 588 652 671 707 (784) 805 886 251 254 265 (266) 344 475 582 588 652 671 707 (784) 805 886 Life span 887 Ligament 8987 Ligament 86 334 345 480 580 708 709 Light effects/Light response 79 182 244 277 371 372 (373) Lips Lips 241 Lipids 281 641 677 683 788 923 948 Lipids 281 641 677 683 788 923 948 Locomotion 14 27 47 70 87 205 210 218 245 278 280 292 344 378 400 435 465 487 489 496 525 527 586 651 694 697 728 729 Lunar periodicity/ Lunar phases 12 360 (436) 437 648 686 778 Management 197 390 526 610 611 870 885 Mantle 192 574 631 1047 Market review 197 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 882 882 888 888 1057 1064 Marketing effects Marketing effects Marketing effects 103 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mathematical models 188 356 358 479 640								
Life history	relationships	181	282					
Life history	Life cycle	14	228	309	325	425	786	902
251 254 265 (266) 344 475 582 886 652 671 707 (784) 805 886 886 652 671 707 (784) 805 886 886 886 886 652 671 707 (784) 805 886	arre cycle				323		,00	,,,,
251 254 265 (266) 344 475 582 886 652 671 707 (784) 805 886 886 652 671 707 (784) 805 886 886 886 886 652 671 707 (784) 805 886					100	100		205
Life span 987 Ligament 987 Light effects/Light response 79 182 244 277 371 372 (373) Lips 241 Lipids 241 Lipids 241 Lipids 281 641 677 683 798 923 948 Locomotion 14 27 47 70 87 205 210 218 248 249 279 344 378 490 496 525 527 580 651 694 697 728 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 729	Life history							
Life span 987 Ligament 987 Ligament 66 334 345 480 580 708 709 299 930 345 480 580 708 709 Light effects/Light response 79 182 244 277 371 372 373 372 (373) Lips 241 Lipids 281 641 677 683 798 923 948 951 952 960 961 1004 Locomotion 14 27 47 70 87 205 210 218 245 278 280 292 344 378 400 435 465 487 489 496 525 527 580 651 694 697 728 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 729								
Ligament 6 334 345 480 580 708 709 Light effects/Light response 79 182 244 277 371 372 (373) Lips 241 Lipids 281 641 677 683 798 923 948 951 952 960 961 1004 Locomotion 14 27 47 70 87 205 210 218 245 278 280 292 344 378 400 435 465 487 489 496 525 527 580 651 694 697 728 729 793 811 851 904 972 992 Lunar periodicity/ Lunar phases 12 360 (436) 437 648 686 778 Management 197 390 526 610 611 870 885 Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 687 607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 892 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640					707	(704)	000	000
Light effects/Light response	Life span	987						
Light effects/Light response	Ligament	6	224	245	4.80	500	700	700
Light effects/Light response 79 182 244 277 371 372 (373) 2421 502 621 623 751 Lips 241	Ligament			343	460	360	706	709
response 79 182 (420) 421 502 621 623 751 372 (373) 372 (373) Lips 241 Lipids 281 641 677 683 798 923 948 951 952 960 961 1004 923 948 923 948 Locomotion 14 27 47 70 87 205 210 218 245 278 280 292 344 378 400 435 465 487 489 496 525 527 580 651 694 697 728 729 728 729 73 811 851 904 972 992 Lunar periodicity/ Lunar phases 12 360 (436) 437 648 686 778 Management 197 390 981 1029 Mantle 192 574 631 1047 Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 887 867 987 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134								
Lips 241 Lipids 281 641 677 683 798 923 948 951 952 960 961 1004 Locomotion 14 27 47 70 87 205 210 218 245 278 280 292 344 378 400 435 465 487 489 496 525 527 580 651 694 697 728 729 793 811 851 904 972 992 Lunar periodicity/ Lunar phases 12 360 (436) 437 648 686 778 Management 197 390 526 610 611 870 885 981 1029 Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134		7.0		0//	077	071	070	(070)
Lipids 241 Lipids 281 641 677 683 798 923 948 Locomotion 14 27 47 70 87 205 210 218 245 278 280 292 344 378 400 435 465 487 489 496 525 527 580 651 694 697 728 729 793 811 851 904 972 992 Lunar periodicity/ Lunar phases 12 360 (436) 437 648 686 778 Management 197 390 526 610 611 870 885 Mantle 192 574 631 1047 Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134	response							(3/3)
Lipids 281 641 677 683 798 923 948 951 952 960 961 1004 Locomotion 14 27 47 70 87 205 210 218 245 278 280 292 344 378 400 435 465 487 489 496 525 527 580 651 694 697 728 729 793 811 851 904 972 992 Lunar periodicity/ Lunar phases 12 360 (436) 437 648 686 778 Management 197 390 526 610 611 870 885 Mantle 192 574 631 1047 Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 882 888 1057 1064 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134		(420)	421	302	621	623	731	
Locomotion	Lips	241						
Locomotion	Lipids	281	641	677	683	798	923	948
218 245 278 280 292 344 378 400 435 465 487 489 496 525 527 580 651 694 697 728 729 729 729 728 729 729 729 729 729 728 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 728 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 728 729 729 729 728 729 729 728 729 729 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 728 729 728 728 729 728 729 728 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 728 729 728 729 728 728 729 728 729 728 728 729 728 729 728 728 729 728 728 729 728 728 729 728		951	952	960	961	1004		
218 245 278 280 292 344 378 400 435 465 487 489 496 525 527 580 651 694 697 728 729 729 729 728 729 729 729 729 729 728 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 728 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 729 728 729 729 729 728 729 729 728 729 729 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 728 729 728 728 729 728 729 728 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 729 728 728 729 728 729 728 728 729 728 729 728 728 729 728 729 728 728 729 728 728 729 728 728 729 728	Locomotion	14	27	47	70	87	205	210
Aunar periodicity/	EGCOMOCTON							
Lunar periodicity/ Lunar phases 12 360 (436) 437 648 686 778 Management 197 390 526 610 611 870 885 Mantle 192 574 631 1047 Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134								
Lunar periodicity/ Lunar phases 12 360 (436) 437 648 686 778 Management 197 390 526 610 611 870 885 Mantle 192 574 631 1047 Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 882 888 1057 1064 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134		527	580		694	697		729
Lunar phases 12 360 (436) 437 648 686 778 Management 197 390 526 610 611 870 885 Mantle 192 574 631 1047 Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134		793	811	851	904	972	992	
Lunar phases 12 360 (436) 437 648 686 778 Management 197 390 526 610 611 870 885 Mantle 192 574 631 1047 Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134	Lunar periodicity/							
Mantle 192 574 631 1047 Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134		12	360	(436)	437	648	686	778
Mantle 192 574 631 1047 Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134	Managamanh	107	200	526	610	611	970	005
Mantle 192 574 631 1047 Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134	Management			320	010	011	670	003
Market review 719 804 868 980 Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 888 1057 1064 523 561 590 592 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134		,02						
Marketing 197 265 (266) 390 435 440 516 607 608 818 826 860 873 882 888 1057 1064 818 826 860 873 882 888 1057 1064 818 826 860 873 818 826 860 873 818 826 800 826 826 800 826 826 800 826 826 800 826 826 800 826 826 800 826 826 800 826 826 800	Mantle	192	574	631	1047			
607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134	Market review	719	804	868	980			
607 608 816 818 826 860 873 Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 387 444 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134	Marketing	197	265	(266)	390	435	440	516
Marketing effects 300 878 Marking (tagging) 305 699 837 867 987 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134		607	608			826	860	
Marking (tagging) 305 699 837 867 987 523 561 590 592 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134			888			020	000	073
699 837 867 987 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134	Marketing effects	300	878					
699 837 867 987 Mass mortality 7 173 179 186 1009 1010 Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134	Marking (tagging)	305	387	444	523	561	590	592
Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134	narking (tagging)						3,0	
Mathematical models 187 356 358 479 640 Mean weight 103 134			170	170	106	1000	1010	
Mean weight 103 134	Mass mortality	7	1/3	1/9	186	1009	1010	
	Mathematical models	187	356	358	479	640		
Measuring techniques 268	Mean weight	103	134					
	Measuring techniques	268						

Most solowetien	F.O.	150					
Meat colouration	59	458					
Meat condition	146	239	440	591	645	696	726
	736	739	740	741	742	816	840
	841	1036					
Meat size	416						
Meat size-shell height							
relationship	286	287	972				
Meat size-weight							
relationship	82	92	102	103	256		
meat weight	757	1043					
Meat weight-whole							
weight relationship	287	439	551				
Meat yield	22	45	53	81	82	101	102
	287	411	457	539	591	593	657
	739	740	813	815	816	823	824
	827	829	838	841	850	865	890
	903	932	980				
Meat yield-age							
relationship	287						
Meat yield-size							
relationship	457						
Metabolic rate/							
metabolism	356	683	725	947	952	988	
Microbial contamination/							
Microbial control	262	711	(712)	954			
Migrations	23	651	734	867	987	992	1021
	1026						
Morphogenesis	386						
Morphology	1	2	9	47	70	76	116
	(118)	127	128	138	149	to	153
	(157)	159	to	162	(169)	181	(192)
	193	194	202	205	217	228	229
	234	244	245	251	254	263	267
	272	280	(288)	290	292	310	327
	328	331	332	337	338	(341)	(342)
	368	395	397	399	(433)	435	443
	467	470	477	478	479	491	495
	496	514	517	533	575	577	578
	580	581	585	587	614	(615)	616
	618	627	(631)	632	633	(642)	651
	652	658	675	676	677	690	(694)
	708	(718)	727	733	752	(753)	763
	804	805	835	870	902	906	(913)
	(914)	915	916	929	(938)	(941)	978
	979	982	983	1000	1021		
	213	202	200	1000	1001		

Mortality/Mortality							
rate	94	95	111	173	175	186	189
	258	260	387	427	462	506	715
	734	782	783	784	786	890	954
	972	973	981	987	1008	1041	1042
	1043	1045	701	,,,	1.5.70	11	1042
	1043	1043					
Movement: population	400	561	992				
Movement: scallops	14	27	47	70	87	205	210
	218	245	278	280	292	344	378
	435	465	487	489	496	523	525
	527	580	694	697	728	729	793
	811	857	904	972	992		
Muscle condition	201	316					
Muscle studies	168	281	295	296	297	300	316
	321	346	347	389	395	400	439
	453	454	455	464	492	493	494
	509	522	564	568	580	596	597
	599	602	612	613	649	664	674
	682	687	704	705	718	730	757
	889		892	901	926	933	940
		891	892	901	926	933	940
	950	955					
Necrosis	711	712					
Nervous system	183	194	277	310	365	372	(373)
	(393)	(394)	(395)	404	464	465	481
	482	587	(636)	(637)	663	(751)	(802)
	899						
Nomenclature	76	126	127	155	250	291	655
	727	764	902	918	984	986	1007
Nutritive value	265	313	643				
Oocyte growth/							
Degeneration	623	909	988				
Operative costs	374						
Overfishing	228	444	830	882	1059	1064	
Oxygen consumption/							
uptake	356	418	486	722	724	784	785
	975	1016					
Oxygen isotope composition	994						
Paralytic shellfish							
poisoning	15	463	565				
Parasites/Parasitic							
infections	52	104	117	146	309	383	539
	603	652	659	746	747	749	958
	966	972					
	200						

Particle retention	5	197	241	722	723	784	785
Pearl formation	135						
Periodic activity	600	601	1038				
Phylogeny	76	(126)	127	143	329	727	
Physiology	44 150 229 346 421 493 (636) 752	66 151 244 365 422 502 (637) 759	77 (169) 263 370 428 537 641 901	78 192 277 to 464 (574) 649 945	79 194 280 373 481 576 687 1009	86 200 338 400 482 581 717 1033	149 (217) 343 420 492 622 (718) 1037
Phytoplankton/Planktonic effects	165 1031	356 1054	358	778	781	851	855
Pigments/Pigmentation	59	482	532	802	946	947	
Pollution/Pollution effects	216 679 931 1030	234 680 969 1034	375 681 975	530 706 1012	630 801 1015	656 900 1016	661 922 1024
Population assessment	523	846	890				
Population density	7 110 304 593 804 902	25 139 468 635 809 922	73 141 525 654 829 1049	87 148 539 660 937 1060	90 198 544 689 841 1061	98 231 560 713 849	107 259 590 795 872
Population fluctuation	7 173 304 651 922	54 174 325 702	88 179 424 703	89 187 526 738	125 190 547 770	170 195 549 824	172 257 588 867
Population structure	92 542	93 549	125 799	242 821	438 902	444 977	534 981
Population studies	96 209 257 388 550 734 884	99 211 269 424 561 738 896	107 212 275 433 (615) 833 911	125 213 276 434 620 852 942	127 214 285 444 622 859 971	177 231 304 452 628 864 978	195 242 387 (524) 695 865 987
Ports	139	141	737	862	863	871	

Predation/Predator							
control	47	73	95	179	207	210	251
	344	348	378	411	425	496	525
	554	580	646	697	737	748	756
	799	805	835	859	908	944	972
	996	1035	1049				
Preservation methods/							
Preservation effects	113	199	255	296	298	300	308
	564						
Processing	40	47	83	146	147	265	(266)
	272	287	293	308	325	349	388
	450	463	466	483	497	507	508
	516	585	591	607	608	652	662
		707					
	689		719	739	to	742	761
	808	812	816	818	831	835	841
	845	848	854	857	861	873	878
	1042	1066					
Production costs	1045						
Production statistics	598	639	720	868	869	877	882
	1064						
Production trends	186	190	206	340			
2							
Proteins/Protein							
synthesis	6	345	347	366	453	454	548
	586	596	664	704	705	797	898
	907	926	930	933	940	950	955
	959	985	1005	1051			
Radioactivity	630	641					
Range/Range extension	153	189	191	531	534	555	558
	626	650	675	912	334	333	220
Recruitment	92	98	101	103	260	356	542
	734	890	101	103	200	330	342
Reproduction	7	10	12	18	32	39	47
neproduction	70	82	110	111	129		
	138	145	280			130	133
				337	354	377	425
	430	436	503	563	567	577	578
	(615)	617	619	to	624	647	648
	686	716	745	750	754	766	768
	769	770	773	774	776	777	778
	791	795	799	835	858	899	902
	908	972	973	977	1033	1053	
Reproductive behaviour/							
Reproductive cycles/							
Reproductive organs	273	279	280	289	405	406	407
	430	437	503	686	985	1044	
Respiratory processes/							
Respiratory rate	66	227					

Response to movement	27	87	144	751			
Review: aquaculture	638	639	743	894	908		
Review: experimental studies/Research	15 275 461 735	68 276 634 833	171 312 667 1050	186 414 685 1056	189 415 688	221 416 692	222 429 693
Review: fisheries/Fishery explorations	108 388 644 852 1027	176 417 652 859 1054	208 443 686 863	209 450 827 922	287 461 828 942	340 566 830 1001	349 634 842 1006
Salinity effects/ Salinity tolerance	145 780	163 785	243 991	262 1014	647 1015	670 1036	727 1037
Seasonal cycles	12 890	13	405	436	686	(731)	779
Seasonal variations	134 450 732 1031	242 463 815	339 543 952	430 678 972	431 683 994	435 702 1009	439 731 1011
Serological studies	226	538					
Settlement	554 1026	734	735	762	768	872	973
Sexual development	287	405	(406)	1011			
Sexual differentiation	12 402 1010	129 410 1021	130 430	158 477	289 577	290 (578)	387 909
Sewage effluent-use of	855						
Shell/Shell sizes	103 434 491 915 1038	159 457 515 917 1043	160 467 580 978 1049	181 469 586 994	342 to 616 998	386 475 660 1000	432 480 661 1026
Shell-flesh ratios	237						
Shell length-age relationship	702						
Shell length-total weight relationship	702						,
Shell weight-age relationship	640	702					

Shock marks	98						
Silt effects	784	785					
Size distribution	45	50	81	82	209	239	249
Size distribution							
	287	381	387	567	589	590	593
	645	(753)	754	799	813	903	973
Size/Size range	1	2	73	125	156	201	268
	285	292	338	435	439	457	515
	535	539	540	626	632	(633)	657
	660	661	(753)	754	757	805	815
	816	865	916	935	1021		
Size/Weight ratio	242						
Size-swimming activity							
relationship	992						
Spat/Spat collections	8	80	202	322	353	525	540
	544	609	657	734	735	768	770
	782	783	784	786	788	(799)	867
	872	876	881	904	905	944	956
	972	1029	1042	1045			
Spawning/Spawning seasons	7	10	12	37	82	110	111
	133	138	145	191	202	229	237
	(238)	242	261	322	338	339	355
	377	387	401	403	405	(406)	(407)
	425	(433)	435	436	437	529	563
	609	(615)	617	619	620	647	648
	686	745	750	757	766	768	769
	770	774	776	777			
					778	781	790
	791 972	795 977	809 1021	812 1026	842	858	908
				1020			
Spectral sensitivity	144	(420)	421				
Steroids/Sterols	311	to	319	359	361	684	700
	730	928	934	951	1044		
Stock assessment/Condition	416	438	448	449	450	460	523
	549	550	551	589	590	689	720
	738	833	859	864	865	890	1050
	1064	033	000	001	003	0,0	1050
Stomach contents: fish	50	1035					
Stomach contents: starfish	554	748	1035				
Substrate/Substrate effects	145	231	249	259	336	499	523
	555	604	660	661	735	737	825
	882	965					

Surveys: exploratory/	25	20	45	5.7	60	61	6.2
Fishery	64	30 81	84	57 97	98	61 99	63
	120	121	(124)		196	201	247
	248	249	256	287	390	417	456
	463	468	539	542	544	571	572
	573	588	589	590	593	594	604
	629	645	654	657	660	661	689
	703	734	735	756	757	796	800
	806	813	815	817	819	821	823
	824 846	825 882	829 895	833 903	838 918	839 919	843 921
	942	962	963	967	976	1060	1061
Swimming action	27	47	70	87	93	205	218
	245	(278)	280	292	344	400	435
	465	487	496	694	728	729	793
	811	992					
Symbiosis	4	117	203	302	362	363	364
	471	472	473	475 958	(504)	547	625
	758	792	886	958			
Tagging - see Marking							
Taxonomy	76	82	126	127	143	149	152
	154	155	219	250	267	291	577
	655	727	764	902	984		
Temperature effects	93	145	161	174	175	179	188
	189	190	191	199	207	243	259
	262	322	356	358	366	403	(405)
	418 620	520 621	529 624	576 647	(615) 648	617 670	619 716
	770	(774)		778	785	792	899
	994	1014	1015	1017	1020	1,72	0,7,7
Toxicity	463	565	679	680	681	727	1016
	1024						
Trace metals concentration	75	216					
Transplantation effects	775	781	788	789			
Transportaiton	905	1042					
Trawl nets/Trawling	847	851	873	882	965		
Ultrastructure	492	493	494	709	(718)	897	936
Offiastiucture	948	979	1025	705	(110)	0,77	230
	740		1023				
Underwater photography	106	146	174	416	544	560	635
	807	811	849	851	852	853	
Value statistics	105	205	223	228	251	325	340
	399	450	567	651	719	818	832
	842	850	861	862	863	868	869
	873	878 1065	880	932	964	999	1057
	1064	1063					

Valve	348						
Vernacular names	219	567	982				
Vertical distribution	110 660	198 816	304 872	534 912	551 939	588	626
Vitamin content	301	316	484				
Waste disposal methods	272						
Waste utilization	49	325	399	707			
Water analysis/Water Circulation/Water currents	122 908	174	241	357	528	722	723
Water density effects	161						
Wholesale and retail trade/ Prices	47	265	(266)	888	1062		
Year class data	82	256	1006				
Yields/Yield fluctuations/ Yield predictions	22 1056	269	425	526	588	890	942

TAXONOMIC INDEX

The index has been arranged in accordance with that proposed by L.G. Hertlein in "Treatise on Invertebrate Paleontology", edited by R.C. Moore, 1969, Part 4 Vol. 1, pp. 348-71. Where there is no certain identification of the species referred to, the number of the entry has been placed in parenthesis. The compiler has used a number of criteria for including these references. These are:

- From local common names given to particular species in the paper.
- From references made to a species in a particular paper by another author.
- 3. The geographic location to which the paper refers.
- That the particular species is included in other papers published by the same author.

Unidentified species are included at the end of the index according to the country in which they occur. To avoid confusion, the synonyms of the species included are listed separately in the index of synonyms.

AMUSIUM	Röding.	Mus. Bolt.,	2.	1798:165
111100101	modifie,	riuo. Do co.,	4.	1/30.103

Pleuronectes
= Ostrea Linnaeus 1758 CHLAMYS Röding, Mus.Bolt., 2, 1798:165 C.(Chlamys) asperrimus
C.(Chlamys) asperrimus = Pecten Lamarck 1819 = Mimachlamys Iredale 1929 islandica = Ostrea Miller 1776 = Pecten = Pecten Lamarck 1819 (524) 607 644 833 837 842 914 915 (941) 1001 islandica 1 2 11 41 73 107 130 155 231 232 233 267 291 329 334 366 416 (491) 291 329 334 366 416 (491) 291 329 334 366 416 (491) 291 329 334 366 416 632 644 647 648 649 655 657 658 691 723 728 753 to 757 834 835 876 877 912 915 919 945 991 992 1000 1021
asperrimus
= Pecten Lamarck 1819 = Mimachlamys Iredale 1929 islandica 1 2 11 41 73 107 130 155 231 232 233 267 291 329 334 366 416 (491) = Pecten (514) 550 551 614 632 644 647 648 649 655 657 658 691 723 728 753 to 757 834 835 876 877 912 915 919 945 991 992 1000 1021
= Pecten Lamarck 1819 = Mimachlamys Iredale 1929 islandica 1 2 11 41 73 107 130 155 231 232 233 267 291 329 334 366 416 (491) = Pecten (514) 550 551 614 632 644 647 648 649 655 657 658 691 723 728 753 to 757 834 835 876 877 912 915 919 945 991 992 1000 1021
= Ostrea Müller 1776
= Ostrea Müller 1776 291 329 334 366 416 (491) = Pecten (514) 550 551 614 632 644 647 648 649 655 657 658 691 723 728 753 to 757 834 835 876 877 912 915 919 945 991 992 1000 1021
647 648 649 655 657 658 691 723 728 753 to 757 834 835 876 877 912 915 919 945 991 992 1000 1021
691 723 728 753 to 757 834 835 876 877 912 915 919 945 991 992 1000 1021
919 945 991 992 1000 1021
noronhensis 220 642 918
= Pecten Smith 1885
tehuelchus 220 909 910 911 918
= Pecten d'Orbigny 1846
varia 19 20 41 76 (77) 78
= Ostrea Linnaeus 1758 79 130 135 157 158 162 217 219 228 292 304 307
= Pecten Pennant 1777 219 228 292 304 307 332 335 338 365 368 377
401 to 404 (405) 406 to
410 422 452 483 486 (514)
533 545 546 570 577 578
644 690 759 809 822 876 896 915 956 982 1046

C. (Aequipecten)

opercularis		6	8	9	10	12	14
= Ostrea	Linnaeus 1758	18	36	41	(43)	(45)	69
- Pecten	Müller 1776	70 79	74 85	75 129	76 130	(77) 132	78 (150)
		158	161	162	197	201	202
		205	225	228	229	251	267
		272 304	280 307	291 (330)	292 332	301 335	303
		338	360	365	368	369	to 377
		380	381	399	402	(405)	408
		409	418	428	441	(442)	443
		446	447	452	487	(500)	501
		(514) 546	517 570	533 577	540 579	542 to	to 581
		587	591	614	631	632	644
		655	679	680	690	708	(709)
		721	722	723	728	734	735
		752 861	759 862	(811) (863)	818 871	(851) 872	860 876
		890	896	902	903	915	923
		924	966	982	986	987	999
		1006	1026	1030	1036	1037	1045
C. (Argopecte	n)						
gibbus		1	2	7	81	to	84
= Ostrea	Linnaeus 1758	86	117	122	128	137	138
= Pecten	Meuschen 1787	142	146	147	148	160	162
		196 464	206 465	250 (466)	305 (491)	309 534	356 535
		538	554	555	583	584	588
		616	635	643	644	689	707
		720	733	736	742	751	813
		815 838	816 841	(817) 843	821 852	823 853	824 854
		870	902	978	984	1002	1023
		1028	1035	1048	1055		
irradians		1	2	42	(108)	109	110
= Pecten	Lamarck 1819	111	116 (128)	117	(118)	123	126
= Aequipec	ten	127 153	159	129 162	130 165	131 182	136 195
		198	204	206	233	234	235
		244	266	268	270	271	277
		304 346	310 347	325 358	326 364	343 393	344 to
		396	(397)	420	(421)	424	425
		(426)	427	464	481	482	488
		489	490	(491)	527	529	536
		538 617	547 619	570	576 624	612 630	613 638
		643	644	to 651	659	663	664
		682	687	695	(696)	711	(712)
		715	716	724	(727)	728	733
		(739)	(740)	(741)	742	746	to

irradians (cont'd)	749	759	792	805	(828)	841	
	855	(867)	870	(892)	893	894	
	897	898	899	900	902	908	
	917	922	929	(930)	932	933	
	936 989	948 996	954	975	980	988	
	1025	1028	1002 1033	1008	1015 1041	1016 1043	1050
	1050	1052	1054	1039	1041	1043	1050
irradians amplicostatus	108	127	534	535	733	902	
= Pecten gibbus amplicostatus							
Dall 1898 = Aequipecten							
irradians concentricus	1	2	104	108	127	203	
= Pecten concentricus Say 1822	233	356	357	362	363	386	
= Aequipecten	534 759	615 902	616	618	624	733	
irradians irradians	127	733	902				
= Pecten Lamarck 1819 = Aequipecten							
purpuratus	644	906	913	920	976		
= Pecten Lamarck 1819							
C.(Equichlamys)							
bifrons	139		(248)	249	291	411	
	(524)		(608)	644	842	881	
= Pecten Lamarck 1819	(914)	915	916	(941)	983		
C. (Flexopecten)							
glaber	219						
= Ostrea Linnaeus 1758							
ponticus	935	997					
= Pecten							
C.(Placopecten)							
magellanicus	1	2	4	5	11	21	
= Ostrea Gmelin 1791	to	(50)	36	(40)	(63)	(46) (64)	
= Pecten Lamarck 1819	55 (67)	(59) (68)	(60) 71	61 72	(63) 87	(64)	
	90	92	to	103	105	107	
	112	(113)	114	115	117	(119)	
	to	(121)	(125)	130	131	145	
	153	170	to	180	184	to	
	191 231	(199) 233	206 235	207 (240)	217 245	226 246	
	(275)		282	295	to	300	
	(2.3)						

magellanicus (cont'd)		311 (318)	312 319	(313) 329	314 349	to 374
	375	(376)	385	388	414	415
	416	419	429	454	(457)	to
	(462)	467	to	475	(476)	477
	to	480	492	493	494	503
	504	(506)	515	(516)	518	519
	520	530	531	532	538	549
	558	(559)	560	to	565	568
	570	585	(594)	(595)	597	628
	634	641	643	644	652	654
	656	657	658	673	682	684
	687	691	(692)	693	(701)	720
	726	730	(744)	745	750	758
	759	801	804	(807)	(808)	834
	835	841	(866)	870	876	886
	898	908	921	928	929	(930)
	931	937	(942)	944	947	949
	957	965	967	974	989	993
	1002	1024	1027	1034	1044	(1056)
as grandis	312	463	491	515	556	(557)
	566	665	to	672	700	707
	724	(796)	800	831		
as tenuicostatus	193	194	232	233	325	329
	343	344	495	794	805	
PECTEN O.F. Muller, Z.Dan.Prod., 1776						
P. (Pecten)	32	33	151	156	210	345
	743	793	891	895		
alba	139	209	306	412	553	603
	(604)	(605)	606	607	(608)	(609)
	(610)	611	644	842	(846)	850
	(914)	(938)				
alba meridionalis	390					
(authority of subspecies not traced)						
jacobaeus	35	48	76	(77)	78	79
	130	219	291	292	294	(330)
= Ostrea Linnaeus 1758	365	368	378	398	399	428
	486	(502)	(514)	517	533	537
	545	546	(574)	600	(601)	(602)
	(636)		(718)	752	759	802
	982	990	1013			
laqueatus						
aqueacuo	333					
ouqueuouo	333					

maximus						
= Ostrea Linnaeus 1758	6	8	9	10	14	(20)
	25	27	28	30	31	34
	36	41	44	47	65	66
	75	(77)		80	117	129
	130	132	133	134	144	149
	(150)	158	163	164	168	169
	183	192	202	205	211	(212)
	213	(214)	218	224	228	236
	to	239	241	251	253	254
	256	to	264	267	269	272
	278	280	(288)	291	to	294
	297	303	304	332	335	336
	338	360	367	370	(371)	372
	373	378	380	381	(382)	383
	386	399	400	402	408	409
	417	433	to	449	(450)	(451)
	455	(456)		499	(514)	528
	545	546	548	567	570	(574)
	577	579	580	581	586	to
	590	592	596	540	644	645
	655	681	686	690	697	698
	706	708	(709)	(718)		729
	752	759	760	794	797	809
	818 (851)	(822)		829 865	830 872	(832) 876
	880	858 882	(864) (883)	891	894	896
	901	907	923	925	950	951
	953	959	964	969	971	977
	979	(981)		986	987	988
	992	998	999	1002	1003	1004
	1006	1031	1032	1045	1047	1060
	1064	1031	1032	1043	1047	1000
	1004					
meridionalis	139	140	181	208	209	(247)
No. 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 0 2 6	(248)	249	273	274	411	523
- Notovola Finlav 1926	(524)	525	(526)	552	607	(608)
	644	(820)	826	827	842	881
	(914)	916	(941)	983	1001	
novaezelandiae	496	661	713	714	812	970
= Pecten Reeve 1852	972	973	(1049)	1059	(1063)	
100000						
Novaezelandiae novaezelandiae	124	291	(675)	737	738	831
	859					
= Pecten Reeve 1852						
novaezelandiae rakiura	(124)	660	675	737	738	
	(124)	000	013	, ,,	, 50	
■ Pecten Reeve 1852						
patria .	644	906	913			
sulcicostatus	1061					
ventricosus	160	162				

P. (Euvola)							
ziczac		84	(128)	291	342	915	918
= Ostrea	Linnaeus 1758	962	963	998			
■ Ustrea	Limaeus 1736						
P. (Patinopec	ten)						
caurinus		1	2	44	155	255	(283)
= Pecten	Gould 1850	284	to	287	289	290	291
		312	(341)	352	353	(354)	355
		484 593	508 629	539	(571)	(572) 662	573 674
		766	776	644 840	650 870	1007	6/4
yessoensis		3	15	16	17	37	38
	057	39	80	155	200	227	230
= Pecten	Jay 1857	242	243	279	281	291	296
= Mizuhope	cten Maruda 1963	312	320	321	322	(323)	324
		(326)	(327)	(328)	331	333	339
		340	348	350	351	359	384
		385	(423)	430	431	432	453
		497	498	505	509	(510)	511
		(512)	521	522	541	575	598
		599	609	626	627	633	639
		644 (694)	676 702	677 703	678 (704)	683 (705)	(685) 717
		731	732	(765)	(767)	(768)	(769)
		770	771	(772)	(773)	774	775
		777	to	784	(785)	786	(787)
		to	(791)	795	799	876	889
		894	905	915	921	926	927
		934	939	940	943	946	952
		955	958	960	961	968	985
		994	(995)	996	1005	1007	1009
		1010	1011	1012	1014	1017	1018
		1019	1020	1022	1029	1038	1042
		1051	(1055)				
Scallop		49	167	361	379	392	
- Australia	a	209	391	507	573	688	699
		878	1057	1058	1062	1065	
- Canada		(293)	(308)	(385)	806	868	
- Japan		888					
- Tasmania		221	222	857	941		
- USA		413	569	646	719	804	814
0.011		819	839	868			
- World		223	869	877			

INDEX of SYNONYMS

This index attempts to include the majority of generic and specific synonyms used in the naming of the various scallop species included within the bibliography.

alba Notovola

Pecten

alba meridionalis Pecten

asperrimus Chlamys

C.(Chlamys)
Mimachlamys

Pecten

audouinii Pecten = opercularis

balloti Amusium

bifrons Chlamys (Equichlamys)

Equichlamys

borealis Pecten = gibbus

brunneus Pecten = magellanicus

caurina Chlamys

caurinus Patinopecten

Pecten

Pecten (Patinopecten)

Placopecten

Platinopecten

circularis Pecten = ventricosus

P. (Plagioctenium)

citrina Ostrea - glaber

citrinus Pecten = glaber

clintonius Chlamys (Placopecten) = magellanicus

Pecten

clintonius tenuicostatus Pecten = magellanicus

concentricus Pecten = irradians concentricus

darwini Pecten = tehuelchus

daucus Pecten = opercularis

distans Pecten - glaber

dubia Ostrea = opercularis

elegans Ostrea = opercularis

exasperatus Pecten - opercularis

fuscus Pecten = opercularis

gibba Ostrea gibbus Aequipecten A. (Argopeaten)
A. (Plagicatenium)
Chlamus (Argopeaten)
C. (Plagicatenium) Pecten P. (Aequipecten) P. (Plagioctenium) (gibbus borealis) Pecten = gibbus gibbus carolinensis Pecten - gibbus gibbus gibbus Aequipecten gibbus portusregii Pecter (Plagioctenius) = gibbus glaber Chlamys (Flexopecten) Pecten Proteopecten glabra Ostrea = glaber grandis Aequipecten = magellanicus Ostrea Pecten Placopecten griseus Pecten = glaber irradians Aequipecten A. (Plagioctenium) Aequipecten Argopecten Chlamys C. (Argopecten) Pecten irradians concentricus Aequipecten Argopecten Chlamys (Argopecten) irradians irradians Aequipecten Argopecten Chlamys (Argopecten) Pecten islandica Chlamys Ostrea islandicus Chlamys C. (Chlamys) C. (Pecten) Pecten P. (Chlamys) jacobaea Ostrea Vola jacobaeus Pecten jacobi Pecten

laqueatus Pecten

P. (Pecten)

lineatus Pecten - opercularis

liocymatus Pecten (Chlamys) = gibbus

maculata Ostrea = glaber

magellanica Ostrea

magellanicum Amusium

magellanicus Chlamys (Placopecten)

Pecten Placopecten

maxima Ostrea

maximus Aequipecten (= Pecten)
Pecten

meridionalis Notovola Pecten

monotis Pecten = varia

mulleri Pecten (Pseudamusium) = magellanicus

nebulosa Ostrea = glaber

nebulosus Pecten = glaber

noronhensis Chlamys C.(Chlamys)

C. (Plagioctenium)

Pecten

novaezelandiae Pecten

novaezelandiae novaezelandiae Pecten

novaezelandiae rakiura Pecten

opercularis Aequipecten

Chlamys

C. (Aequipecten)

Ostrea

Pecten
P. (Aequipecten)

P. (Chlamys)

patria Pecten

pealei Pecten = islandica

pictus Pecten = opercularis

pleuronectes Amusium Ostrea

ponticus C. (Flexopecten)
Pecten

purpurata Chlamys

purpuratus Chlamys (Argopecten)
Pecten

radiata Ostrea = opercularis

regia Ostrea = opercularis

rustica Ostrea = glaber

rusticus Pecten = glaber

sanguineus Pecten = opercularis

solaris Pecten = glaber

solidus Pecten = ventricosus

striatus Pecten = magellanicus

sulcata Ostrea = glaber

sulcatus Pecten = glaber

sulcicostatus Pecten

tehuelcha Chlamys

tehuelchus Chlamys

tenuicostatus Pecten Pecten = magellanicus

tenuicostatus erratus Pecten = magellanicus

tumidus Pecten = ventricosus

unicolor Pecten = glaber

vanvincquii Pecten = tehuelchus

varia Chlamys

C. (Chlamys)

Ostrea

Pecten (Chlamys)

varius Pecten

ventricosus Pecten

P. (Plagioctenium)

versicolor Ostrea = opercularis

virgo Pecten = glaber

yessoensis Mizuhopecten

Patinopecten

Pecten

P. (Patinopecten)

zic zac Pecten

zig zag Pecten